

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS 0580/21

Paper 2 (Extended) May/June 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	23 or 29	1	
2	3.87×10 ⁻⁵	1	
3	$\frac{7}{11}$ oe	1	
4	66	2	B1 for 84 or –18 seen
5	94	2	B1 for ACB or PAB or $ABC = 43$
			or M1 for $180 - 2 \times 43$ or $\frac{1}{2}x = 90 - 43$
6	81.7 or 81.71 to 81.72	2	M1 for $\pi \times 5.1^2$
7	4.8[0] or 4.802	2	M1 for $[AC^2 =] 2.5^2 + 4.1^2$
8	7y - 23 final answer	2	M1 for $12y-18$ or $-5y-5$ or B1 for answer $7y-k$ or $cy-23$ $c \ne 0$
9	-7	2	B1 for 3 ⁻³ or 3 ⁴ or 3 ⁷ or 3 ⁻⁷ seen or SC1 for final answer 7
10(a)	6.58331	1	
10(b)	6.5833	1	FT their (a) correctly rounded to 4 dp
11	$\frac{4}{7}$ oe exact answer	2	B1 for 4 or $\frac{1}{7}$
12	$n < -4.4$ or $n < -4\frac{2}{5}$ final answer	2	M1 for $8n - 3n < -5 - 17$ or better or $3n - 8n > 17 + 5$ or better

© UCLES 2018 Page 3 of 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
13	$\frac{7}{4}$	M1	or $\frac{k}{4} \times \frac{6}{35}$ where $k > 4$
	$\frac{3}{10}$ cao	A2	A1 for $\frac{42}{140}$ or $\frac{21}{70}$ or $\frac{6}{20}$
14	19.3 or 19.26 to 19.27 nfww	3	M2 for $[\sin =] 5.9 \times \frac{\sin 84.6}{17.8}$ or M1 for $\frac{5.9}{\sin B} = \frac{17.8}{\sin 84.6}$ oe
15	9	3	M1 for $y = k(x-1)^2$ M1 for $[y =] their k(7-1)^2$ OR M2 for $\frac{4}{(5-1)^2} = \frac{y}{(7-1)^2}$ oe
16	Shape with vertices at (1, 1), (1, 4), (-1, 2), (-1, 4)	3	M2 for 3 correct vertices on grid or in working or M1 for correct set-up $ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} $ or for rotation, 90° [anti-clockwise], centre O
17(a)	2200	3	M2 for $\frac{1}{2}(90+130) \times 20$ or $\frac{1}{2}(10 \times 20) + (90 \times 20) + \frac{1}{2}(30 \times 20)$ or M1 for one area
17(b)	16.9 or 16.92	1	FT their (a) ÷ 130
18(a)	10 nfww	2	B1 for UQ = 30 or LQ = 20 clearly identified
18(b)	4	2	B1 for 116 indicated
19	46.2 or 46.17 to 46.18	4	M2 for $[\cos =] \frac{16^2 + 19^2 - 14^2}{2 \times 16 \times 19}$ or M1 for $14^2 = 19^2 + 16^2 - 2 \times 19 \times 16\cos M$ A1 for 0.692 or $\frac{421}{608}$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
20(a)	$\frac{8}{15}$ oe	1	
20(b)	$\frac{168}{210}$ oe	3	M2 for $1 - \frac{7}{15} \times \frac{6}{14}$ oe or $3(\frac{7 \times 8}{15 \times 14})$ oe or M1 for $\frac{7}{15} \times \frac{6}{14}$ or $\frac{7}{15} \times \frac{8}{14}$ or $\frac{8}{15} \times \frac{7}{14}$ oe
21	$y \ge 1.5 \text{ oe}$ $y \ge \frac{3}{4}x \text{ oe}$ $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 3 \text{ oe}$	4	SC3 for $y > 1.5$ oe and $y > \frac{3}{4}x$ oe and $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ oe or B1 for $y > 1.5$ oe and $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ oe or with incorrect inequality signs or B1 for $y = \frac{3}{4}x$ oe OR $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ oe or with incorrect inequality signs
22(a)	-17	2	M1 for $f(11)$ seen or $5-2(5-2x)$ or better
22(b)(i)	$4x^2 + 8$ oe	1	
22(b)(ii)	$\frac{5-x}{2}$ oe final answer	2	M1 for $x = 5 - 2y$ or $2x = 5 - y$ or $y - 5 = -2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = \frac{5}{2} - x$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
23(a)(i)	4	1	
23(a)(ii)	3.2	3	M1 for Σfx , allow one error or omission and M1dep for $\frac{their\ 128}{40}$
23(b)	27	2	M1 for $\frac{3}{40}$ or $\frac{360}{40}$
24(a)	78.7 or 78.69	3	M2 for $\tan = \frac{5}{2-1}$ oe or M1 for use of tangent oe
24(b)	$[y=] -\frac{1}{3}x + 12 \text{ final answer}$	3	M1 for gradient = $-\frac{1}{3}$ M1 for substituting (6, 10) into $y = their mx + c$

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