

### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/42

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

# **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

#### Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
  is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
  referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
  features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
  meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

## **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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#### MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

#### Types of mark

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

#### **Abbreviations**

awrt answers which round to cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working nfww not from wrong working

oe or equivalent

rot rounded or truncated

SC Special Case soi seen or implied

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	5%	3	M2 for $\frac{3800 - 3610}{3800}$ [× 100] oe or $\frac{3610}{3800}$ ×100 or M1 for $\frac{3610}{3800}$ oe
1(b)(i)	7410 or 7407 to 7408	3	M2 for $6390 \times (1 + \frac{3}{100})^5$ oe or M1 for $6390 \times (1 + \frac{3}{100})^k$ oe, $k > 1$
1(ii)	12 nfww	4	M3 for $n\log 1.03 = \log\left(\frac{9000}{6390}\right)$ soi by 11.6 or 11.58 oe or correct trials as far as 11 and 12 oe or M2 for $1.03^n = \frac{9000}{6390}$ or at least 3 correct trials with $n \ge 5$ or M1 for $6390 \times 1.03^n = 9000$ soi.
2(a)(i)	15	1	
2(a)(ii)	6	1	
2(a)(iii)	11.5	1	
2(a)(iv)	11.6 or 11.58	1	
2(a)(v)	7.5	2	<b>B1</b> for 7 or 14.5 seen
2(b)	$\frac{2}{12}$ oe	1	
3(a)	Triangle at (-5, 3), (-1, 3), (-1, 5)	2	<b>B1</b> translation $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$
3(b)	Enlargement  [Scale factor] $-\frac{1}{2}$ [Centre] (6, 4)	3	B1 for each
3(c)	Rotation 90° clockwise oe (0, 0)	3	B1 for each
4(a)(i)	$y = 4(x+2)^2$	2	<b>B1</b> for $y = k(x+2)^2$
4(a)(ii)	1600	1	<b>FT</b> (their k) $\times$ 20 <sup>2</sup> <b>dep</b> on $k(x+2)^2$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(a)(iii)	$\frac{1}{2}$ oe, $-\frac{9}{2}$ oe	2	<b>B1</b> for 0.5 or $-\frac{9}{2}$ oe
	2 2		or <b>M1</b> for $25 = (their k)(x+2)^2$
4(b)	54	2	<b>B1</b> for 3 soi by answer 6
5(a)	Correct sketch  30  y  ((x)-x/3-12x+6)  10  -20	2	B1 for any cubic with max on left of min
5(b)	0.511 or 0.5111 3.18 or 3.180	2	B1 for each
5(c)(i)	(-2, 22)	1	
5(c)(ii)	(2, -10)	1	
5(d)	Rotation[al] [Order] 2 [About] (0, 6)	3	B1 for each
6(a)	36 or 54 or 72 or 108 or 540 seen	B1	
	5 ÷ cos 54 oe	M2	or M1 for $\cos 54 = \frac{5}{r}$ oe Starting with 8.51 is M0
	8.506 to 8.507	A1	
6(b)(i)	20.7 or 20.68 to 20.70	3	<b>M2</b> for $\frac{72}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 8.51 + 10$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $\frac{72}{360}$ oe soi by $\div 5$
6(b)(ii)	11.0 or 11.1 or 11.02 to 11.10	3	M1 for $\frac{72}{360} \times \pi \times 8.51^2$ oe M1 for $0.5 \times 8.51^2 \times \sin 72$ oe
7(a)	18 03	4	M1 for 1318 ÷ 252 A1 for 5.23 or 5.230 M1 for converting <i>their</i> time in hours to hours and minutes
7(b)(i)	70	2	<b>M1</b> for $252 \times \frac{1000}{60 \times 60}$ oe

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
7(b)(ii)	102 s or 102.4 to 102.5	2	FT 7173 ÷ their 70 M1 for (6772 + 401) ÷ their 70
8(a)	16	1	
8(b)(i)	$\frac{7}{745}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{15}{150} \times \frac{14}{149}$ oe with no extra products
8(b)(ii)	$\frac{497}{2235}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{71}{150} \times \frac{70}{149}$ oe with no extra products or M1 for $35 + 12 + 24$ soi by 71
8(c)	$\frac{1640}{5673}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{42}{63} \times \frac{41}{62} \times \frac{40}{61}$ oe with no extra products or M1 for $\frac{15+27}{15+27+8+13}$ soi by $\frac{42}{63}$
9(a)	Correct of curve through 7 more points	4	B3 for curve through 5 or more correct points or B2 for curve through 4 correct points or correct cfs 2, 6, 12, 24, 46, 80, 108, 120 or B1 for curve through 3 correct points or 5,6 or 7 cfs
9(b)(i)	63 to 66	1	Only from increasing diagram
9(b)(ii)	17 to 23	2	<b>B1</b> for LQ = 52 to 55 or UQ = 72 to 75 Only from increasing diagram
9(b)(iii)	4 to 8	2	B1 for 112 to 116 seen Only from increasing diagram
9(c)	Correct cumulative frequency curve	3	B1 for lowest and highest points plotted correctly B1 for median and lower quartile plotted correctly B1 for upper quartile plotted correctly Maximum 2 marks if points not joined
10(a)	60.2 or 60.22 to 60.23.	4	B1 for angle $ACB = 95$ M2 for $\frac{120\sin(their CAB)}{\sin(their ACB)}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{BC}{\sin(their CAB)} = \frac{120}{\sin(their ACB)}$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
10(b)	228 or 228.1 to 228.2 nfww	4	M2 for $\cos[ABD] = \frac{120^2 + 90^2 - 80^2}{2 \times 120 \times 90}$ or M1 for $80^2 = 120^2 + 90^2 - 2 \times 120 \times 90 \cos ABD$ A1 for 41.8 or 41.80 to 41.81
11(a)	46.8 or 46.82 to 46.83	3	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.8^2 \times 8$ oe M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 1.8^3$ oe
11(b)	60.5 or 60.49 to 60.51	4	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.8^2$ oe  M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times \pi \times 1.8 \times 8$ oe  M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \times 4 \times \pi \times 1.8^2$ oe
12(a)	Correct sketch  15	3	B1 for correct left hand branch without serious curl back  B2 for correct right-hand branch or B1 for correct shape right-hand branch but with clear intercepts but serious overlap or curl back
12(b)	x = -2 oe y = 2 oe	2	B1 for each
12(c)(i)	-2.81 or -2.812 to -2.811 2.31 or 2.311 to 2.312	2	<b>B1</b> for each or for $2x^2 + x - 13 = 0$
12(c)(ii)	$\frac{x+16}{x+2}$	3	M2 for $\frac{5(x+2)-2(2x-3)}{x+2}$ or M1 for $5-2\left(\frac{2x-3}{x+2}\right)$ oe
13(a)(i)	$-\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$	1	
13(a)(ii)	$\frac{2}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{b}$	2	B1 for unsimplified seen or M1 for $\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5} \overrightarrow{AB}$ oe or $\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{5} \overrightarrow{BA}$ oe
13(b)(i)	$\frac{2}{3}$ a	2	B1 for unsimplified seen or M1 for $-\mathbf{b} + \frac{5}{3}their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii})$
13(b)(ii)	$\overrightarrow{BQ}$ is a multiple of <b>a</b> oe	1	<b>Dep</b> on <b>(b)(i)</b> = $k$ <b>a</b> , $k \ne 1$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
14(a)	10	3	M2 for $\sqrt{6^2 + 8^2}$ or B1 for 6 and 8 seen nfww
14(b)	(4, 5)	2	B1 for each co-ordinate
14(c)	$y = \frac{3}{4}x + 2 \text{ oe}$	4	Must be 3 term equation <b>B2</b> for gradient = $\frac{3}{4}$ or <b>B1</b> for gradient of $AB = -\frac{4}{3}$ <b>M1</b> for substituting <i>their</i> (b) into $y = (their \ m) \ x + c$ oe