

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### PHYSICS

0625/51 May/June 2018

Paper 5 Practical Test MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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This document consists of **8** printed pages.

Cambridge Assessment

#### Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED Generic Marking Principles

# These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:** 

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	<i>t</i> = 13 to 15 (s)	1
1(a)(ii)	T = t/10 (s)	1
1(a)(iii)	7 <sup>2</sup> correct	1
	Unit s <sup>2</sup>	1
1(a)(iv)	g correct calculation from $T^2$	1
1(b)(i)	New set of values present with <i>t</i> value greater than (a)(i)	1
1(b)(ii)	g in range 8 to 12(m/s <sup>2</sup> )	1
	both <i>g</i> (1(a)(iv) and 1(b)(ii)) values 9 to 11(m/s <sup>2</sup> )	1
1(c)	Use of additional <i>d</i> value <u>s</u> <b>OR</b> use a larger <i>d</i> value	1
	Count more swings	1
1(d)	Any <b>one</b> from: Perpendicular viewing of rule Counting beginning with zero (owtte) Use of fiducial mark (owtte) Use of set-square or horizontal rule to aid measurement of <i>d</i> Use rule close to/touching the rule Time taken from centre of swing, (not extremities)	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	$V_1$ to at least 1 dp and < 4 V	1
	<i>I</i> to at least 2 dp and < 1 A	1
2(a)(ii)	Correct calculation of R <sub>1</sub>	1
2(b)(i),(ii)	$R_2$ present within 10% of $R_1$	1
2(c)(i),(ii)	$R_3$ present and V, A, $\Omega$ at least once and not contradicted	1
2(c)(iii)	<i>R</i> correct <b>and</b> to 2 or 3 significant figures	1
2(d)	Statement matches readings (Expect YES)	1
	Justification to include the idea of within the limits of experimental accuracy (but accept beyond limits, if ecf allowed for statement matching readings)	1
2(e)	3 resistors in parallel	1
	Correct variable resistor symbol	1
	Other symbols and circuit correct	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Table:	
	First <i>u</i> 45 to 51 (cm) and first <i>v</i> 19 to 25	1
	<i>u</i> values > <i>v</i> values	1
	uv values correct	1
3(b)	Graph:	
	Axes correctly labelled and right way round	1
	Suitable scales	1
	All plots correct to 1/2 small square	1
	Good line judgement, single, thin, continuous line	1
3(c)	Triangle method clearly shown on graph	1
	Triangle using at least half of candidate's line	1
3(d)	Any <b>two</b> from: Finding exact position that gives clearest image Measuring to centre of lens Room too bright/lamp too dim	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4	Method to include:	1
	Hot water in copper can, time taken for temperature to drop	
	Correct use of at least 3 larger outer containers, separately	1
	Some indication that size of air gap is measured	1
	Any <b>two</b> from: Use of something to cover air gap Use of lid on copper can Same starting temperature Same room temperature Same volume of hot water Use of 'control' with no outer container Inner container standing on an insulator Uniform air gap all round	2
	Table with clear columns for temperature and / or time (to match method) and air-gap, with appropriate units	1
	Conclusion: Least temperature drop <b>OR</b> longest time for temperature to drop shows lowest cooling rate <b>OR</b> best insulation <b>OR</b> plot temperature against time and least gradient shows lowest cooling rate (ora)	1

#### Additional graph notes:

- NOTE: The principle to apply here is 'could I draw a significantly better line, using these points, <u>under examination conditions?</u>' If the answer is definitely 'yes', do not award the mark.
- NOTE: If candidate's scale consists of actual readings at equal intervals this will produce a perfect straight line! The only marks available in this case are the first (axes right way round and labelled) So maximum 1.
  - If axes are wrong way round, the other 3 marks are still available.