MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

9713 APPLIED ICT

9713/32

Paper 3 (Written B), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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1 (a) Any three from:

Driver enters destination address Satnav provides instructions/gives turn by turn for driver/calculates route to reach address Satnav refreshes screen frequently Informs when arriving at destination Offers additional information such as delays/eta/can take into account traffic conditions can show distance travelled Relies on signal from satellites which can be blocked OR Uses Global Positioning System (GPS) Satnay reads data from satellites Use of data from (minimum) 3 satellites Uses time stamps/codes from satellites Maps stored on device Calculates position, speed and direction Generates display data to show on map Loads voice files to state message

[3]

(b) Two benefits and two drawbacks from:

Benefits:

Traffic can be avoided with suggested alternative routing ETA can be given Multi destination routes can be optimised Can have pre-planned route for drivers Can be used to help track the progress/route of driver/car Distance travelled by cars recorded for download into computers (servicing) Gives more precise instructions for driving to destination Could be used to attract customers as can be used in advertising Can be used to help locate vehicle/customers if problem with car

Drawbacks:

Can be expensive to install and maintain/keep up to date Must be able to detect enough satellites to operate Sky scrapers/trees/buildings/tunnels/large structures can block satellite transmissions/signals Units can fail leaving drivers without a plan Drivers can become too reliant on the system Customer may not know how to operate the device [4]

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2 (a) Any three ways identified and a description from:-

Company data is located on a private network restricted to members of the group Distribution of company notices/bulletins so all employees can access them/doesn't have to be sent out individually Private email services can be used this does not go out of company network so is more secure Employees can work on projects at same time such as annual reports Data transfer is usually faster on private system files are received faster Enables different type of system/smartphones to access information as uses Internet protocols Uses a web browser to access pages so no special software expense users require ID and password to gain access	,
Is independent of the Internet but holds less pages/information than the internet	[6]
 (b) Any two features from: Covers a large area/multinational networks Enables geographically distant offices to access the intranet allows intranets to be spread over different LANS Consist of LANs connected with routers and communications links Uses various protocols to communicate over long distances Different offices can co-operate on projects such as annual reports 	[2]
Any four points from:	
Can access digital media stored on e.g. CDs, DVDs, Blu-ray, flash memory Can access remotely stored digital media from e.g. the internet, media streame files Can access analogue media	ers, locally stored

Can access analogue media Has LEDs to display information

3

Can accept/use/play a range of audio/video formats

Provides a number of different sound and vision outputs for connection to other devices

Can use DRM to ensure media is protected from unauthorised use or copying/gives authorisation for playback

Can use several loudspeakers for surround/multi-channel sound

It usually has a remote control to e.g. adjust sound output format

Can have HD television for high-quality pictures

Can have 3-D television for greater realism in images

Can have a hard-disk recorder

[4]

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4 (a) (i) Four items identified and described from e.g.:

Cinema branch to go to the correct branch/cinema location Date to state when you want to go/define when tickets required Time of performance to state which performance you want to see/establish exactly when seats required Film title to which film you want to see Number of seats so that system can find a block of seats for Peter and group to sit together Credit card number for payment to be made immediately to secure tickets Address for security in using card Email address to provide receipt/ticket reference number/confirmation of tickets Name to identify the purchaser/match billing address/authorise payment/ to use as verification when collecting tickets Login details if Peter has an account with the cinema [4]

(ii) Three items from:

Transaction number/booking reference number Unique code for receiving/collecting tickets Receipt with price/cost details Contact details of cinema/ticket agent

(b) Any three points from:

A clear message on the screen stating how transaction is safe Notice to state that digital certificates is not from the cinema site A padlock in the browser Use of HTTPS mode in URL The use of a password system to create account if required/ to use the card [3]

(c) Any four points from:

On-line processing of tickets Step-by-step processing of tickets Credit card used for booking placed into kiosk System asks for surname ...as confirmation of ID Kiosk lists bookings made Correct booking selected Tickets printed out Receipt issued

[4]

[3]

Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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5 (a)	Any two	points from:			
	scraml that is Requires Can be b	used to generate bled data meaningless and can be safely transmitted/cannot be the key to decode broken if sufficient time is allowed he key the harder it is to break	understood if int	ercepted	[2
(b)	Any two	points from:			
	Trusted I	y a certificate authority by both parties achment to an email			

(c) Any two points from:

Verifies the identity of the sender

Recipient holds the public key to decode message

Use of password and user ID Use of digital certificate ...supplied to user Can require the use of two techniques to gain access to system Unique feature that only you have that identifies you e.g. a fingerprint/biometric feature/use of biometric data to identify unique individual Unique knowledge that only you know that identifies you e.g. a security question Unique object that only you own that identifies you e.g. a bank card [2]

[2]

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6 (a) Two from:

Primary research is where the organisation itself obtains the data e.g. by carrying out surveys

Secondary research is where IMDC uses existing data such as from the internet or printed resources to find data [2]

(b) Three ways identified and described:

Focus groups Selected people asked to provide information for the company such as their views on packaging

Personal interviews Such as face to face in street Where a series of questions are asked of the interviewee

CAPI (computer assisted personal interviewing) where a computer system is used

...sit in front of computer and answer on screen questions

...interviewer asks questions prompted by computer

Telephone survey

...using CATI (computer assisted telephone interviewing)

...basically call centres used in this technique

...computer dials phone numbers of target audience and then interview takes place using script

CAWI (computer aided web interviewing)/online surveys

...database of people willing to take part in research

...interviewee contacted by email

...customer logs on to web site and answers questions

- ...use pop ups/hot spot on selected web sites
- ...responds to popup/hot spot on a web page

...then answers questions

Research websites of other railway companies

Questionnaires given out answers collected and analysed

Observation of drug actions/patients reactions to drugs findings logged and analysed

[6]

Page 7		,	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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	(c)	(i)	Sup	ercomputer/mainframe computer		[1]
		(ii)	Thre	ee points, with 1 mark available for an example, from:		
			Varia Res Time	nulae would be created to represent the situation ables would be adjusted to follow planned route ults would be output graphically e scale could be altered		
				example from e.g. the reaction to a drug of what-if scenarios		
				of goal seek		[3]
7 ((a)	Any	/ four	descriptions from:		
		gat Sel	her in ecting	ring medical experts in the field of medicine under con formation g relevant data to be included hing using previous research reports/the internet	nsideration/exp	ert doctors to
				elevant diseases and symptoms from the data collected		[4]
	(b)	Any	∕ two	descriptions from:		
		Pat Any	ients / exis	symptoms relating to the disease/condition previous illnesses/conditions/symptoms ting medications of the patient		
		Age	e of th	e pat ⁱ ent ctors e.g., weight/height/temperature/heart rate/blood pr	essure	[2]
((c)	Any	∕ two	descriptions from:		
		Prin List Per	ntout of porcenta	n screen display to show possible diagnosis and reason of conclusions to the doctor to refer to ossible diagnosis for the doctor to consider age probability for each diagnosis	S	
				behind each diagnosis ed medication/treatments for the possible disease/condit	lion	[2]

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8 Any six comparisons from:

Off-the-shelf packages:

Can be available quicker than purpose-written packages as they are readily available in the market place

Costs is less than purpose-written packages

Has been fully tested before launch unlike purpose-written packages

There are forums to offer help and advice unlike with purpose-written packages

Company provides help desk but slower response than purpose-written packages

May offer more features than purpose-written packages

Do not need to be customised unlike purpose-written packages

Do not need to be adapted for use if circumstances change unlike purpose-written packages Can be quickly adapted to meet user's requirements [6]

9 (a) Three descriptions matched to the terms:

CAI computer **provides** the teaching and assessment of the students work CBL computer system **supports** the teaching by an educator CAA computer system provides only **testing** of the students/provides feedback/assessments/uses ICT to record the results of assessments [3]

(b) (i) Any three benefits from:

Trainees can repeat the section as many times as required to pass the test Students can work at their own pace and in their own time Assessment results are provided in a shorter time There is no need to pay trainers

[3]

[3]

(ii) Three drawbacks from:

No social interaction with a trainer System is unable to answer all questions from students Trainees could go off task Expensive to create and maintain Trainees might not be computer literate

10 (a) Any **four** points from:

The critical path can be generated from the data Gantt chart to plan out the stages The project can be broken down in to stages/tasks Key milestones identified Progress reports generated Warnings issued when milestones not met Report summarising cost totals generated Ensure that parallel tasks finish together Identify sequential tasks so that those required to finish before others start do so [4]

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(b) Any two descriptions from:

Identifies those tasks that make up the critical path Eases management of task Better to work in modules As each element can be tested before release Allows allocation of resources (money/people) Can utilise calendars to show/arrange meetings

[2]