

### CHEMISTRY

9701/34 October/November 2017

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	I 5 (or more) experiments completed and Table to show Volume of <b>FB 1</b> , Volume of water, Time and Rate	1
	II Correct units for all data Volume: in cm <sup>3</sup> or/cm <sup>3</sup> or (cm <sup>3</sup> ) or cm <sup>3</sup> by each volume Time:/s or (s) or s by each time ( <i>not sec or seconds but allow 'in seconds'</i> ) Rate:/s <sup>-1</sup> or (s <sup>-1</sup> ) or s <sup>-1</sup> by each rate	1
	III All times recorded to nearest second (minimum of 3 times)	1
	IV Two additional experiments with volume <b>FB 1</b> not less than $10 \text{ cm}^3$ , not more than $40 \text{ cm}^3$ and no volume $\leq 2 \text{ cm}^3$ close to another volume.	1
	<b>V</b> Volumes of water chosen so that <b>FB1</b> + water = $40 \text{ cm}^3$ for additional experiments carried out.	1
	VI Correctly calculates rate for all experiments and shown to 2 – 4 sf.	1
	VII Award if all candidate's times increase with decrease in volume of FB 1.	1
	VIII Award if candidate's time to nearest second for Experiment 2 is within 10% of the supervisor's result	1
	IX Award if candidate's (time for FB 1 = 20)/(time FB 1= 40) is between 1.90 and 2.40	1
	<b>X</b> Award if candidate's (time for <b>FB 1</b> = 20)/(time <b>FB 1</b> = 40) is between 2.00 and 2.30	1
1(b)	Linear scales that cover more than half the space in both directions and axes labelled correctly (allow the correct unit as the label)	1
	Points plotted correctly. Points must be within half a small square of the correct position, if the point should be on a line it must be on the line and if it should not be on the line it must not be so.	1
	Line of best fit drawn which ignores anomalous results identified by the candidate	1

Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Correct line drawn within 1 small square (horizontal line must be shown and some mark shown at 8).	1
	Correctly calculates = $1000/rate$ (to 2 – 4 sf or a whole number of seconds).	1
1(d)(i)	The print (on the insert) would take longer to disappear	1
	The liquid would be less deep	1
1(d)(ii)	The reaction time would be longer/reaction is slower/rate is less	1
	Accuracy improved because the percentage error in time less OR Accuracy not improved because more difficult to judge when print disappeared	1
1(e)	Expression % = (1/Reaction time Experiment 1) × 100 OR (0.5/Reaction time Experiment 1) × 100	1
1(f)	Keep volume thiosulfate/FB1 constant and vary volume acid/FB 2	1
	Keep total volume FB 2 + water constant	1
	Keep temperature constant/use same (shape) reaction vessel/use same printed sheet/carry out 5 (or more) expts with different volumes HC1/FB 2	1
1(g)(i)	Straight line through origin (with positive gradient)	1
1(g)(ii)	Straight horizontal line	1

Question	Answer					Marks
<b>FB 3</b> is	NaOH(ac	η), <b>FB 4</b> is NH <sub>3</sub> (aq), <b>FB</b>	<b>5</b> is MgC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (aq), <b>F</b>	<b>B 6</b> is CuC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (aq), <b>FB 7</b> is N	a <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (aq), <b>FB 8</b> is Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (aq), <b>FB 9</b> is Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	₄(aq).
2(a)(i)		FB 4	FB 5	FB 6	]	3
	FB 3	No reaction/no change/solution remains colourless	White ppt	(Pale/light) blue ppt		
	FB 4		White ppt	Dark/deep blue solution/ (pale/light) blue ppt		
	FB 5			No reaction/no change		
	6 correc	t boxes = 3 marks, 4 o	r 5 correct boxes	= 2 marks, 2 or 3 correct bo	⊐ oxes = 1 mark.	
2(a)(ii)	OH⁻/hydroxide					1
2(a)(iii)	Named indicator eg red litmus ('red' could be in the results) or formula/named (aqueous) salt that gives insoluble hydroxides				1	
	Positive result for alkali					1
2(a)(iv)	Two of Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Zn <sup>2+</sup> , A <i>l</i> <sup>3+</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Ba <sup>2+</sup>					1
2(a)(v)	Test to distinguish ions in (iv)					1
	Result c and appropr	of test iate conclusion				1

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			Answer	
	FB 7	FB 8	FB 9	
KI	No reaction/no change/solution	Yellow/brown colour	No reaction/no change/solution	
starch	remains colourless	then blue-black/ black/dark blue	remains colourless	
I <sub>2</sub>	Decolourises	No reaction	No reaction/ (stays) yellow/ brown	
Ba <sup>2+</sup>	No reaction no change/solution remains colourless /no ppt	(ignore responses here)	White ppt	
s I E	tarch 2 Ba <sup>2+</sup>	change/solution remains colourless2Decolourises2Decolourises3a2+No reaction no change/solution remains colourless /no ppt	change/solution remains colourlesscolourtarchcolourlessthen blue-black/ black/dark blue2DecolourisesNo reaction3a2+No reaction no change/solution remains colourless /no ppt(ignore responses here)	change/solution remains colourlesscolour then blue-black/ black/dark bluechange/solution remains colourless2DecolourisesNo reactionNo reaction/ (stays) yellow/ brown3a <sup>2+</sup> No reaction no 

Question	Answer	Marks	
2(b)(ii)	$SO_4^{2-}$ or $SO_3^{2-}$ (both needed)	1	
2(b)(iii)	Add suitable named acid to <b>FB 9</b> and Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> /BaCl <sub>2</sub> ppt or Add (acidified aqueous) potassium manganate(VII)/KMnO <sub>4</sub> to <b>FB 9</b> or Add named acid and test (any) gas evolved with (acidified aqueous) potassium manganate(VII)	1	
	Anion present: SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> <b>and</b> No effect of acid on (white) ppt <b>or</b> (Solution) turns purple/purple not decolourised <b>or</b> No bubbles/manganate(VII) paper remains purple/blue litmus remains blue	1	