## CHEMISTRY

9701/33
Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

## Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | I The following data is shown <br> - two burette readings for the rough titration <br> - titre for rough titration <br> - initial and final burette readings for two (or more) accurate titrations (i.e. $2 \times 2$ "box") | 1 |
|  | II Appropriate headings and units for accurate titration. and volume FA 1 added recorded for each accurate titre. <br> Headings should match readings. <br> - initial / start and (burette) reading / volume (allow vol but not $V$ ) <br> - final / end and (burette) reading / volume <br> - titre or volume / FA 1 and used/added (but not "difference" or "total" or "change") <br> unit: / $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ or in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ for each entry | 1 |
|  | III All accurate burette readings are to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> The requirement to record to 0.05 applies to burette readings, including $0.00 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ (if this was the initial reading), but it does not apply to the titre. <br> Do not award this mark if: <br> - $50(.00)$ is used as an initial burette reading <br> - more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) <br> - any burette reading is greater than 50.(00) | 1 |
|  | IV The final accurate titre recorded is within $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of any other accurate titre. | 1 |
|  | Examiner rounds any accurate burette readings to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ and then selects the 'best' titres using the hierarchy: <br> - two (or more) accurate identical titres, then <br> - two (or more) accurate titres within $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, then <br> - two (or more) accurate titres within $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ etc. <br> These best titres should be used to calculate the mean corrected titre to the nearest $0.01 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Examiner compares candidate's titre value with that of the Supervisor: |  |


| 1 Question | Answer |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Award V, VI and VII if $\delta \leqslant 0.30\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ |$]$ Marks


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(c)(iii) | Correct use ans(ii) / 0.0250 (or equivalent) Answer given to 3 or 4 sf | 1 |
| 1(c)(iv) | Correct expression 32.5 / ans(iii) - 159.6 | 1 |
|  | Correct answer $x=$ nearest integer to $\frac{[32.5 / \mathrm{ans}(\mathrm{iii})-159.6]}{18}$ | 1 |
| 1(d)(i) | Correct expression Use of $\frac{0.1(0)}{\text { any accurate titre }} \times 100$ | 1 |
| 1(d)(ii) | The volume from the burette has a smaller error / more precise | 1 |
|  | FA 3 is in excess | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a) | I Table of data <br> Must show all of the following: <br> - mass of crucible (+ lid) <br> - mass of crucible (+ lid) + FA 5 <br> - mass of crucible (+ lid) + residue <br> - mass of FA 5 <br> - mass of residue <br> - mass of water lost | 1 |
|  | II Recording of data <br> - Unit/g, (g) or in grams for all data recorded <br> - all three balance readings recorded to same number of dp | 1 |
|  | III Correctly calculates <br> - mass of FA 5, <br> - mass of residue, <br> - mass of water lost | 1 |
|  | Examiner checks supervisor's subtraction for mass of FA 5 and mass of residue and calculates the ratio mass of FA $5 \div$ mass of residue to 2 dp . <br> Examiner compares candidate's value with that of Supervisor. |  |
|  | Award IV if $\delta \leqslant 0.10$ | 1 |
|  | Award V if $\delta \leqslant 0.05$ | 1 |
| 2(b)(i) | Correctly uses <br> (i) = mass of residue / 208.3 <br> Answer given to 2-4 sf | 1 |
| 2(b)(ii) | Correctly calculates <br> (ii) = mass of water lost / 18 <br> Answer given to 2-4 sf | 1 |
| 2(b)(iii) | Correctly calculates <br> (ii) $\div$ (i) and $y$ as an integer | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $2(\mathrm{c})($ (i) | Greater mass lost / smaller mass of residue / fewer moles of residue / greater mass of water (appears to be lost) |  |
|  | so y would be greater | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| 2(c)(ii) | heat to constant mass OWTTE / cooling in a desiccator | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FA 6 is $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4} .7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$; FA 7 is $\mathrm{CuCl}_{2} .2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |
| 3(a)(i) | FA 6 (Heating) produces water vapour / steam / moisture or condensation / solution / liquid forms / melts / dissolves AND <br> FA 7 (Heating) produces water vapour / steam / moisture or condensation / solution / liquid forms / melts | 1 |
|  | FA 6 (stronger heating) gives a white solid/ residue AND <br> FA 7 a yellow / green / brown / black solid/ residue | 1 |
|  | Gas / chlorine / $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ from heating FA 7 bleaches damp litmus paper or Gas / hydrogen chloride / HCl from heating FA 7 turns litmus red. | 1 |
| 3(a)(ii) | water | 1 |



