

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

	CANDIDATE NAME				
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		
* 2 7	MATHEMATICS		0580/23		
ი 0	Paper 2 (Extended)		October/November 2022		
0 0			1 hour 30 minutes		
6 ω 4	You must answer on the question paper.				
٥ ا	You will need:	Geometrical instruments			

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INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions. •
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. •
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page. •
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid. •
- Do not write on any bar codes. •
- You should use a calculator where appropriate. •
- You may use tracing paper. •
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in • degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1 Marco starts work at 2045 and finishes at 0208 the next day.

Find the length of time, in hours and minutes, he works.

					h min [1]	
2	120	121	149	164	216	
	From this list, writ	e down				
	(a) a square num	ber				
	(b) a cube numbe	er.			[1]	
					[1]	
3	Calculate. $\sqrt{15} + \frac{4}{2}$	<u>.8</u> .2				

Find the mass of each of the four men.

..... kg , kg , kg , kg [3]

5 Without using a calculator, work out $\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{3}$.

You must show all your working and give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

......[2]

6 A spinner can land on the colours green, black or red. The table shows the probabilities of the spinner landing on green or black.

Colour	Green	Black	Red
Probability	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	

- (a) Complete the table.
- (b) Chang spins the spinner 120 times.

Find the expected number of times it lands on green.

[2]

7 Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 36 and 60.

.....[2]

8 A is the point (-3, 5) and B is the point (5, 2).

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line *AB*.

(.....) [2]

9 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$3x - 2y = 21$$
$$5x + 2y = 51$$



The diagram shows a right-angled triangle.

(a) Calculate the value of *h*.

h = [3]

(b) Find the perimeter of this triangle.

..... cm [1]



The diagram shows two sides of a regular polygon. The interior angle of the polygon is $(7x + 44)^{\circ}$ and the exterior angle is $(x + 8)^{\circ}$.

Find the number of sides of this polygon.

......[4]

12 Keita invests \$4000 at a rate of 2.6% per year compound interest.

Work out the interest earned on the investment at the end of 3 years.

\$[3]

13 Convert 0.24 to a fraction.You must show all your working and give your answer in its simplest form.

14 A map has a scale of $1:200\,000$.

Find the area, in square kilometres, of a lake that has an area of 12.4 cm^2 on the map.

..... km² [2]

15 The diagram shows the speed-time graph for part of the journey of a car.



The car starts from rest and accelerates at a uniform rate for 15 seconds before reaching a constant speed of 30 m/s.

(a) Calculate the acceleration for the first 15 seconds.

(b) After *T* minutes, the total distance travelled is 45 kilometres.

Find the value of *T*.

 $T = \dots \min [4]$

One diagonal has equation y = 4x + 3.

Find the equation of the other diagonal of the kite. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

y = [3]

17 y is proportional to the square of (x-7). When x = 12, y = 2.

Find *y* when x = 17.

y = [3]

18 Two bottles are mathematically similar. The small bottle has a capacity of 324 ml and a height of 12 cm. The large bottle has a capacity of 768 ml.

Calculate the height of the large bottle.

19

$$f(x) = 5x - 3, x > 1$$
$$g(x) = \frac{10}{x - 2}, x \neq 2$$

(a) Find gf(x).Give your answer in its simplest form.

(b) Find $g^{-1}(x)$.

 $g^{-1}(x) =$ [3]

(c) Find $ff^{-1}(x-1)$.



10

Sketch the graph of $y = \sin x$ for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

[2]

(b) Solve $3-2\sin x = \frac{13}{4}$ for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [3]





The diagram shows the positions of three ships A, B and C. AC = 17.6 km, BC = 12.8 km and angle $BAC = 25^{\circ}$. The bearing of C from B is 112° and angle ABC is obtuse.

Calculate the bearing of *B* from *A*.

Question 22 is printed on the next page.

22 (a) Expand and simplify.

(2x-1)(x+4)(x-3)

.....[3]

(b) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{4}{2x-3} \div \frac{2x^2 + 14x}{2x^2 + 11x - 21}$$

.....[4]

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