

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/31

Paper 3 Theory (core) May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme:

; separates marking points/ alternatives

I ignoreR reject

• A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP any valid point

ecf credit a correct statement / calculation that follows a previous wrong response

• **ora** or reverse argument

• () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

<u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1 (a) (i)	A – membrane / cell membrane / plasma membrane ;		
	B – cytoplasm ;	[2]	
(ii)	DNA;	[1]	
(b)	diffuses in: oxygen/glucose;		
	diffuses out: carbon dioxide/water;	[2]	
(c)	(diffusion) does not need oxygen/respiration/energy (but active transport does);		A diffusion is passive
	(diffusion) involves movement (of particles) from high to low concentration/down a concentration gradient (but opposite for active transport);	[max 1]	
	C – <u>cell wall</u> ;		R cell membrane
	D – vacuole;	[2]	

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(d) (ii)	process: photosynthesis;	[1]	AW throughout. Mark independently. I other named process
	 animal dependence: (chloroplasts contain chlorophyll) absorb/use/trap, light/energy; (to) produce glucose/carbohydrate/food, or plants are 		If respiration/another process is named, mark the explanation and award points relating to photosynthesis I sun (alone)
	producers; 3 (photosynthesis) removes carbon dioxide (from atmosphere) or adds oxygen (to the atmosphere);		
	4 primary consumers/herbivores/animals, gain energy or food/as they eat plants/producers;		I reference to food chain/web unqualified
	5 secondary consumers/carnivores eat herbivores/primary consumers/other animals;		mp 2 and 3 (only) can be obtained from an equation.
	6 (animals) need/use oxygen for respiration ;	[max 4]	chemical equation must be correct and balanced
		[1 + 4]	
		[Total: 13]	
2 (a) (i)	fur/hair; (external) ears; mammary glands;	[max 1]	

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(ii)	give birth (to live young);		
	suckle young/feed young on milk;		
	3 inner ear ossicles ;		
	differentiated teeth ;		
	2 sets of teeth (deciduous and permanent)/AW;		
	diaphragm;		
	sweat glands ;		
	sebaceous glands ;	[max 2]	
(b) (i)	bison;	[1]	
(ii)	<u>3600</u> (kg) ;	[1]	
(iii)	number between 1300–1400 (kg);	[1]	
(iv)	the larg(er) the body mass, the long(er) the life span/AW ora ;	[1]	A positive correlation I proportional unqualified R directly proportional

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	1	water/potable/clean/drinkable;		A AW throughout A examples of the categories
	2	adequate food supply/balanced diet/eating healthily/access to food/no famine;		I healthy life-style I good/stressful/hostile environment unqualified
	3	medical facilities/doctors/hospitals/treatments;		
	4	personal hygiene ;		
	5	sanitation/sewage treatment/removal of rubbish;		
	6	exercise facilities/taking regular exercise;		
	7	shelter from elements/housing;		
	8	absence of pollution/safe or clean environment;		
	9	use of modern technology;		
	10	improved education/schools;		
	11	avoidance of smoking/alcohol/drugs;		
	12	avoidance of hazardous behaviour/promiscuity/risky activities/crime/no war;		I avoid natural disasters/diseases
	13	reduction in poverty;	[max 3]	
			[Total: 10]	

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Question		Expecte	ed Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3 (a)					
	label	name	function		
	F	capillary ;	transports blood/heat/ supplies oxygen glucose to cells/removes carbon dioxide;		I vein / artery
	G	receptors / sensory neurone;	detect changes in external environment/stimulus/touch / pressure/temperature;		R detects temperature of the blood I responds to
	Н				
	J	adipose tissue/fat/fatty tissue ;	insulation/prevention of heat loss/keeps body warm/shock absorber/energy store;	[6]	I fatty acids I dermis
(b) (i)	with no	back-pack 6 (arbitrary ur	nits):		
		g back-pack 13 (arbitrary	,		
	117(%)	;		[3]	I 116.6%
(ii)	more/i	ncreased volume of, swe	at produced;	[1]	

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	1 ref. to evaporation :		I ref. to heat loss by conduction/convection/radiation
	2 (of) water/sweat;		conduction/convection/radiation
	3 (idea of) need for heat/latent heat/energy;		I sweat absorbs heat unqualified
	4 (heat/latent heat/energy for evaporation) taken from /body/skin/blood;		
	5 blood carries heat ;	[max 3]	
		[Total: 13]	
4	glands; blood; target; insulin; blood;	[5]	
		[Total: 5]	
5 (a)	xylem;	[1]	
(b) (i)	rate of transpiration increases as temperature rises/ora;		A positive correlation
	rate of increase becomes faster as temperature rises/ora;		I efficiency
	the higher the temperature the greater the distance moved by the meniscus ora ;	[max 1]	R incorrect causal relationship in an ora

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(ii)	1 enzymes will be destroyed/cease to function;		A enzymes denatured
	2 shoot/plant/leaf/cells die/no transpiration;		
	3 water loss greater than water intake;		A wilting
	4 difficulty in achieving temperature (in lab);	[max 2]	
(c) (i)	less transpiration/(meniscus) will not move as fast or as far/slower rate of movement/less water loss/less water uptake;		I smaller/lower results
(ii)	1 smaller leaves ;		
	2 fewer leaves ;		
	3 less surface area (for transpiration);		
	4 fewer stomata (through which transpiration can occur);	[max 2]	
(d)	humidity ;	[max 1]	A air movement/light (intensity)/carbon dioxide concentration
		[Total: 8]	

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Question	Exped	cted Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6 (a)	change the genetic material (of an organism); by removing/changing/inserting (individual) genes;			
	from one organism/species to	another;	[max 2]	
(b)	example	benefit		I references to artificial selection
	to make (bacteria) produce insulin ;	treat diabetes/cheaper method of production;		mark as a pair, but benefit must match example
	crop plants resistant to herbicides/pesticides;	kill weeds / other pests without killing plant so more food produced;		
	crop plants resistant to insects;	less of plant eaten by insect – more food produced ;		
	crop plants produce more vitamins ;	fewer cases of vitamin deficiency;		
	any valid example ;	any valid benefit ;		
			[max 4]	
			[Total: 6]	

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
7		[4]	5 or 4 correct = 4 3 correct = 3 2 correct = 2 1 correct = 1
		[Total: 4]	
8 (a) (i)	L – <u>renal artery</u> ;		
	M – <u>ureter</u> ;	[2]	
(ii)	produced by: liver;		
	transferred in: blood/plasma/blood vessels/circulation;	[2]	

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(b)	1	student drank less water/ate fewer foods, containing water;		ignore numbered lines
	2	student sweated more/AW;		A student had diarrhoea; student vomited;
	3	(as) it was a hotter day;		student lost a lot of blood;
	4	(as) student exercised/student had a fever;		I repail failure on that day/atudent aried
	5	student ate a lot of salty food;		I renal failure on that day/student cried
	6	lower humidity so water (vapour) lost in exhalation;	[max 3]	
(c)	1	screening/removal of large solids/twigs/plastic/etc.;		
	2	settling out/grit settles to bottom of tank;		
	3	microbes/bacteria decompose (digest) organic material;		
	4	digestion of materials in liquid by (aerobic) microorganisms;		
	5	aeration;		
	6	materials in sludge digested by (anaerobic) bacteria;		
	7	filtration;		A filtration once only unless qualified
	8	chlorination or sterilisation/use of disinfectants/ bactericides/bacteria killed;	[max 3]	
			[Total: 10]	

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Q	Question Expected Answers		Ma	rks	Additional Guidance		
9	(a)	(i)	component	food			
			protein;				
			carbohydrate ;	any example of plant cell wall material/any fruit or vegetable;	[3	3]	
		(ii)	minerals/ions/named	d mineral ;			A ecf from table if group not given there
			vitamins/named vitar	nin ;			
			water ;		[ma	x 2]	

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(b)	1	use of agricultural machinery/tractors/trucks; improved efficiency/greater land area cultivated/plant more seeds/harvest more of the crop/harvest faster/spray pesticides/irrigate the crop;		example and improvement must match A increased yields for any of the explanations
	2	use of (artificial) fertilisers; improved yields/grow faster;		A explanations in terms of increased speed or efficiency and I references to an example being easier
	3	use of herbicides/pesticides/insecticides; no competition from weeds/pests or increases yields;		
	4	selective breeding; improve quality/quantity of produce;		
	5	use of glass houses/poly-tunnels; protect crops from adverse environment/provide optimum growing environment/grow out of season/increased yields;		
	6	any valid example ; with improvement ;	[max 4]	
(c)	1	death of organisms ;		
	2	disrupts food chains/webs/eutrophication;		
	3	habitat destruction/soil erosion;		A deforestation
	4	changes in precipitation ;	[max 2]	A reduced biodiversity
			[Total: 11]	