

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0 2 9 7 6 0 9 3 3

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/21

Paper 2 (Extended) October/November 2018

45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

All answers should be given in their simplest form.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 40.



International Examinations

Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

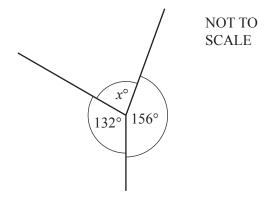
Answer all the questions.

1 Work out.

$$-7 \times -5$$

.....[1]

2



Find the value of x.

$$x =$$
 [1]

A bag contains 8 blue balls, 3 red balls and 4 green balls only. One ball is chosen at random.

Find the probability that this ball is red. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

	[2]
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4 Write 3^{-2} as a fraction.

5 Solve.

$$6x - 5 = 19$$

$$x =$$
 [2]

6	Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 12 and 15.
7	Find the size of one exterior angle of a regular octagon.
	[2
8	The point A has co-ordinates $(1, 9)$. The point B has co-ordinates $(4, 5)$.
	Find the length of AB .
9	
	$(5x^4y^3)^2$
	[2

10	List the integer values of x for which $-4 \le 2x < 6$.
	[2]
11	Simplify.
	$\sqrt{32} - \sqrt{72} + \sqrt{50}$
	[2]
12	Find the next term and an expression for the <i>n</i> th term of the following sequence.
	-9, -3, 7, 21, 39,
	next term =
	nth term =[3]
13	The bearing of point B from point A is 234°.
	Work out the bearing of point A from point B .
	[7]
	[2]

Solve the simultaneous equations.	3x + 2y = 4 $2x - 3y = 7$			
]
Factorise. $4v^2 - 7v - 2$				
4x - 7x - 2				
			[2]
Find the probability that the two balls chose	en are different color	ırs.		
			[3]
	Factorise. $4x^2 - 7x - 2$ A bag contains 4 red balls and 5 blue balls of Two balls are chosen at random without rep	$3x + 2y = 4$ $2x - 3y = 7$ Factorise. $4x^2 - 7x - 2$ A bag contains 4 red balls and 5 blue balls only. Two balls are chosen at random without replacement.	$3x + 2y = 4$ $2x - 3y = 7$ $x =$ $y =$ Factorise. $4x^2 - 7x - 2$ A bag contains 4 red balls and 5 blue balls only.	$3x+2y=4\\2x-3y=7$ $x= \qquad \qquad$

4 =	D .: 1:	.1 1					1
17	Rationalise	the den	ominator	giving your	answer in i	its simi	nlest torm
	1 tuti o i i u i i o	uic dell	ommunutor,	Si viii y y Uui	WIID IT OI III I	LED DITTI	piest Iollii.

$$\frac{5+\sqrt{3}}{5-\sqrt{3}}$$

 [3]

18 The surface area of a sphere with radius r is equal to the curved surface area of a cone with radius r and height h.

Show that $h = r\sqrt{k}$, where k is a constant.

[4]

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