

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

PSYCHOLOGY 9698/12

Paper 1 Core Studies 1

1 hour 30 minutes

May/June 2016

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer all questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



Section A (60 marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

1	In the study by Loftus and Pickrell, one way that false memories were tested was by the number of words the participants used to describe the memories.			
	(a) Describe the results obtained for the number of words.	[2]		
	(b) Suggest one advantage of using a word count as a measure of false memory.	[2]		
2	Held and Hein conducted an investigation into visual development using animals in a car apparatus.	ousel		
	(a) Describe the sample of animals used.	[2]		
	(b) Suggest why this species was chosen rather than any other non-human animal.	[2]		
3	From the study by Baron-Cohen et al. (eyes test):			
	(a) Name and outline the experimental design used.	[2]		
	(b) Explain why the design that you named in (a) was used, instead of an alternative experim design.	nental [2]		
4	From the prison simulation study by Haney, Banks and Zimbardo:			
	(a) Name and describe the sampling method used in this study.	[2]		
	(b) Give one advantage of this sampling method in this study.	[2]		
5	From the study by Piliavin et al. (subway Samaritans):			
	(a) Describe one difference between the results from the drunk and ill victims.	[2]		
	(b) Explain why there was a difference between the results from the drunk and ill victims.	[2]		
6	The study by Tajfel (intergroup categorisation) was a laboratory experiment.			
	(a) Describe two features shared by all laboratory experiments.	[2]		
	(b) Explain why study 1 from Tajfel was an experiment.	[2]		

© UCLES 2016 9698/12/M/J/16

7	From the study by Bandura et al. (aggression):				
	(a)	Describe what is meant by a repeated measures design.	[2]		
	(b)	Explain a practical problem if a repeated measures design had been used in this study.	[2]		
8	From	m the study by Freud (little Hans):			
	(a)	Describe the research method used.	[2]		
	(b)	Explain why this was the best choice of research method for this study.	[2]		
9	From the study by Langlois et al. (infant facial preference):				
	(a)	Identify any two variables that were manipulated.	[2]		
	(b)	Identify the two ways in which Langlois et al. concluded that infant facial preferences could acquired.	l be [2]		
10	Des	scribe two of Nelson's conclusions from the study on children's morals.	[4]		
11	The	study by Schachter and Singer investigated emotion.			
	Des	scribe why the study was conducted.	[4]		
12	Fron	m the study by Demattè et al. (smells and facial attractiveness):			
	(a)	Describe one control used in this study.	[2]		
	(b)	Explain why failing to control this variable would have been important in this study.	[2]		
13	In the study by Rosenhan (sane in insane places), qualitative data were collected.				
	(a)	Describe two pieces of qualitative data from the study.	[2]		
	(b)	Suggest one advantage of collecting qualitative data in this study.	[2]		
14	In the study by Thigpen and Cleckley (multiple personality disorder), Eve reported having blackouts.				
	(a)	Identify two other pieces of information about the participant that were known to Thigpen a Cleckley at the start of the study.	and [2]		
	(b)	Describe how Thigpen and Cleckley explained Eve's blackouts.	[2]		
15		scribe the embedded figures test used in the study by Billington et al. (empathising attemising). You may use a diagram in your answer.	and [4]		

Section B (20 marks)

Answer both questions in this section.

16 Discuss the extent to which generalisations can be made from **one** of the studies listed below.

Milgram (obedience) Maguire et al. (taxi drivers) Veale and Riley (mirror gazing)

[10]

17 Evaluate **one** of the studies listed below in terms of its strengths and weaknesses.

Mann et al. (lying)
Baron-Cohen et al. (eyes test)
Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreaming)

[10]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2016 9698/12/M/J/16