# CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

### 7110 PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/21 Paper 2 (Structured), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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-	GCE O LE	EVEL – May/June 20	013	7110	21
(a)		Rent Payable accor	unt		
2012 Jan 1 Apr 1 Jul 1	Bank Bank Bank	\$ 2012 3000} Dec 31 3000} 3000} (1)	Income st	atement (1)	\$ 12000 <b>(1)</b>
Dec 31	Balance c/d	3000 (1) 12000 2013 Jan 1	Balance b	/d	12000 3000 <b>(1)</b> of [5]
Mary Mary	yable account: owes her landlord i has other payables has a creditor / acc	` ,	0 <b>(2)</b> Max 2	2	[2]
(c)		Rent Received acc	ount		
2012 Dec 31 Dec 31	Income stat (1) Balance c/d	\$ 2012 2250 <b>(1)</b> Aug 1 Bai 450 <b>(1)</b> Nov 1 Bai			\$ 1350} 1350} <b>(1)</b>
		2700 2013 Jan 1 E	3alance b/d		2700 450 <b>(1)</b> of
					[5]
`´ Mary Mary	has other payables	nonths rent, \$450, in s of \$450 <b>(2)</b> onth's rent of \$450 <b>(2</b> <b>Max</b>	2)	)	[2]
(e) Non-cur	rent asset (1)				[1]
· ,	expenditure: ture incurred on the	purchase, alteration	n or improve	ment of non-curre	nt assets (2)
	e expenditure: ture incurred on the	day-to-day running	expenses o	f the business (2)	[4]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 2

1

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

(g)

	Transaction	Capital expenditure	Revenue expenditure
(i)	Purchase of fixtures and fittings	√ <b>(1)</b>	
(ii)	Installing and testing an air conditioning system	√ (1)	
(iii)	Insurance of shop premises		√ (1)

[3]

[Total: 22]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

#### 2 (a)

Transaction	Source document	Accounts to be debited	Accounts to be credited	Effect on profit for year
(i)	Cheque counterfoil GIVEN	Insurance \$470 GIVEN	Bank \$470 GIVEN	-\$470 <b>GIVEN</b>
(ii)	Sales invoice (1)	J Dins \$11 520 (1)	Sales \$11 520 <b>(1)</b>	+\$5120
(iii)	Cheque counterfoil (1)	P Lee \$1 800 (1)	Bank \$1 728 Discount received \$72 (1)	+\$72
(iv)	Credit note (1)	R & R Ltd \$590 (1)	Purchases returns \$590 (1)	Nil (1)

[12]

(b) To encourage early payment (2)

[2]

(c) Gross profit to sales ratio:

$$\frac{\text{Gross profit x } 100}{\text{Revenue (sales)}} = \frac{\$12\ 000}{\$60\ 000} = 20\% \text{ (2)}$$

[2]

(d) Sales revenue has increased by \$2000 (or nearly 3.45) (1) but the ratio has fallen from 33.3% to 20% (1)

An increase in profit in absolute terms does not imply a rise in profitability of sales (2)

A decrease in selling price with no decrease in cost of goods sold (2)

A decrease in selling price with a less than proportionate decrease in cost of goods sold (2)

An increase in cost of goods sold with no increase in selling price (2)

An increase in cost of goods sold with a less than proportionate increase in selling price (2)

Over valuation of opening inventory (2)

Under valuation of inventory at close (2)

Allow reasonable alternative answers **Max 6** 

[6]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

(e) Enables business to see how well it has performed (2) and how profitable sales for the year are (2)

Results can be compared with previous years (2)

It enables comparisons with other like businesses in same industry (2)

It may act as a warning sign since a fall in the ratio may indicate a fall in profitability of sales (2)

It shows the percentage gross profit on sales earned (2)

Allow reasonable alternative answers

Max 4 [4]

[Total: 26]

Pa	ge 6		Mar	k Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	900	GCE		L – May/June 2013	7110	21
(a)	Working		\$13 000	-		[2]
	vvorking	Capital	Ψ10 000	(2)		[2]
	Current a	assets	Less \$	Current liabilities	\$	
	Inventory	y ceivables	10 670 11 200	Trade payables Bank overdraft	8 800 4 200	
		ceivables	4 130	Dalik Overdialt		
			<u>26 000</u>		<u>13 000</u>	
(b)	(i) Wor	king capital ra	tio (Curre	ent ratio) 2:1 <b>(2) of</b> from (	·)	[2]
		Current asset	S	\$26 000 of		
		Current liabilit	ies	\$13 000 of		
	(ii) Quid	ck ratio (acid te	est)	1.17:1 <b>(2) / (1) of</b> from (i	)	[2]
	Alte	rnative answe	r	0.86:1 <b>(2) / (1) of</b> from (i	)	
		Current asset (\$26 000 – \$1		ventory ÷ current liabilities (\$13 000)	<b>;</b>	
	Alte	rnative answe	r			
		rent assets – i 3 000 – \$10 67		– other payables ÷ currer 30) (\$13 000		
(c)	Reasons	s:				
( )	Purchase	e of non-curre		s \$20 000 <b>(2)</b>		
		hdrawn by Pe m business op		(2)		
	Bank ove	erdraft funds ι	ised to h	elp finance purchase of n	on-current asset (2)	
		payments by ash sales <b>(2)</b>	trade red	ceivables (2)		
	Allow an	y reasonable	alternativ	ves Max 6		[6]
(d)	Conside	r increasing ba	ank loans	n the form of cash (3)		
		personal draw t review of no		assets with a view to sel	ling off surplus to rea	uirements (3)
	Chase la		offer sett	lement discounts (3)	J F 10 10 4	(0)

3

[Total: 18]

[6]

Max 6

Delay payments to trade payables (3)

Allow any reasonable alternatives

Page 7	ı	Mark Schem	ne		Syllabu	s P	aper
-	GCE O LE	VEL – May	/June 2013		7110		21
(a) Motor ve Villa Mot	hicles ors Limited	Jou	rnal Dr \$ 24 000		r 4 000 <b>(1)</b>		[2]
<b>(b)</b> 2013	<u>Provi</u>	sion for Dep \$	reciation acc 2012 Mar 31 Inc		ement	\$ 4800 <b>(1)</b>	
	Disposal account Balance c/d	2400 <b>(1)</b> 4320	2013 Mar 31 Inc	ome stat	ement	1920 <b>(1)</b>	
		<u>6720</u>	Apr 1 Ba	lance b/c	j	6720 4320 <b>(2cf)</b>	[5]
( <b>c)</b> 2013 Jan 23 Mo	otor vehicle	<u>Dispo</u> \$ 12000 <b>(</b>	sal account 2013 (1) Jan 23	Bank Provisio		\$ 6500 (1)	
		<u>12000</u>	Mar 31	Depreci Income	ation statement	2400 ( <b>1 of</b> ) 3100 ( <b>2 of</b> ) 12000	
(d) Straight-l	line method of depr	eciation (1)					[5]
	ion method of depr						[2]
	·	, ,				רן	otal: 14]

4

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

5 (a)

### Paul Lee Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 May 2013

Inventory of raw materials 1 June 2012	\$	\$ 33 000 <b>(1)</b>
Purchases of raw materials	133 687 <b>(1)</b>	
Transport cost (\$29 400 × 65%)	<u>19 110</u> <b>(1)</b>	<u>152 797</u> 185 797
Inventory of raw materials 31 May 2013 Cost of raw materials consumed		(38 000) <b>(1)</b> 147 797 <b>(1)</b>
Direct labour (\$140 600 – \$56 000 × 40%) <b>Prime cost</b> Factory overheads		33 840 (1) 181 637 (1) of
Production managers' salaries	56 000 (1)	
Indirect labour	29 610 <b>(1)</b>	
Indirect factory expenses	18 423 <b>(1)</b>	
Factory rent and rates (\$28 000 $\times$ 80%)	22 400 <b>(1)</b>	
Factory heat and light (\$23 140 + $860 \times 70\%$ )	16 800 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation of factory machinery	<u>26 880</u> <b>(1)</b>	<u>170 113</u> 351 750
Work in progress 1 September 2012	36 000	
Work in progress 31 August 2013 Cost of production	(42 600)	<u>(6 600)</u> <b>(1)</b> 345 150 <b>(1) of</b>

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

(b)

## Paul Lee Income statement for the year ended 31 May 2013

Revenue	\$	\$ 426 088 <b>(1)</b>
Less cost of sales		
Inventory of finished goods 1 June 2012	66 444 <b>(1)</b>	
Cost of production	345 150 <b>(1)</b>	
Inventory 31 May 2013 Gross profit	<u>(71 200)</u> <b>(1)</b>	<u>(340 394)</u> 85 694
Less		
Bad debts	1 000 <b>(1)</b>	
Loan interest (\$2000 + \$1000)	3 000 (1)	
Selling and administration expenses (\$10 742 – \$230)	10 512 <b>(1)</b>	
Wages (\$140 600 – \$56 000 × 25%)	21 150 <b>(1)</b>	
Lighting and heating (\$23 140 + \$860 $\times$ 30%)	7 200 <b>(1)</b>	
Rent and rates (28 000 $\times$ 20%) Transport (29 400 $\times$ 35%)	5 600 <b>(1)</b> 10 290 <b>(1)</b>	
Provision for doubtful debts	1 376 <b>(1)</b>	
Provision for depreciation of office equipment Profit for the year	<u>7 200</u> (1)	<u>(67 328)</u> 18 366

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	7110	21

(c)

## Paul Lee Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet) as at 31 May 2013

Non-current assets	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$
Factory machinery	210 000	102 480	107 520
Office equipment	60 000	28 800	31 200
Current assets	270 000	<u>131 280</u>	138 720 <b>(1) of</b>
Inventory: Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	38 000 42 600 71 200	151 800 <b>(1)</b>	
Trade receivables Provision for doubtful debts	34 400 (1 376)	33 024 <b>(1) of</b>	
Other receivables		230 (1) 185 054	
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	43 690 <b>(1)</b>		
Other payables	860 (1)		
Loan interest	1 000 <b>(1) of</b>		
Bank overdraft	<u>658</u> (1)	(46 208)	
Net current assets			<u>138 846</u> 277 566
Non-current liabilities			211 300
6% Loan repayable 23 June 2018 Net assets			<u>(50 000)</u> <b>(1)</b> <u>227 566</u>
Financed by			
Capital Net profit Drawings			220 000 <b>(1)</b> 18 366 <b>(1) of</b> (10 800) <b>(1)</b> 227 566 [12]

[Total: 40]