

Cambridge International AS & A Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

9618/13 October/November 2022

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question		Answer			Marks	
1(a)	1 mark for one or two correct ticks, 2 marks for three correct ticks.					
	Action	Accuracy increases	Accuracy decreases	Accuracy does not change		
	Change the sampling rate from 40 kHz to 60 kHz.	~				
	Change the duration of the recording from 20 minutes to 40 minutes.			~		
	Change the sampling resolution from 24 bits to 16 bits.		~			
1(b)	1 mark for answer; 1 mark for wor	king.			2	
	Working: Size = 50KHz * (20 × 60) = 50 000 * 1200 * 7 = 960 000 000 bits = 120 000 000 bytes = 120 000 kilobytes = 120 megabytes	16 bits // 50 00	0 *1200 * 2 byt	es		
	Answer = 120 megabytes					
1(c)	1 mark for purpose (max 2):				3	
	 Purpose: to act as temporary storage // before it is used by the rece to allow processes / devices independently of each other 	iving device		ls //		
	 mark for each example (max 1): Examples: printer buffer used when data video buffer when streaming v keyboard buffer when perform 	is transferred l ideos		er to a printer		

Question	Answer				
2(a)	1 mark for each correct answer.		3		
	Item	Answer			
	a suitable field for the primary key in COMPANY	CompanyID			
	a candidate key in TELESCOPE	SerialNumber // TelescopeID			
	the degree of relationship between TELESCOPE and PHOTOGRAPH	1:M / 1 to many			
2(b)	Logical schema		1		
2(c)	1 mark for each correctly completed missing part:		4		
	SELECT <u>COUNT</u> (TelescopeID) FROM TELESCOPE WHERE <u>CompanyID</u> LIKE <u>'HW%'</u> ;				
2(d)	1 mark for each bullet point:		2		
	ALTER TABLE PHOTOGRAPHADD Resolution TEXT;				
	ALTER TABLE PHOTOGRAPH ADD Resolution TEXT / VARCHAR(11);				
2(e)	1 mark for each correctly completed term;		2		
	The <u>bit depth</u> of a bitmap image is the number of b each pixel.	its that are used to store			
	Metadata about the image is stored in the header of	f the file.			
2(f)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2):		2		
	 allows the user to enter criteria searches for the data that meets the entered cr organises the results to be displayed to the use 				

Question	Answer	Marks
3	1 mark for each correct line:	4
	OS Management task Description	
	dynamically allocates memory to processes	
	management marks unallocated file storage for availability	
	security management installs programs for devices connected to	
	memory management	
	validates user and process authenticity	
	process management	
	allows processes to transfer data to and from each other	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(i)	1 mark for each register:	2
	 MAR: holds address in memory from which data will be read / to which data will be written 	
	 MDR: holds the data/instructions which has been read from or is to be written to the address in the MAR 	
4(a)(ii)	after completion of the execute stage // before the cycle begins	1
4(b)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2):	2
	 synchronise operations by creating timing signals to keep track of the date and time / timestamp files to process operations in the correct order / sequence 	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	1 mark for identification of a correct upgrade:1 mark for a corresponding explanation:	2
	 Examples: increase quantity of RAM so allowing more applications to reside in memory at the same time, saving disk access times 	
	 increase the size of cache memory so that the CPU can continue working without waiting for data 	
	 increase clock speed so that more instructions are performed in a time period 	
	 increase the number of processors / cores so that more instructions are performed in parallel 	

Question				Answe	r	Marks
5(a)	 NOT (E 	each bullet A AND B) 3 AND C) OT(A AND		-(B AND	C))	3
	A B C				> -⊳ ~×	
5(b)	1 mark for	each set of	highlighted	rows.		2
	Р	Q	R	Y		
	0	0	0	0		
	0	0	1	0		
	0	1	0	1		
	0	1	1	1		
	1	0	0	0		
	1	0	1	0		
	1	1	0	1		
	1	1	1	0		

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Question					Ans	swer					Marks
6(a)(i)	1 mark for ea	ch set c	of hig	hlighte	d rows	8:					4
	Instruction	Instruction					dress		Output		
	address	ACC	IX	100	101	110	111	112			
				1	0	97	98	97			
	75		0								
	76	1									
	77										
	78										
	79	97									
	80	65									
	81										
	82										
	83	1									
	84										
	85				1						
	86										
	87	2									
	88			2							
	89		1								
	90										
	76										
	77										
	78										
	91	1									
	92	49									
	93								1		
	94										
6(a)(ii)	1 mark for ea	ch bulle	et poi	nt:							2
	 To allow f becaus offset 					an be	specif	ied by	the base add	ress +	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)(i)	0000 0100	1
6(b)(ii)	1101 1111	1
6(b)(iii)	0010 0111	1
6(c)	1 mark for a correct name:	1
	 input and output of data arithmetic operations unconditional and conditional instructions compare instructions 	

Question	An	swer	Marks		
7(a)	1 mark for each correct answer:				
		Answer			
	The name of device A that allows the laptop to connect to the internet	Router			
	A type of cloud, X	Public (cloud)			
	An example of an application, B, that can run on the cloud,	Email / Graphics / Word processor / Spreadsheet / Game / Database, etc.			
7(b)	1 mark for a correct advantage:		3		
	 not fixed to a single location allows access in remote / rural are 	as			
	1 mark for each correct disadvantage	(max 2):			
	 high latency / lag / slow to connect more expensive than wired methods, as need extra equipment 				
	 signal is affected by bad weather the transmission speed is slower t direct line of sight needed 	han fixed line broadband			
7(c)(i)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 2) Examples:		2		
	improves securityreduces congestion				
	• allows extension of the network / c	devices attached			
	aids day-to-day managementimproves performance				

Question	Answer	Marks
7(c)(ii)	1 mark for each correct answer:	2
	 network ID = 10 host ID = 4 	

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)(i)	 1 mark for each bullet point (max 2): to allow users to customise the code to allow errors to be reported / identified / fixed by users to allow additional features to be added to the code to allow for collaboration 	2
8(a)(ii)	 1 mark for each correct point (max 2) Example: enables the program to be copyrighted prevents illegal changes to the program / protects the source code prevents illegal copies of the program being made a fee can be charged for the program 	2
8(b)	 1 mark for a correct economic impact and 1 mark for corresponding description Example: reduce costs to the garage because less time taken for diagnosis increase profits for the garage as technicians spend more time repairing, so completing more jobs in a day decrease costs passed to customer so garage may gain customers profit margins can be reduced because program may be expensive to buy / maintain / update 	2

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)(i)	93	1
9(a)(ii)	147	1
9(b)	1 mark for each correct benefit (max 2)	2
	 Examples: straightforward to convert to / from BCD and denary so it is less complex to encode and decode for programmers easier for digital equipment use BCD to display output information can represent monetary values exactly 	

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	1 mark for each bullet point:	3
	 to ensure the system operates with the given criteria by enabling system output to affect subsequent system input thus allowing conditions to be <u>automatically</u> adjusted 	
10(b)(i)	 1 mark for identification of a suitable sensor 1 mark for corresponding justification 	2
	 Example: sound sensor if a sound occurs inside the car the alarm is activated infra-red sensor senses the heat of person in the car / infra-red beams are broken 	
	 pressure sensor an intruder sits in the driver's seat 	
10(b)(ii)	1 mark for each bullet point (max 3):	3
	 the embedded system is built into / integrated (into the car alarm) combination of hardware and software designed for a specific function must have a processor, memory and input / output The system is not easily changed/updated by the car owner 	