

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
	MATHEMATICS		0580/31
2	Paper 3 (Core)		October/November 2017
			2 hours
	Candidates answer	on the Question Paper.	
۳ م ۲ م ۲ م	Additional Materials	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.



1 (a) Write down the temperature shown by each arrow.



(b) The table shows the daily temperature in Hayville for one week in January.

Day	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Temperature (°C)	-4	2	-1	0	1	-6	-2

(i) Which was the coldest day?

.....[1]

(ii) Find the difference between the temperature on Sunday and the temperature on Monday.

.....°C [1]

- (c) In Grassington, the temperature recorded at 0735 was -3 °C.
 - (i) The temperature was recorded again $8\frac{1}{2}$ hours later. At what time was this temperature recorded?

.....[1]

(ii) By this time, the temperature had risen by 7 °C.Find this temperature.

.....°C [1]

Jeff owns a clothes shop. 2

(a)		[]			
		Shirt	Tie	Coat	
		\$24	\$12.50	\$46	
	A customer buys	3 shirts, 5 ties	and 1 coat.		
	Calculate the tota	al cost.			
				\$	[3]
(b)	A jacket has a pri Jeff increases this	ice of \$64. s price by 8%.			
	Calculate the new	v price.			
				\$	[2]
(c)	Jeff also increase	s the price of a	dress from \$250 to \$280.		
	Calculate the per-	centage increas	e in the price of the dress.		
					% [3]
(d)	The shop has a re The floor coverin	ectangular floor ng costs \$12 per	measuring 5.5 m by 8.5 m. square metre.		
	Calculate the cos	t of the floor co	overing.		
				\$	[3]
(e)	Jeff invests \$360	0 for 3 years at	a rate of 6% per year comp	ound interest.	
	Work out the value	ue of the invest	ment at the end of the 3 year	ars.	

3 (a) The scatter diagram shows the scores for each student in class A for the written test and the speaking test in French.

A line of best fit has been drawn.



(b) Here are the scores in the written test for class B.

21	14	48	32	8	29	41	39	30	23	17

Find

(i) the median,

(ii) the mean.

.....[2]

.....[2]

4

(a)



.....[2]

(b) Write down the equation of the line *AB*.

y =[1]

(b) (i) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 + x - 5$.

x	_4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
У	7		-3			-3		7	

[3]

(ii) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = x^2 + x - 5$ for $-4 \le x \le 4$.



(iii) Use your graph to solve the equation $x^2 + x - 5 = 0$.

 $x = \dots$ [2]

5 The scale drawing shows the positions of three towns *A*, *B* and *C*. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 12 kilometres.



Scale: 1 cm to 12 km

(a) Find the actual distance between town A and town B.

(b) Measure the bearing of town *B* from town *A*.

.....[1]

(c) Measure the bearing of town *B* from town *C*.

......[1]

- (d) Town D is 84 km from town A and 42 km from town C.
 - (i) In this part, use a ruler and compasses only and show your construction arcs.On the diagram, construct a possible position for town *D*.

(ii) A plane takes 10 minutes to fly the 84 km from town A to town D.Work out the average speed of the plane in kilometres per hour.

(e) The bearing of town *E* from town *A* is 118° .

Work out the bearing of town A from town E.

.....[2]

(a)	Find	d	
	(i)	all the factors of 18,	
	(ii)	a multiple of 30,	[2]
	(iii)	 √2134.44,	[1]
	(iv)	2.5 ³ ,	[1]
	(v)	(0.2) ⁻¹ .	[1]
(b)	Writ		[1]

.....[2]

(c) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 16 and 30.

.....[2]

(d) Clock A chimes every 6 hours. Clock B chimes every 9 hours. Both clocks chime at 2 am.

At what time will the two clocks next chime together?

6

.....[3]

7 (a) Bag A contains 20 counters.6 are red, 9 are blue and the rest are white.Jared takes one counter at random.

Write down the probability that the counter is

(**i**) red,

.....[1]

- (ii) white,
- (iii) yellow.

.....[1]

......[1]

(b) Bag *B* contains green counters, black counters, purple counters and brown counters. Louise takes one counter at random.

Colour	Green	Black	Purple	Brown
Probability		0.3	0.24	0.18

Complete the table.

[2]

(c) Bag C contains 8 red counters and 12 blue counters only. Bag D contains 6 red counters and 9 blue counters only. A counter is taken at random from each bag.

Show that the probability of taking a red counter from bag C is equal to the probability of taking a red counter from bag D.

8 (a) Multiply out the brackets and simplify.

$$5(2x+3)-2(x+4)$$

.....[2]

(b) (i) An equilateral triangle has side length 2x.

Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the perimeter of the triangle. Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[1]

(ii) A square has a perimeter of 20*a*.

Write down an expression, in terms of a, for the length of one side of the square. Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[1]

(c) The diagram shows a rectangle.



Find an expression, in terms of *y*, for the perimeter of the rectangle. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(d) One mint costs m cents.

One toffee costs 6 cents more than one mint. The cost of 3 mints and 7 toffees is 182 cents.

Write an equation, in terms of m, and solve it to find the cost of one mint.

Cost of one mint = cents [5]

\sum							
	\						
A							

9 (a) The diagram shows a triangle, A, on a 1 cm^2 grid.

(i) Find the area of triangle *A*.

.....cm² [2]

(ii) On the grid, draw an enlargement of triangle *A* with scale factor 2. [2]



Question 10 is printed on the next page.

[Turn over

10	(a)	These are the first four terms of a sequence.	
----	-----	---	--

-2 6 14 22

(i) Write	down	the	next	term.
-----------	------	-----	------	-------

	[1]
(ii)	Write down the rule for continuing the sequence.
	[1]

(iii) Find an expression for the *n*th term.

.....[2]

(b) The *n*th term of another sequence is 5(n+1)-6.

Write down the second term of this sequence.

.....[1]

(c) These are the first four terms of a different sequence.

-2 1 8 19

Write down the next term of this sequence.

.....[1]

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.