UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

7110 PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/22 Paper 22 (Structured), maximum raw mark 120

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1 (a) Owner's capital \$3 000 (1)

Capital employed \$6 500 (1) [2]

(b)

"									
	Item	Book of prime entry		Effects on current ass	sets	Effect on cur liabilities	rent	Effect on capi	ital
	(i)	Cash book		- \$200		No effect		-\$200	
	(ii)	Purchases day book	(1)	+\$1 500	(1)	+\$1 500	(1)	No effect	(1)
	(iii)	Sales day book	(1)	+\$800	(1)	No effect	(1)	+\$800	(1)
	(iv)	Cash book	(1)	-\$4 000	(1)	No effect	(1)	No effect	(1)
	(v)	Cash book	(1)	-\$1 440	(1)	- \$1 500	(1)	+\$60	(1)

[16]

(c) Trial balance of Leung as at 31 May 2010

	Dr	Cr
	\$	\$
Gross profit		6 650 (1)
Inventory (stock)	4 600	(1)
Bank loan		3 500 (1)
Trade receivables (debtors)	1 200	(1)
Trade payables (creditors)		2 100 (1)
Office equipment	4 000	(1)
Cash (bank)	1 750	(1)
Discount received		150 (1)
Rent and expenses	3 850	(1)
Capital		<u>3 000</u> (1)
	<u>15 400</u>	<u>15 400</u>

Marks awarded for description and figure.

[10]

[Total: 28]

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2 (a)

Purchase Ledger Control Account

\$		\$		
47 000 (1)	Balance b/d	1 700	(1)	
300 (1)	Purchases	47 900	(1)	
<u>2 300</u> (1)				
49 600		<u>49 600</u>		[5]
	300 (1) 2 300 (1)	300 (1) Purchases 2 300 (1)	300 (1) Purchases 47 900	300 (1) Purchases 47 900 (1)

(b) (i) Net pay of Susan \$ 950 (1)

Tax and social security 165
785 (1) of

[2]

(ii) Cost of employing Susan \$ $160 \times \$5 = 800$ $20 \times \$7.5 = 150$ Salary 950 (1)of Social security 90 1 040 (1)of

[2]

(c) Journal

Alternatives formats accepted

Dr Cr \$ \$ \$ Wages and expenses 1 040 (1)of Bank 785 (1)of Tax authorities 255 (1)of

[3]

(d) Tsang Income statement (Trading and Profit and Loss Account) for the month ended 31 March 2010

\$

\$

Revenue (sales) Opening inventory (stock) Purchases	3 400 47 900 (1) 51 300	65 000
Closing inventory (stock) Cost of sales Gross profit Discount received	2 900	48 400 16 600 (2)1of 300 (1) 16 900
Wages & expenses Profit for the year (net profit)		2 500 (1) 14 400 (1)of

[6] [Total: 18]

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(a) Goodwill is the value of a business over and above the value of its recorded assets. (1)
 Examples would include reputation, quality of service, brand names, location, existing workforce, regular customers (1).
 [2]
 OR

Goodwill is the difference between the value of the separate net assets of a business and the total value of the business.

(b) Money measurement [2] Prudence [2]

(c) Calculation:

	(i) Chan	(ii) David	
	\$	\$	
Capital 31 August 2009	50 000	15 000	
Less share of goodwill	<u>20 000</u> (1)	<u>10 000</u> (1)	
Capital 1 September 2009	<u>30 000</u> (1)	<u>5 000</u> (1)	[4]

(d) Newstart
Balance Sheet at 1 April 2009

	\$		\$		
Non-current (fixed) assets	·		33 000	(1)	
Current assets					
Inventory (stock)	12 000				
Trade receivables (debtors)	7 000				
,	19 000	(1)			
Current liabilities		` '			
Trade payables (creditors)	11 000	(1)			
Bank overdraft	6 000	` '			
	17 000	` '			
Net current assets			2 000		
			35 000		
Financed by:					
Capital – Chan	30 000	(1)of			
David	5 000				
		\ / ·	35 000		[6]

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(e) Newstart

Income statement (Profit and Loss Appropriation Account) for the year ended 31 March 2010

Profit for the year (net profit) Plus interest on drawings	\$	\$ 10 250	
Chan	750	(1)	
David	1 000	(1)	
		_1 750	
		12 000	
Less salaries			
Chan	8 000		
David	<u>7 000</u>	(1) for both salaries	
		<u>(15 000)</u>	
		(3 000)	
Share of losses			
Chan	(2 000)	(1)of if correct split	
David	<u>(1 000)</u>	(1)of if correct split	
		<u>(3 000)</u>	[5]

[Total: 21]

(iv) Rate of inventory (stock) turnover

$$\frac{\text{Cost of goods sold}}{\text{Average inventory (stock)}} = \frac{150\,000\,\text{(of)}}{((10\,000 + 25\,000)/2)} = 8.57\,\text{times (3)of}$$
 [3]

[Total: 13]

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5 (a) Wang Yee Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 January 2010

\$	\$	
14 700	(1)	
<u>75 600</u>	(1)	
90 300		
<u>16 250</u>	(1)	
74 050	(1)	
63 260	(1)	
	137 310 (1)	
16 800	(1)	
31 500	(1)	
<u>11 600</u>	(1)	
	59 900	
	197 210	
	<u>4 790</u> (1)	
	<u>202 000</u> (1)	[11]
	14 700 75 600 90 300 16 250 74 050 63 260 16 800 31 500	14 700 75 600 90 300 16 250 74 050 63 260 (1) 137 310 (1) 16 800 31 500 (1) 11 600 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)

(b) Wang Yee Income statement (trading and profit and loss account) for the year ended 31 January 2010

	\$	\$
Revenue (sales)		342 500 (1)
Less Revenue (sales) returns		1 250 (1)
,		341 250
Inventory (stock) of finished goods at 1 February 2009	35 000	(1)
Cost of production	202 000	(1)of
Raw materials (purchases) of finished goods	15 500	(1)
., ,	252 500	. ,
Inventory (stock) of finished goods at 31 January 2010	32 500	(1)
Cost of sales		220 000 ` ´
Gross profit		121 250
Rent	11 200	(1)
Office salaries	41 600	(1)
Distribution costs	28 650	(1)
Sundry office expenses (\$9 870 – \$630)	9 240	(1)
Finance costs (loan interest) (\$2 400 + \$800)	3 200	(2)
Provision for depreciation of		` ,
Office equipment (\$24 000 × 20%) \$4 800		
(\$6 000 × 20% × 4 ÷ 12) 400	5 200	(2)
Increase in provision for doubtful debts	250	(1)
•		99 340 ` ′
Profit for the year (net profit)		<u>21 910</u> [15]

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(c) Wang Yee
Balance sheet as at 31 January 2010

	Cost	Depreciation to date	NBV		
	\$	\$	\$		
Non-current (fixed) assets					
Property (land and buildings)	80 000		80 000		
Plant and machinery	90 000	43 600	46 400		
Office equipment	<u>30 000</u>	<u>17 200</u>	12 800	(1)	
Current assets	<u>200 000</u>	<u>60 800</u>	<u>139 200</u>		
Inventory (stock)					
Raw materials	16 250				
Work in progress	18 780				
Finished goods	<u>32 500</u>				
-		67 530		(1)	
Trade receivables (debtors)	45 000				
Less: provision for doubtful debt	<u>1 800</u>			.	
Oth :		43 200		(2)	
Other receivables (prepaid expenses)		<u>630</u> 111 360		(1)	
Less: Current liabilities		111 300			
Trade payables (creditors)	60 700			(1)	
Other payables	00 100			(')	
(accrued expenses) (\$1 120 + \$800)	1 920			(2)	
Loan repayable within 12 months				` ,	
(bank overdraft)	<u>33 030</u>			(1)	
		<u>95 650</u>			
Net current assets			<u>15 710</u>	(1)	
Non-account (long-town) liabilities			154 910		
Non-current (long term) liabilities 8% loan repayable 31 December 2015			40 000	(1)	
0 % loan repayable 31 December 2013			114 910	(')	
Financed by:			117010		
Capital		110 000			
Plus: Net profit		21 910			
-		131 910			
Less: Drawings		<u>17 000</u>			
			<u>114 910</u>	(1)of	[14]

[Total: 40]