



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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MATHEMATICS

9709/12

Paper 1 Pure Mathematics 1

May/June 2020

1 hour 50 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

- 1 (a) Find the coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$. [2]

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- (b) Find the coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $(2 + 3x^2)\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$. [3]

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2 (a) Express the equation $3 \cos \theta = 8 \tan \theta$ as a quadratic equation in $\sin \theta$. [3]

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(b) Hence find the acute angle, in degrees, for which $3 \cos \theta = 8 \tan \theta$. [2]

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3 A weather balloon in the shape of a sphere is being inflated by a pump. The volume of the balloon is increasing at a constant rate of 600 cm^3 per second. The balloon was empty at the start of pumping.

(a) Find the radius of the balloon after 30 seconds. [2]

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(b) Find the rate of increase of the radius after 30 seconds. [3]

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5 The function f is defined for $x \in \mathbb{R}$ by

$$f : x \mapsto a - 2x,$$

where a is a constant.

(a) Express $ff(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ in terms of a and x . [4]

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(b) Given that $ff(x) = f^{-1}(x)$, find x in terms of a . [2]

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6 The equation of a curve is $y = 2x^2 + kx + k - 1$, where k is a constant.

(a) Given that the line $y = 2x + 3$ is a tangent to the curve, find the value of k . [3]

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It is now given that $k = 2$.

(b) Express the equation of the curve in the form $y = 2(x + a)^2 + b$, where a and b are constants, and hence state the coordinates of the vertex of the curve. [3]

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(b) Find the exact perimeter of the shaded region. [2]

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(c) Find the exact area of the shaded region. [3]

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9 Functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 2 - 3 \sin 2x \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi,$$

$$g(x) = -2f(x) \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi.$$

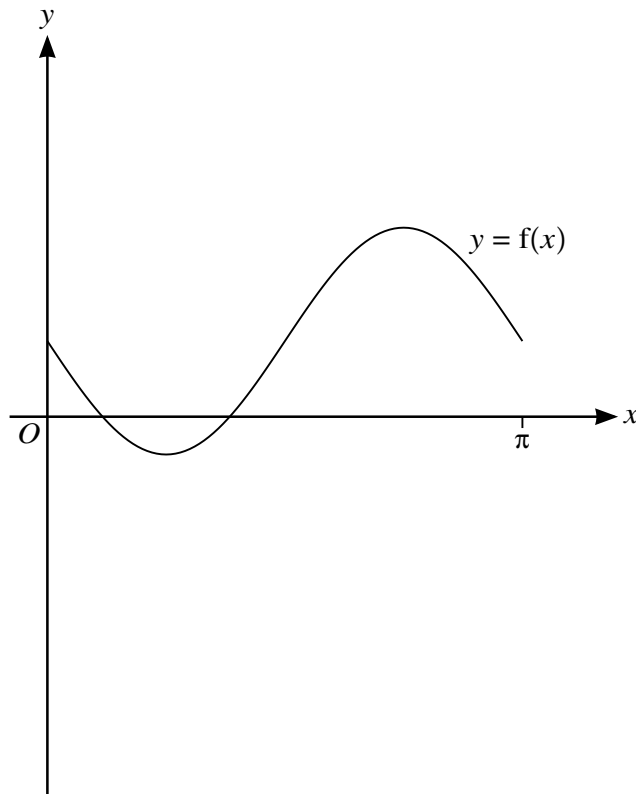
(a) State the ranges of f and g . [3]

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The diagram below shows the graph of $y = f(x)$.



(b) Sketch, on this diagram, the graph of $y = g(x)$. [2]

The function h is such that

$$h(x) = g(x + \pi) \quad \text{for } -\pi \leq x \leq 0.$$

(c) Describe fully a sequence of transformations that maps the curve $y = f(x)$ on to $y = h(x)$. [3]

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10 The equation of a curve is $y = 54x - (2x - 7)^3$.

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$. [4]

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(b) Find the coordinates of each of the stationary points on the curve. [3]

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(c) Determine the nature of each of the stationary points. [2]

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11 The equation of a circle with centre C is $x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 4y - 5 = 0$.

(a) Find the radius of the circle and the coordinates of C . [3]

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The point $P(1, 2)$ lies on the circle.

(b) Show that the equation of the tangent to the circle at P is $4y = 3x + 5$. [3]

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