MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/53

Paper 5 (Planning Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9701	53		
Question	Expected Answer		Mark		
1 (a) (i)	(i) $2Mg(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2MgO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ allow correct multiples				
(ii)	40.3 g MgO , $48.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ NO}_2$, $12.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ O}_2$ Units must be given allow ecf from equation in (i)		[1]		
(b) (i)	Directly heated vessel labelled (magnesium) nitrate(V) with tube at exit				
	Gas stream led into a liquid labelled alkali which will absorb the nitrogen(IV) oxide/NO_2 $$				
	Collects a gas in a syringe or over a liquid, provide connected	d it is properly	[1]		
	All parts of the apparatus are connected and air-tight A oxide absorption precedes oxygen collection.	ND nitrogen(IV)	[1]		
(ii)	States a collector volume with unit				
	Correct calculation of mass of magnesium nitrate(V) to would fit the stated volume of collector. allow ecf on (a)(i) Units of volume and mass required.	o a volume that	[1]		
(c)	Mass of magnesium nitrate(V) (at start) and mass of magnesium oxide (at end).				
	Or				
	Mass of heated tube and contents before and after heat of empty tube	ing and mass			
	Mass of container (+ alkali) at start and mass at end		[1]		
	Volume of oxygen		[1]		
(d) (i)	Heat to constant mass OR heat to constant volume		[1]		
(ii)	Let the apparatus cool (to room temperature)		[1]		
(e)	Use experimental results to produce moles of magnesium AND moles of one of the three products. compare with molar ratio in equation as given in (a)(i)	m nitrate(V)	[1] [1]		
(f)	Make sure all apparatus is airtight/no leakage before he allow other sensible suggestions regarding exposure oxide or use of apparatus	-	[1]		



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2	(a)	[M ⁿ⁺ (aq)] / mol	dm ⁻³	EMF / V	log[N	l ⁿ⁺ (aq)]	
		5.00 × 10 ⁻¹		0.94	-0.30)	
		1.00 × 10 ⁻¹		0.96	-1.00)	
		4.00 × 10 ⁻²		0.97	-1.40)	
		1.00 × 10 ⁻²		0.99	-2.00)	
		5.00 × 10 ⁻³		1.00	-2.30)	
		2.00 × 10 ⁻³		1.01	-2.70)	
		8.00 × 10 ⁻⁴		1.02	-3.10)	
		2.00 × 10 ⁻⁴		1.04	-3.70)	
		Correctly calcu	ulated values				[1]
		All data to 2 de	ecimal places				[1]
	(b)	All 8 points present and plotted correctly				[1]	
		Best fit continu	ious straight li	ne			[1]
	(c)	There are no anomalous points				[1]	
		Variations in p	oints due to ro	ounding.			[1]
		OR					
		Variations aris	e from being t	o just 2dp.			
	(d) (i)	Appropriately	drawn lines or	n graph			[1]
		Calculates cor	rectly gradien	t of the graph			[1]
		Uses –0.06/n Correct workir		calculate n = 2 own			[1]
	(ii)	Extrapolates g cell to a minim e.g. (+)0.93(V)	um of 2 dp	n intercept on y-	axis and ded	luces E° for the	[1]
		OR					
			al value for n		•	expression and idate's gradient	
	(e)	<i>E</i> [°] for M, (0.80 Metal is Pb (al allow ecf from	low Sn on –0.				[1]



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	GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9701	53
(f)	$2Ag^{+} + Pb \rightarrow 2Ag + Pb^{2+}$		[1]
(g) (i)	To allow movement of ions OR to maintain charge / ion <u>balance</u>		[1]
(ii)	 (ii) If lead given in (e) then only potassium nitrate is suitable If potassium chloride given as unsuitable, then accept precipitations with silver OR lead (ions) 		[1]
			[1]
	If potassium sulfate given as unsuitable, then accept pr lead (ions) ONLY	recipitations with	
	If tin given in (e) potassium sulfate or potassium nitrate	are suitable	
	precipitation would occur just with potassium chloride ONLY	with silver (ions)	

