

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

PSYCHOLOGY 9990/42

Paper 4 Specialist Options: Application

February/March 2019
1 hour 30 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

There is a choice of four specialist options in this question paper. You must answer questions from **two** specialist options.

Answer two questions in Section A.

Answer **one** question in Section B.

Answer **one** question in Section C.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



Section A

You must answer **two** questions from this section. Answer all the parts for the two questions you choose.

Psychology and abnormality

1

Explanations of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD)

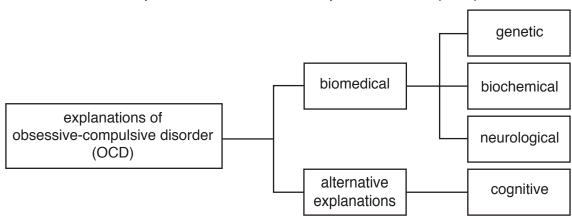


Fig. 1.1

- (a) Outline one neurological explanation of obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD). [2]
- **(b)** Outline **one** genetic explanation of OCD and **one** bio*chemical* explanation of OCD. [4]
- (c) Suggest two ways in which one biomedical explanation differs from cognitive explanations for OCD.
 [4]
- (d) Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the bio*medical* explanation of OCD. You should include a conclusion in your answer. [5]

Psychology and consumer behaviour

2 The study by Atalay et al. (2012) used several different ways to investigate which product on a shelf in a shop customers were more likely to choose.

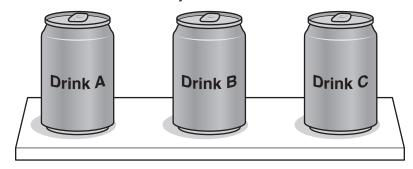
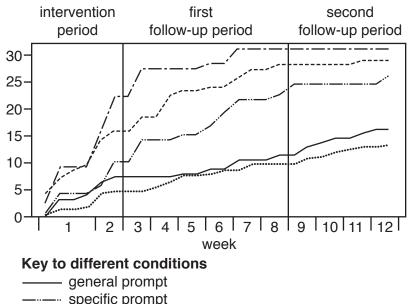


Fig. 2.1

- (a) Explain what is meant by the term 'planogram'. [2]
- **(b)** Outline **two** findings from this study. [4]
- (c) Suggest how **each** of these findings is useful. [4]
- (d) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using eye-tracking techniques to gather data on consumer behaviour. You should include a conclusion in your answer. [5]

Psychology and health

3 The graph below is from the study by Yokley and Glenwick (1984) on the immunisation of pre-school children.



cumulative percentage of children receiving one or more inoculations across time periods

----- specific prompt plus increased access

----- specific prompt plus monetary incentive

pooled control groups

Fig. 3.1

- (a) (i) Identify the condition in Fig. 3.1 which showed the **most** improvement in inoculation rate. [1]
 - (ii) Identify the condition in Fig. 3.1 which showed the **least** improvement in inoculation rate. [1]
- (b) Give two differences between the information given to the 'general prompt' group and given to the 'specific prompt plus monetary incentive' group. [4]
- (c) (i) Identify the two control groups in this study.

- -

(ii) Suggest why control groups were used in this study.

[2]

[2]

[4]

[2]

(d) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of providing information about health using postal (mailed) prompts. You should include a conclusion in your answer. [5]

Psychology and organisations

4 'I really lack motivation.
What I need is ERG: existence, relatedness and growth.'

(a) Explain what is meant by a 'need theory of motivation'.

(b) Suggest **one** similarity and **one** difference between the need theories of Maslow and Alderfer. [4]

(c) Outline one theory of motivation, other than a need theory.

(d) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using self-reports to gather data on need theories of motivation. You should include a conclusion in your answer. [5]

Section B

You must answer **one** question from this section.

Psychology and abnormality

- **5 (a)** Design a study using a questionnaire to investigate the characteristics of hoarding behaviour. [10]
 - (b) Explain the psychological and methodological evidence on which your study is based. [8]

Psychology and consumer behaviour

- 6 Three decision-making strategies are compensatory, non-compensatory or partially compensatory.
 - (a) Design a study to investigate which decision-making strategies people apply when buying a new mobile (cell) phone. [10]
 - **(b)** Explain the psychological and methodological evidence on which your study is based. [8]

Psychology and health

- 7 (a) Design a field experiment to investigate the effectiveness of a reward system to reduce the number of accidents in school science lessons. [10]
 - (b) Explain the psychological and methodological evidence on which your experiment is based. [8]

Psychology and organisations

- 8 One cognitive limitation/error in group decision-making is a 'sin of commission'.
 - (a) Design a study using observation to investigate whether a group of managers makes a 'sin of commission' when making a group decision about buying new computers. [10]
 - (b) Explain the psychological and methodological evidence on which your study is based. [8]

Section C

You must answer one question from this section.

Psychology and abnormality

9 'A case study of a person with schizophrenia will reveal more about the disorder than any other method.'

To what extent do you agree with this statement? Use examples of research you have studied to support your answer. [12]

Psychology and consumer behaviour

10 'Wrapping a gift is irrelevant; it is what is inside that is important.'

To what extent do you agree with this statement? Use examples of research you have studied to support your answer. [12]

Psychology and health

11 'Providing information is the best way to promote health.'

To what extent do you agree with this statement? Use examples of research you have studied to support your answer. [12]

Psychology and organisations

12 'Belbin's team role inventory is not a psychometric test.'

To what extent do you agree with this statement? Use examples of research you have studied to support your answer. [12]

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