## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/41

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

1 (a)	x = -2 drawn and ruled y = 2x + 3 drawn and ruled Correct region clearly indicated	1 2	<b>B1</b> for ruled line with positive gradient through (0, 3) or ruled line gradient 2 or correct line freehand
(b)	4.52	3	<b>B2</b> if given in co-ordinates or <b>M1</b> for substituting $y = 2x + 3$ in $5x + 8y = 40$ or $y$ coefficients correctly eliminated <b>A1</b> for $x = 0.7619$ to $0.762$ or <b>M2</b> for $x$ coefficients correctly eliminated or <b>M1</b> for $y = \frac{40 - 5x}{8}$ oe <b>SC2</b> for $\frac{95}{21}$ oe
2 (a)	Plotting 4 points correctly	2	B1 for 2 or 3 correct
(b)	Negative	1	Ignore comment on strength
(c)	[y =] -0.429x + 72.2	2	a = -0.4295 to $-0.4294$ $b = 72.17$ to $72.18B1 for either a or b corrector SC1 for y = -0.43x + 72$
(d) (i)	61 [.0]	1FT	FT their equation. Allow integer.
(ii)	Weak correlation oe	1	Allow "no correlation" if answer to <b>(b)</b> is no correlation

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

3 (a)	Cubic (positive $x^3$ ) with turning points in correct quadrants.	2	<b>B1</b> for any cubic (positive $x^3$ )
(b)	Rotational order 2 about (0, 4)	1 1 1	
(c)	(-1, 6) (1, 2)	1 1	SC1 answers reversed
(d)	x < -1.53 or $-1.532x > -0.347$ or $-0.3473$ to $-0.3472$ , x < 1.88 or $1.879$	1 1 1	
4 (a) (i)	$     \begin{array}{r}       28 \\       4n \\       13 \\       2n-1  \text{oe}     \end{array} $	1 1 1 2	<b>B1</b> for $2n + k$
(ii)	199	1FT	<b>FT</b> from their $2n-1 \pmod{n+2}$
(b) (i)	40	1	
(ii)	$n^2 + 3n$ oe	3	M2 for $n^2 + bn$ or M1 for 2nd differences found or $an^2 + bn + c$ , $a \ne 0$

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

5 (a)	2.83 or 2.828	4	<b>M2</b> for $\sqrt{0.9^2 - 0.7^2}$ or <b>M1</b> for $x^2 + 0.7^2 = 0.9^2$ or better and <b>M1 FT</b> for <i>their</i> $0.5657 \times 2 \times 2.5$ oe
(b)	$\cos[\theta] = \frac{0.7}{0.9}$ oe ×2 77.85 to 77.89	M1 M1 A1	or <b>M2</b> for $\cos[\theta] = \frac{0.9^2 + 0.9^2 - (their AB)^2}{2 \times 0.9 \times 0.9}$ or <b>M1</b> for their $AB^2 = 0.9^2 + 0.9^2 - 2 \times 0.9 \times 0.9 \times \cos \theta$
(c)	5980 or 5975 to 5976	5	M1 for correct method for triangle <i>OAB</i> and M1 for correct method for either sector and M1 for completion to volume of prism and M1 for their volume (m³) × 1000
6 (a) (i)	a + b	1	
(ii)	$-\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b}  \text{oe}$	2	B1 unsimplified
(b)	Correct route for <i>EB</i> Completion to $-\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b}$	M1 A1	
(c) (i)	AD = EB AD // EB	1	Accept in words Not $\overrightarrow{AD} = \overrightarrow{EB}$
(ii)	Parallelogram	1	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

		T	1	-
7 (a)		60 [10] 3 52 [8] 9 16 42	3	B2 for 4 correct or B1 for 2 correct
(b)	(i)	$\frac{42}{200}$ oe	1FT	FT their 42
	(ii)	$\frac{9}{200}$ oe	1FT	FT their 9
(c)	(i)	$\frac{870}{39800}$ oe	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{30}{200} \times \frac{29}{199}$ oe
	(ii)	$\frac{1920}{39800}$ oe	3	M2 FT for $\frac{60}{200} \times \frac{16}{199} + \frac{16}{200} \times \frac{60}{199}$ oe M1 FT for one of above products
8 (a)	(i)	58	1	
	(ii)	67	2	<b>B1</b> for $ABC = 125$ or $ADE = 67$
(b)	(i)	2 from $PXS = QXR$ ([vertically] opposite angles) $SPX = RQX$ ([angles in] same segment) oe $PSX = QRX$ ([angles in] same segment) oe	2	<b>B1</b> for one of these or 2 pairs of angles identified as equal
	(ii)	7.5	2	M1 for $\frac{8}{12} = \frac{5}{x}$ or better
	(iii)	$\frac{64}{144}$ oe	1	0.444(4)

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

9 (a)	(i)	23	1	
	(ii)	17	1	
	(iii)	10	1	
(b)		[14] 16 [28] 42 60	3	B1 for each
(c)		Bar heights 1.4, 3.2, 5.6, 8.4, 6 Bar widths correct with no gaps	2FT 1	FT their frequencies B1 for 2 correct independent
10(a)	(i)		2	Correct curve <b>B1</b> correct shape
	(ii)	y = -3	1	
(b)	(i)		3	<b>B1</b> for each branch
	(ii)	$x = \pm 3$	2	B1 for each
(c)		-2.38 or -2.384 to -2.385 0.515 or 0.5154	1 1	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

11(a)		53 000 42 400	2	<b>B1</b> for each or <b>M1</b> for 95 400 ÷ 9
(b)	(i)	5:4 cao	1	
	(ii)	90 000	3	<b>M2</b> for 95 400 ÷ 1.06 oe or <b>M1</b> for 95 400 = 106%
(c)		5300	3	M1 FT for $\frac{53000 + x}{42400 + x} = \frac{11}{9}$ oe M1 FT for $9(53000 + x) = 11(42400 + x)$ oe
(d)		Decrease 0.64%	3	<b>B2</b> for figs 9936 oe <b>M1</b> for [×] 1.08 × 0.92 oe
12(a)		$25^{2} = 35^{2} + x^{2} - 2 \times 35 \times x \times \cos 20$ Isolating <i>x</i> terms Completion with no errors	1 M1FT A1	FT from reasonable attempt at cosine rule
(b)	(i)	sketch of parabola, positive $x^2$ , two positive zeros	M1	or $\frac{65.78 \pm \sqrt{\left[\left(-65.78\right)^2 - 4(1)(600)\right]}}{2(1)}$
		10.94 54.84	B1 B1	SC1 for 10.9 and 54.8
	(ii)	54.84	1FT	FT their larger solution to (b)(i)
(c)		1 hour 28 mins	3	M1 for (their (54.84 – 10.94)) ÷ 30 A1 FT for 1.46[3] If 0, B1 for decimal in hours converted into hours and minutes

Page 8	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0607	41

13(a)	42	1	
(b)	3x + 7	2	<b>B1</b> for $3(x+3)-2$
(c)	$\frac{x+2}{3}$ oe	2	<b>B1</b> for $y + 2 = 3x$ or $\frac{y}{3} = x - \frac{2}{3}$ or $x = 3y - 2$ or inverse flow diagram
(d)	$\frac{1}{2x+1}$ final answer	3	<b>B2</b> for $h(x) = (2x + 1)(x + 3)$ or <b>SC1</b> for $h(x) = (2x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = 3$ or $a + 2b = 7$ with $a$ , $b$ integers