## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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1	(a) (i)	Graph marks:  1. temperature on <i>x</i> axis, depth on <i>y</i> axis with correct linear scales;  2. axes labelled: temperature/°C, depth/mm;  3. plots clear and accurate;  4. good smooth line of best fit;		
	(ii)	optimum 36°C – 40°C; depth 43 – 45 mm; (answers according to graph drawn)	[2]	
	(iii)	no foam / no bubbles / no reaction / no product / no gas / no oxyge enzyme denatured / deactivated / deformed / description of effect of		
	(b) (i)	increase friction / abrasion AW; to break cells open / release cell contents / release enzyme;	[2]	
	(ii)	glowing / smouldering splint; relights / rekindles / burns more brightly;	[2]	
	(c) (i)	repeat (investigation) and find mean / average result; use temperatures near the optimum / between 35°C – 45°C; take measurements at smaller temperature intervals;	[max 2]	
	(ii)	<ol> <li>repeat (investigation) and find mean result; if not awarded in (c)</li> <li>better method of measuring gas evolved / use gas pipette / AW;</li> <li>use constant volume or concentration of substrate;</li> <li>use constant volume or concentration of enzyme;</li> <li>each temperature kept constant;</li> <li>accurate time measurement / timed for same length of time;</li> <li>OVP e.g. maintain constant pH / use enzyme from same source</li> </ol>		
		[Total: 18]		
2	(a) (i)	A (leaf) epidermis / epidermal cell; B guard cell C red blood cell / erythrocyte; R. rbc D white blood cell / leucocyte / polymorph / phagocyte / granu neutrophil; R. wbc		
	(ii)	<ul> <li>A protective / waterproof (covering);</li> <li>B (control) opening or closing of stoma / gaseous exchange / trans</li> <li>C transport / carry oxygen;</li> <li>D phagocytosis / destroy bacteria / destroy pathogens / prever antibodies / neutralise toxins / tissue rejection;</li> </ul>		
	(b) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	place on (microscope) slide with mountant / stain; R. ink use cover slip; prevent air bubbles forming;	ish or wax); [max 3]	

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(c) (i) Drawing marks:

both cells drawn with clean lines and realistic shape at least 4.0 cms;

thinner area indicated in **C** + good lobed nucleus in **D**;

Label mark:

either depression in C or nucleus in D + cytoplasm or cell membrane in either;

R. if nucleus in C or chloroplast in D

[3]

(ii) 2 measurements with correct units (once) with indication of where taken (on Fig. 2.2 or on drawing) (max. length of D on Fig.  $2.2 = 15 - 17 \,\text{mm}$ );

correct method of calculation;

evidence of correct allowance for ×800;

magnification correct and well expressed;

[4]

(d)

feature	cell A	cell <b>D</b>
(cell) size	large	small
shape	irregular / indefinite / AW	regular / oval / definite AW
nucleus (size)	small	large
nucleus (shape)	round / circular / AW	lobed / irregular / AW
arrangement	joined to other cells / AW	separate / AW
(numbers)	one of many similar / AW	only one of its kind / AW

One mark per line [max 4]

[Total: 22]