

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

STATISTICS 4040/23

Paper 2 October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 100

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier, asterisked, mark in the scheme.

The symbol implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A and B marks are given for correct work only.

Abbreviations

AG answer given on question paper

awrt answer which rounds tocao correct answer only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error

oe or equivalent SC special case soi seen or implied

www without wrong working

	age .		Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23
1	(i)	B and E		В1
	(ii)	С		B1
	(iii)	A (the colour of each car) is not quantitative/is qualitative oe D (the height of each car) is not discrete/is continuous oe		B1 B1
2	(i)	Use of $P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$ = 0.8 + 0.7 - 0.9 = 0.6		M1 A1
		The probability of A and B/the probability of both/the probability of A inte	ersection B	B1
	(ii)	[The probability of] A or B but not both/A only or B only		В1
	(iii)	C and D are mutually exclusive events oe		В1
3	(i)	(53 - 59.2)/9.3 = (x - 50)/15 oe $(67 - 74.5)/4.5 = (x - 50)/15$ oe One correct method seen 40 25		M1 A1 A1
	(ii)	Written test as the scaled mark is higher Or written test as her marks are below the mean in both tests, but close terms of the standard deviation, in the written test	er to the mea	B1 √ an, in
	(iii)	(x - 74.5)/4.5 = (x - 50)/15 Attempt to equate 2 standardised quantities containing the same unknown $x = 85$	wn	M1 A1
4	(i)	Evidence of 4, 2, 1, 1 required from each age group 15, 38, 64, 29, 04, 70, 47, 55	B3 (–1 eacl	B1 ind error)
	(ii)	50		B1
	(iii)	Any factor that might affect views on proposal to change working hours e.g. how far from work they live, whether they have children, mode of transport they take to work, whether the are full- or part-time, hours they work now		
		Further details on why this factor might affect views on work hours or because it could affect their views on the proposal		В1

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 3

Page 4	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23

- (i) 1 1/5 1/3М1 5 **A1**
 - 7/15 (0.47 or better) **oe**

M1

(ii) 1 - 1/5 [= 4/5] 4/5 × 4/5 (must be probs) 16/25 (0.64) oe

M1 A1

(OR
$$2 \times 1/3 \times '7/15'$$
 M1 + $1/3 \times 1/3 + '7/15' \times '7/15'$ M1 16/25 (0.64) oe A1)

- (iii) That the events are independent/that what he chooses on one day does not affect choice on another day/that the probabilities stay the same/that he may choose the same on consecutive days/that the choice is random oe **B1**
- (iv) Not justified as likely that choice on one day influenced by choice on previous day (or similar comment in context) **B1** OR Justified as choice on one day not influenced by choice on previous day
- **M1** (i) 22 + 19 = (41) seen in denominator 6 $22 \times 27.2 + 19 \times 31.1 = (1189.3)$ М1 29.(0...) awrt nfww Α1
 - (ii) $2.30 = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{22} 27.2^2}$ or $1.43 = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{19} 31.1^2}$ or better **M1** 16393 and 18416 **awrt** (allow 3sf or better) **A1**
 - (iii) Use of their combined $\sum x^2$, n and \overline{x} in sd or var formula M1 2.8 or 2.7 awrt (must come from fully correct working) **A1**
- 7 **B1** (i) 3-point moving average values should be found period is odd/moving average values will coincide with original data plots/moving average values are already centred **B1**

(ii) 2012 May - Aug 573 2012 Sep – Dec 566 2013 Jan - Apr 560.7 2013 May - Aug 534.3 2013 Sep - Dec 512.7 2014 Jan – Apr 489.7

480.7 accept 3 sf

2014 May - Aug

Suitable table with 7 correct times corresponding to attempted moving average values **B1** Sum of n values ÷ n (may not be consecutive) M1 Sum of 3 consecutive values ÷ 3 M1 7 correct moving average values **A2** (A1 for 5 or 6 correct)

	Syllabus	Paper
Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23
7 plots correct horizontally 7 plots correct vertically (ft their 7 moving average values) Suitable straight trend line (there must be at least 3 sensible plots)		B1 B1√ B1
Falling/decreasing oe		В1
'880' - '530' = (350) '811' - '480' = (331)	graph and if	working M1* M1*dep A1
Reading from their graph at May – Aug 2015 + their (v) Correct ft, round to nearest whole number, but must be in range 745 to 785 and only ft is marks scored in part (v)		M1 y ft if full A1 √ੈ
) 100s in first column 15120/12600 (x100) 120 103		B1 M1 A1 B1
(a) 12 × '120' + 2 × 95 + 5 × '103' [2145] ÷ (12 + 2 + 5) [19] 112.9 awrt or 113		M1 M1 A1
(b) Overall costs/prices have increased (not 'expenditure' unless 'assuunchanged' is stated) by 12.9% between 2012 and 2014	ıming weigh	s remain B1 B1√ B1
12600/12 (= 1050) '1050' × (12 + 2 + 5) (\$)19950		M1 M1 A1
'19950' \times '112.9'/100 or ('120' \times 12600 + 95 \times 2100 + '103' \times 5250)/100 (\$)22500 awrt)	M1 A1
Amount of raw materials may have changed. Do not allow if reasons the in the prices/price relatives are included.	nat refer to a	change B1
	1	B1 B1 M2 A1
	7 plots correct horizontally 7 plots correct vertically (ft their 7 moving average values) Suitable straight trend line (there must be at least 3 sensible plots) Falliing/decreasing oe '896' - '580' = (316) '880' - '580' = (336) '811' - '480' = (331) One appropriate difference found, +/- (values may come from table or ont shown check graph) 3 differences + 3 325 to 345 Reading from their graph at May – Aug 2015 + their (v) Correct ft, round to nearest whole number, but must be in range 745 to marks scored in part (v) 100s in first column 15120/12600 (x100) 120 103 (a) 12 × '120' + 2 × 95 + 5 × '103' [2145]	7 plots correct horizontally 7 plots correct horizontally 7 plots correct vertically (ft their 7 moving average values) Suitable straight trend line (there must be at least 3 sensible plots) Falling/decreasing oe **896' - '580' = (316) **880' - '530' = (336) **811' - '480' = (331) One appropriate difference found, +/- (values may come from table or graph and if not shown check graph) 3 differences + 3 325 to 345 Reading from their graph at May – Aug 2015 + their (v) Correct ft, round to nearest whole number, but must be in range 745 to 785 and on marks scored in part (v) 100s in first column 15120/12600 (x100) 120 (a) 12 × '120' + 2 × 95 + 5 × '103' [2145] + (12 + 2 + 5) [19] 112.9 awrt or 113 (b) Overall costs/prices have increased (not 'expenditure' unless 'assuming weight unchanged' is stated) by 12.9% between 2012 and 2014 12600/12 (= 1050) '1050' × (12 + 2 + 5) (\$)19950' × '112.9'/100 or ('120' × 12600 + 95 × 2100 + '103' × 5250)/100 (\$)22500 awrt Amount of raw materials may have changed. Do not allow if reasons that refer to a in the prices/price relatives are included. Amounts that can be won \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5 and \$6 only (allow repeats) Table with correct amounts (allow repeats) and probabilities that add to 1 2/5 × 2/5 2/5 × 2/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 × 2 2/7 × 1/5 × 1/5 ×

Mark Scheme

Page 5

Syllabus

Paper

Page 6		Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23
(ii)	Sum of their amounts \times probabilities $2 \times 4/25 + 3 \times 8/25 + 4 \times 8/25 + 5 \times 4/25 + 6 \times 1/25$ \$3.60 (allow 3.6)		M1 A1
(iii)	$P(2 \text{ green}) = 5/6 \times 5/6 \\ n/m \times n/m \\ 25/36 \\ `25/36` \times 10 + ((1 - `25/36`) \times 0) \qquad \text{or `25/36`} \times 4 + (1 - `25/36`) \times -6 \\ 6.9 \del{4} \text{ or show} > 6 \\ \text{so should play gold bonus game}$	3	M1 A1 M1 A1 A1√
(iv)	P(2 green) = $5/6 \times 4/5$ n/m × (n - 1)/(m - 1) 2/3 oe '2/3' × x + (1 - '2/3') × -5 = 0 or '2/3'(5 + x) + 0 = 5 \$2.50/\$2.51 (allow 2.5)		M1 A1 M1 A1
10 (i)	59.5 and 69.5 10		B1 B1
(ii)	70 – 79 or 69.5 – 79.5		B1
(iii)	50th (or 100/2) letter (allow 50.5th), can be seen in part (ii) 69.5 + $(`50`-35)/46\times 10$ 72.8		B1 M1 M1 A1
(iv)	Reference to the small number of large masses or the large number of table and the effect of this on the mean/median (S. C. B1 only for unclear reference to 'extreme values' or unclear reference symmetry)		B1* B1dep
(v)	$(75-69.5)/10 \times 46 + 25 + 10$ Some fraction of 46 Some fraction of 46 plus 25 + 10 Correct fraction of 46 or 25.3 (must be seen) 60 nfww		M1* M1dep M1 A1
(vi)	'60' × 0.6 + (100 – '60') × 0.9 \$72 (allow \$71.91 from use of 60.3)		M1 A1
(vii)	Data not evenly spread within the relevant interval (as assumed by line	ear interpola	tion) B1

Mark Scheme

Page 6

Syllabus 4040

Paper

Page 7	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	23

11 (i) Change chart and Percentage sectional/component/composite bar chart

B1

(ii)

	Compact	Standard	Luxury
2004	65	45	15
2014	60	54	36

	52, 36 and 12 (may be implied) At least one of '52'/100 \times 125, '36'/100 \times 125, '12'/100 \times 125 65, 45 and 15 At least one of '65' $-$ 5, '45' $+$ 9, '15' $+$ 21 60, 54 and 36 Two-way table with appropriate headings	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 B1
(iii)	'60'/'150' \times 100 (=40%), '54'/'150' \times 100 (=36%), '36'/'150' \times 100 (=24%) 40%, 36%, 24% correctly drawn and shaded on graph	M1 A1
(iv)	Number (of standard cars) increased (between 2004 and 2014) Proportion (of standard cars) remained the same (between 2004 and 2014)	B1 B1
(v)	Fully labelled (number of cars, compact, standard, luxury) dual bar chart including scale a key (automatic, manual) At least one correct method for automatic cars $1/6 \times '60' \ (=10), \ 1/3 \times '54' \ (=18), \ 2/3 \times '36' \ (=24)$ At least one correct method for manual cars $5/6 \times '60' \ (=50), \ 2/3 \times '54' \ (=36), \ 1/3 \times '36' \ (=12)$ or '60' $-$ '10' etc. Correct bars	M1 M1 A1
(vi)	It shows totals	В1