#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International Advanced Level** 

### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/43

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2014 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	43

1 (a) Finance costs =  $75\,000$ 5625 (1)  $\times$  8% (1)  $\times$  2/12 (1) = 75 [3]

(b) Profit before tax = 3296 – 75 = 3221 (1)**OF**Profit attributable to equity holders = 3221 – 782 = 2439 (1)**OF**[2]

(c)

Profit from operations	3296	(1)
Depreciation	2050	(1)
Gain on disposal	(395)	(1)
Dividends received	(750)	(1)
Increase in inventories	(389)	(1)
Increase in trade receivables	(404)	(1)
Increase in trade payables	<u>939</u>	(1)
	4347	
Interest paid	(75)	(1)OF
Tax paid	<u>(579)</u>	(3)
Net cash from operating activities	3693	(1)OF
609 * + 782 (1) - 812 * 1 both = 579 (1) of		

[12]

# (d) Statement of cash flows for year ended 30 June 2014

	\$		\$	
Cash flow from operating activities	•		3693	(1)OF
Cash flows from investing activities				` ,
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (W1)	(11401)	(4)		
Proceeds from property, plant and equipment	520	(1)		
Dividends received	<u>750</u>	(1)		
Net cash used in investing activities			(10 131)	(1)OF
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from share issue	1500	(1)		
Proceeds from issue of debentures	5625	(1)		
Dividends paid	(150)	(1)		
Net cash from financing activities			<u>6975</u>	(1)OF
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			537	(1)OF
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year			<u>(83)</u>	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			<u>454</u>	(1)OF
W1				(+1)CF
Purchase of property, plant and equipment				
Property, plant and equipment at start of period	10509	(1)		
Depreciation	(2050)	(1)		
NBV of disposed property, plant and equipment	(125)	(1)		
Property, plant and equipment at end of period	<u>(19735)</u>	(1		
		both)		
Property, plant and equipment additions	(11401)	(1)OF		

[16]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	43

- (e) (i) Non-adjusting.(1) Note to the accounts. (1)
  - (ii) Adjusting. (1) Write off in the accounts. (1)
  - (iii) Non-adjusting. (1) The dividend of \$120 000 (1) should be treated as a note to the accounts. (1)

[Total: 40]

[7]

### 2 (a) Budgeted income statement for year ended 30 June 2015

	\$		\$	
Revenue ( $\$3000000 \times 1.6 \times 1.1$ )			5280000	(1)
Cost of goods sold (60% of sales)			<u>3 168 000</u>	(1)OF
Gross profit (40% of sales			2112000	(2)OF
Less: Operating expenses				
Administrative salaries (\$700 000 × 1.05)	735 000			(1)
Heating and lighting (\$98000 × 1.05)	102900	1		
Rent and rates (\$340 000 × 1.05)	357 000	<b>&gt;</b>		(1)
Sundry expenses (\$72000 × 1.05)	75600	J		
Depreciation:				
Plant and machinery (\$300 000 + \$220 000) × 20%	104 000			(1)
Motor vehicles (\$240 000 + \$130 000) × 20%	74 000			(1)
Provision for doubtful debt ( $$5280000 / 12$ ) (1) $\times 2\%$ (1)	8800			
Salaries to salesmen	123 000			(1)
Commission to salesmen (5280000 × 3%)	158 400			(1)OF
Loan interest \$100000 × 10%	10000			(1)
	1748700			
Bonus ( $\$2112000 - \$1748700$ ) (1) $\times$ (5 / 105) (1)	<u>17 300</u>		<u>1766000</u>	
Budgeted net profit for the year			<u>346 000</u>	(1)OF
				[16]

Gross profit for 2014 is 45% (\$1 350 000 / \$3 000 000). It will be reduced by 5% in 2015, which is 40% (45% - 5%).

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	43

(b)		Bank accoun	t (for the year 2015)	\$
	Balance b/d Trade receivables	86 000	Plant & machinery Motor vehicles	220 000 <b>(1)</b> 130 000
	(\$5 280 000 × 11/12) (1) <b>OF</b>	5 085 000	Trade payables	
	+ \$245 000 <b>(1)</b>			
	Loan	100 000 (1)	(\$3 228 000 × 10 / 12) <b>(1)OF</b> + \$186 000) <b>(1)</b>	2876000
	Share capital	250 000	Administrative salaries (\$735 000 + \$9 000)	744 000 <b>(1)</b>
			Heating and lighting	102900
			Rent and rates	357 000
			Sundry expenses	75 600
			Salaries to salesmen	123 000
			Balance c/d	<u>892500</u> (1) <b>OF</b>
		5521000		5 521 000

### Calculation of purchases:

Given that opening inventory \$120 000; closing inventory \$180 000 and cost of goods sold \$3 168 000, purchases for the year is:

[8]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	43

(c) Budgeted statement of financial position at 30 June 2015

Assets Non-current assets	\$000		\$000	
Plant and machinery Accumulated provision for depreciation	520 <u>264</u>	(1) (1)OF	256	
Motor vehicles Accumulated provision for depreciation	370 <u>224</u>	(1) (1)OF	<u>146</u> 402	
Current assets Inventory Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalent Total assets	180 431.2 <u>892.5</u>	(1)OF (1)OF	1503.7 1905.7	
Equity and liabilities Equity Ordinary shares Retained earnings (\$286 + \$346)			450 <u>632</u> 1082	(1)OF
Non-current liabilities				
Loan			100	(1)
Current liabilities Trade payables Accrued commission Accrued bonus Accrued interest Total equity and liabilities	538 158.4 17.3 <u>10</u>	(1)OF (1)OF (1)OF (1)OF	723.7 1905.7	

[12]

- (d) 1 For planning purpose a budget serves as a blueprint; it sets the direction/target for the business to achieve
  - 2 For controlling purpose a budget serves as a yardstick; it sets the standard/frame and the managers are aware that the actual expenditure will not exceed the budgeted expenditure.
  - 3 For performance evaluating purpose the actual result is compared to the budgeted; the managers are accountable to any departure from the budget (i.e. actual expenditure in excess of the budgeted expenditure).
    [4]

### Any 2 points, 2 marks each

[Total: 40]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	43

3 (a) Annual profit =  $[6\,000\,000 - 5\,600\,000 - 300\,000] = $100\,000$  (1)

Years to clear loss (2014, 2015, 2016, 2017) = 4 (1)

First year for dividend 2018 (1)

[3]

(b) Capital reduction scheme (1). Face value of each share is <u>reduced</u> (1) to eliminate the debit balance on retained earnings (1).

Face value = 
$$1.6m / 2m = $0.80$$
 (2)

[5]

(c) Year Cash flows Discount Net cash flow \$000 \$000 factor 0 (2014) (400) **(1)** (400.00)(1)OF 1 1 (2015) 500 - 300 (1) = 200 (1)0.909 181.80 (1)OF 700 - 490 (1) = 210 (1) 2 (2016) 0.826 173.46 (1)OF 1100 - 740 (1) = 360 (1) 270.36 3 (2017) 0.751 (1)OF 4 (2018) 300 - 610 (1) = (310) (1) 0.683 (211.73) (1)OF 13.89 (1)OF

[15]

[5]

(e) Average profit = (200 + 210 + 360 - 310) (1)OF -400 (1) 4 (1)

= 15000 per annum (1)OF

Average capital = 200 (1)

$$ARR = 15/200 = 7.5\%$$
 (1)**OF** [6]

(f) The directors should purchase the machinery (1). NPV is positive (1). IRR is greater than cost of capital (1).

Directors might consider stopping project at the end of year 3 (1) to avoid the loss making year (1). Stopping early might mean there is a second hand value to the machinery (1).

[6]

[Total: 40]