

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE
Paper 1 Written Paper
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

© UCLES 2020 [Turn over

# **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

## Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
  is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
  referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

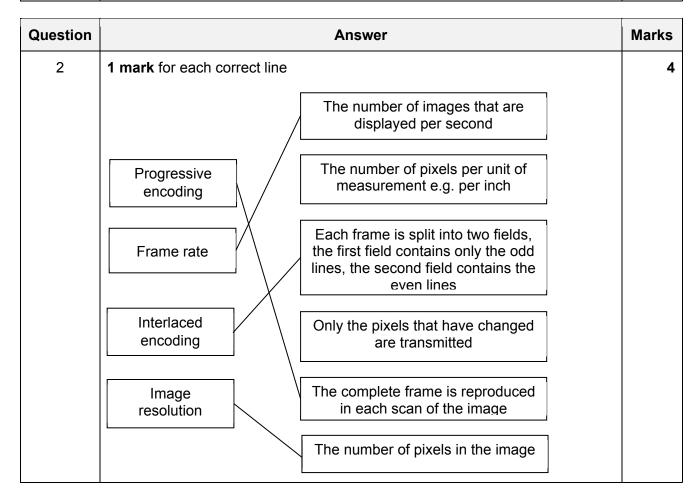
Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2020 Page 2 of 10

Question	Answer						
1	1 mark for each correct utility program		4				
	Task	Utility program					
	Rearrange the data on a disk so that files are contiguous, and all free space is collected together	Disk defragmenter					
	Prepare a disk for initial use	Disk formatter					
	Reduce the size of a file	File compression					
	Examine the disk to find any bad sectors	Disk contents analysis / repair					



Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	<ul> <li>To run / test the incomplete program</li> <li>To locate individual errors in the program because the interpreter stops</li> <li> and allows the programmer to correct errors in real-time</li> <li>To change the program and see the effects of the changes in real-time</li> </ul>	

© UCLES 2020 Page 3 of 10

Question	Answer	Marks			
3(b)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2				
	<ul> <li>To run / test the program multiple times without re-compiling</li> <li>To produce an executable file</li> <li> so that it can be distributed without the source code</li> </ul>				
3(c)	1 mark for a benefit, 1 mark for a drawback	2			
	Benefit:  • Programs may be interpreted on different platforms				
	Drawback:  Intermediate code / program still needs to be interpreted on the user's computer, which may run slowly  Extra CPU resources may be required				

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(i)	1 mark per bullet point	2
	<ul> <li>To identify the laptop on the home network</li> <li>To allow the router to send data to the laptop from the Internet / another device on the home network</li> </ul>	
4(a)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2	2
	<ul> <li>The router has the public IP address for the home network</li> <li>All data comes through the router</li> <li>The laptop is not accessible / visible to the outside world</li> <li> to ensure security // to protect the laptop from external threats</li> </ul>	
4(a)(iii)	1 mark per bullet point to max 3	3
	<ul> <li>IPv4 has 4 groups of digits, IPv6 has 8 groups of digits</li> <li>In IPv4 each group is from 0-255, in IPv6 each group is from 0-65535</li> <li>IPv4 uses a full-stop between each group, IPv6 uses a colon between each group</li> <li>IPv4 is 32-bit, IPv6 is 128-bit // IPv4 uses 4 bytes, IPv6 uses 16 bytes</li> </ul>	
4(b)	1 mark for identification, 1 mark for further description	4
	<ul> <li>Dedicated lines / leased line services</li> <li>Connection that is only used for that business/organisation // permanent connection</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Cell phone network</li> <li>Send data to cell towers over mobile connection</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Satellite</li><li>Send data to satellites in orbit</li></ul>	

© UCLES 2020 Page 4 of 10

Question	Answer						
4(c)(i)	1 mark for each correct description		4				
	PHP Code	Description					
	echo "Hello World";	Outputs the string Hello World to the browser					
	<pre>\$number1 = 22;</pre>	Stores the number 22 in the variable \$number1					
	<pre>\$newValue = \$ _ GET["number"];</pre>	Get the value assigned to number and store it in the variable \$newValue					
	print "Hello " . \$name . " ";	Output Hello, followed by the value stored in the variable \$name and then force a new line break					
4(c)(ii)	1 mark for a correct answer		1				
	Javascript						
4(d)	1 mark per bullet point to max 2		2				
	<ul> <li>Automatically checks for errors on receipt</li> <li>Alerts if data has been received incorrect</li> <li>Provides a verification check on data</li> </ul>						

© UCLES 2020 Page 5 of 10

Question	Answer										
5(a)(i)	1 mark f	or each correct row				4					
	Letter Action Register transfer notatio										
	A	The Memory Address Register (MAR) stores an address. The contents of this stored address are copied to the Memory Data Regis (MDR).		MDR ← [[M.	AR]]						
	В	The contents of the Program Counter (PC) are copied to the Memory Address Register (MAR).		MAR ← [F	PC]						
	С	The contents of the Memory Data Register (MDR) are copied to the Current Instruction Register (CIR)		CIR ← [MI	DR]						
	D	The contents of the Program Counter (PC) are incremented.		PC ← [PC]	+1						
5(a)(ii)	1 mark f	or B, A, C in order				2					
	1 mark f	or D at any point after B									
5(b)	1 mark f	or the first three rows correct 1 mai	<b>k</b> for the la	st row corre	ct	2					
	Statement Address Control Data bus bus										
	Receive	es data from the MAR	✓								
	Carries value	an address or an instruction or a			<b>✓</b>						
	Transm	its timing signals to components		✓							
	Bidirect	ional		✓	✓						

© UCLES 2020 Page 6 of 10

Question				1	Answe	r		Marks
5(c)(i)	1 mark for each	ch corre	ct exar	nple, ig	nore o	perand		2
	Arithmetic:  • ADD // IN	С						
	Data moveme  STO // LD		I // LDN	1				
5(c)(ii)	1 mark for each	ch corre	ct shac	ded sec	tion			6
	Instruction		М	emory	addre	SS		
	address	ACC	900	901	902	903		
					0	0		
	500	2						
	501			2				
	502	10						
	503		10					
	504	10						
	505				10			
	506	0						
	507	1						
	508					1		
	509							
	510							
	502	3						
	503		3					
	504	13						
	505				13			
	506	1						
	507	2						
	508					2		
	509							
	511							
5(d)(i)	202							1
5(d)(ii)	-54							1
5(d)(iii)	Both nibbles a	ıre binaı	ry numl	oers re	presen	ting der	nary numbers greater than 9	1

© UCLES 2020 Page 7 of 10

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	mark for each valid point or appropriate expansion to max 2     e.g.	2
	<ul> <li>Reduce his workload // Review his work demands</li> <li>Redistribute his work</li> <li>Arrange a meeting with him</li> </ul>	
	to discuss the reasons why he is struggling	
6(b)	<ul> <li>1 mark for each valid point or appropriate expansion to max 2</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>Not acting in best interest of the client</li> <li> The error could cause significant problems for the client if encountered</li> <li>The product does not meet the highest possible standard</li> <li>Not acting in the best interest of the development company</li> <li> if the error occurs, it could lead to repercussions for the development company</li> </ul>	2
6(c)(i)	<ul> <li>1 mark from</li> <li>Protects the intellectual property</li> <li>Allows legal action against anyone else who claims it as their own</li> <li>Formally / Legally identify the client as the owner of the software</li> </ul>	1
6(c)(ii)	<ul><li>1 mark for each correct licence</li><li>Commercial</li><li>Shareware</li></ul>	2
6(c)(iii)	<ul> <li>1 mark for correctly identifying a licence, 1 mark for justification</li> <li>Open Source // Free Software</li> <li>Anyone can modify/copy the source code and re-distribute which is not what the client wants</li> </ul>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	1 mark per bullet point to max 4	4
	<ul> <li>Each item is a drawing object</li> <li>Properties of each drawing object are stored</li> <li> an example of a property e.g. the position/coordinates of each drawing object</li> <li> a second example of a property e.g. the line colour</li> <li>Exact dimensions are not stored // a calculation for proportional size is stored</li> <li>Objects are created using mathematical calculations</li> </ul>	

© UCLES 2020 Page 8 of 10

Question				Answer			Marks	
7(b)(i)	1 mark for working 1 mark for correct answer Working: 1024 × 2048 = 2 097 152 pixels = 2 097 152 bytes (8 bits per pixel) = 2 097 152 / 1024 = 2048 KB = 2048 / 1024 MB							
7(1)(")	Answei						3	
7(b)(ii) 8(a)	<ul> <li>1 mark for identification of method, max 2 for description for one method</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>Reduce the colour depth</li> <li> reduce the number of bits per colour</li> <li> each pixel has fewer bits</li> <li>Reducing the resolution</li> <li> fewer pixels per unit measurement</li> <li> fewer pixels / binary numbers are stored</li> </ul>						4	
	_			f correct answers (shaded)	T v	1		
	A	В	С	Working space	X			
	0	0	0		1			
	0	0	1		0			
	0	1	0		1			
		0 1 1						
		1 0 0						
		1 0 1 0						
	1	1	0		1			
	1	1	1		0			

© UCLES 2020 Page 9 of 10

Question				Answer	Marks	
8(b)	1 mark for correct name, 1 mark for corresponding truth table					
	• N	AND				
	A	В	Output			
	0	0	1			
	0	1	1			
	1	0	1			
	1	1	0			
	• X	OR				
	Α	В	Output			
	0	0	0			
	0	1	1			
	1	0	1			
	1	1	0			

© UCLES 2020 Page 10 of 10