CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/43

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



| Page 2 | | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | | Pape | r |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|---|
| | GCE A | LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | | 43 | |
| (a) | | Kaunus plc | | | | |
| | Statemer | nt of financial position at 1 Janua | ary 2010 | | | |
| | | | \$000 | | | |
| Cur | rent assets | | | | | |
| | Cash and cash equ | uivalents | 515 | (2) | | |
| Nor | -current liabilities | | | | | |
| | 6% debentures | | <u>100</u> | (1) | | |
| | Redeemable prefe | rence shares of \$1.00 each | 150 | (1) | | |
| | | | <u>265</u> | | | |
| Eqι | ity | | | | | |
| | Ordinary shares of | \$1.00 each | 200 | | | |
| | Share premium (50 |) + 15) | <u>65</u> | (2) | | |
| | | • | <u>265</u> | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| (b) | | | 4.1 | | | |
| | Movement II | n cash and cash equivalents on | | | | |
| Pol | nce at 31 December 2 | 0012 | \$00 44 | | | |
| | nuary 2013 | 2012 | 44 | .0 | | |
| | emption of debentures | | (10 | ١٥١ | (1) | |
| | • | shares (\$150 000 + \$45 000) | ` | 95) | (1) | |
| | ts issue (\$100 000 + \$ | | 11 11 | • | (2) (1) | |
| • | nce at 1 January 2013 | , | | | (1) | |
| Dala | no c at i January 2013 |) | <u>25</u> | <u></u> | (1) | |

[4]

\$000

165

(<u>110)</u> <u>55</u> (1) (1)

(2)

Capital redemption reserve

(c) (i)

Redemption of shares

New issue

Transfer to CRR

| Pa | ge 3 | | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | | Paper |
|-----|------|--------|---|--------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | J - | | GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | | 43 |
| | (ii) | | Share premium account | \$000 | | |
| | Pre | emiun | n on new issue | <u>10</u> | (2) | |
| (d) | | | | | | [2] |
| () | Sta | ateme | ent of changes in retained earnings | | | |
| | | | | \$000 | | |
| | | | at 1 Jan 2012 | 80 | (1) | |
| | | | r the year n on redemption(\$45 000 – 15 000) | 140 (30) | (1) (2) | |
| | | | r to CRR | (55) | (1) | |
| | | | | 135 | (2) | |
| | | | | | | [7] |
| (e) | | | Kaunus plc | 112 | | |
| | | | Statement of financial position at 1 January 20 | \$000 | | |
| | No | n-cur | rent assets (1) | Ψοσο | | |
| | | F | Property plant and equipment | 305 | (1) | |
| | Cu | | assets (1) | | | |
| | _ | | Cash and cash equivalents | <u>255</u> <u>560</u> | (1of) | |
| | Eqi | uity (| (1) Ordinary shares of \$1 each (\$200 000 + 100 000) | 300 | (2) | |
| | | | Share premium | 300 60 | (2) | |
| | | | Capital redemption reserve | 55 | (1of) | |
| | | | Retained earnings | 135 | (1of) | |
| | | | Revaluation reserve | <u>10</u> | (1) | |
| | | | Shareholders' funds | <u>560</u> | | [12] |
| (f) | (i) | | share premium account may be used | | | |
| | | | to pay up new shares issued as fully paid bonus shares | (1) | | 101 |
| | | 2 | to write off expenses of a share issue (1) | | | [2] |
| | (ii) | The | retained earnings may be used | | | |
| | | | to pay dividends (1) | | | |
| | | | pay up fully paid bonus shares (1) | | | |
| | | | to fund a reduction or repayment of capital (1) for transfers to capital redemption reserve (1) | | | |
| | | | for transfers to another revenue reserve e.g. general res | serve (1) | | [Max 2] |
| | | | | | j | [Total: 40] |

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | 43 |

2 (a) Calculation of drawings for the year ended 31 December 2012

| Opening capital | \$000 2260 | (1) | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------|-----|
| Revaluation | 1500 | (1) | |
| Net profit | <u> 180</u> | | |
| · | 3940 | | |
| Less: closing capital | <u>(3540</u>) | (1) | |
| Drawings | 400 | (1OF) | [4] |

(b) Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2012

| | | \$000 | |
|--------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | | 100 | (4) |
| | | 30 | (1) (3) |
| | | 2 | (1) |
| | | ` , | (1) |
| | | | (1) (1) |
| | | 192 | () |
| \$000 | | | |
| (200) | (1) | | |
| <u>18</u> | (2) | (182) | |
| | | | |
| (150) | (1) | | |
| <u>(400)</u> | (10F) | <u>(550)</u> | (4) |
| | | , | (1) (1) |
| | | (530) | (1) [16] |
| | <u>18</u> (150) | (200) (1) <u>18</u> (2) (150) (1) | \$000 (200) (10) 30 (40) 192 \$000 (200) (11) 18 (2) (182) (150) (400) (10F) (550) (540) 10 |

(c) Notes regarding overdraft v profit

The business has made a profit for the year. However, this has not generated enough cash (1) to cover the following major items of expenditure:

- purchase of new non-current assets (\$200) (1)
- repayment of loan (\$150) (1)
- drawings (\$400) (1)

This has resulted in the bank overdraft for the year (1).

[5]

| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | 43 |

(d) Calculation of ratios

Gearing
$$\frac{500(1)}{(500 + 2625)(1)} \times 100 = 16\% \quad (1)$$

Interest cover

$$\frac{(200 + 50)(1)}{(50)(1)} = 5 \text{ times}$$
 (1)

Dividend yield

\$150 000/1 million = \$0.15/share (1)

$$\frac{0.15}{(4.0)(1)} \times 100 = 3.75\%$$
 (1)

[9]

(e) Choice of investment

- putting the money into the bank is a safe investment but will not earn as much as investing in the shares of either A or B (1)
- Company B pays a higher return (1), but is more highly geared (1)
- Company A has a lower return, but should be safer (1) if interest rates increase (1)
- If Winston is looking for a safe investment paying a better return than the bank then invest in company B (1)

Note: must be a decision in one type of investment for mark. Allow other choices provided they are supported with reasoning.

[Max 6]

[Total: 40]

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | 43 |

[5]

[12]

3 (a) Sales price variance = AQ (SP - AP) (1)

Materials price variance = AM (SP - AP) (1)

Materials usage variance = SP(SM - AM) (1)

Labour rate variance = AH (SR - AR) (1)

Labour efficiency variance = SR (SH – AH) (1)

(b) (i) $55 + \frac{20\ 000}{10\ 000} = 57 **(1)** for adjustment and **(1)** for direction

- (ii) $40\ 000 + \underline{10\ 000} = 42\ 000\ \text{kilos}$ (1) for adjustment and (1) for direction
- (iii) 5 8400 = 400 = 400 = 400 = 400 = 4000 = 4
- (iv) $20\ 000 + \frac{4\ 500}{9} = 20\ 500$ hours (1) for adjustment and (1) for direction

(c)

- (d) (i) Materials usage (1) A (1)
 - (ii) Materials price (1) A (1)
 - (iii) Sales price (1) A (1)
 - (iv) Labour efficiency (1) F (1)
 - (v) Materials price (1) A (1)
 OR
 Materials usage (1) F (1)

Credit will be given for other variances where appropriate.

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A LEVEL – May/June 2013 | 9706 | 43 |

(e) Cost of purchase – purchase price

import duty transport costs handling costs

other directly attributable costs

Any 2 for 1 mark each

Cost of conversion – direct labour

direct materials

production overheads

Any 2 for 1 mark each

[4]

[Total: 40]