## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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## Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

separates marking points

I separates alternatives within a marking point

R reject

ignore mark as if this material was not present

A accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
 AW alternative wording (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)
 underline words underlined (or grammatical variants of them) must be present indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded
 mark independently the second mark may be given even if the first mark is wrong

ecf credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

ora or reverse argument AVP any valid point

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
1	A – hoverfly ;		
	<b>B</b> – (clouded yellow) butterfly ;		
	E – ( large yellow) moth ;		
	F – springtail ;	[4]	
		[Total: 4]	
2 (a) (i)	body temperature high / above normal AW ;	[1]	
(ii)	sweat secreted AW/sweat glands active ;		A ecf if 2(a)(i) answered incorrectly
	(sweat/water) evaporates (from skin surface);		
	heat/energy for evaporation provided by body;		
	body cools down;	max [2]	
(iii)	blood carries heat AW ;		
	body temperature needs to be maintained AW at 37 °C/reference to homeostasis;		
	idea of enzyme activity affected adversely by higher temperature;		
	(more blood flow to the surface) means more heat lost;		
	by evaporation of sweat/conduction/convection/radiation;	max [2]	
(b)	33 (°C);	[1]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c)	(in exercise) muscles contract/work AW;		"more" (or equivalent) must be used at least once in the explanation otherwise max 1
	muscles respire ;		ignore body more active/respires more
	(so) release energy (for contraction );		ignore body more dolive/recopiles more
	energy is "lost" as heat ;		
	idea of (body temperature slightly raised) as blood takes time to transport the heat to the body surface/skin;	max [2]	
		[Total: 8]	
3 (a) (i)	arrow to point from heart to lungs ;	[1]	
(ii)	A – <u>renal artery</u> ;		
	B – <u>hepatic vein</u> ;		
	C – <u>pulmonary artery</u> ;	[3]	
(iii)	line joining alimentary canal to liver ;		
	hepatic portal vein ;	[2]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme				Mark	Guidance
(b)	characteristic		blood vesse	el		one mark for each correct row
		aorta	vena cava	capillary		
	thick, elastic wall	yes	no	no ;		
	valves present along length	no	yes	no;		
	transports oxygenated blood	yes	no;	no		
	amino acids pass through walls	no	no	yes;	[4]	
(c) (i)	<u>coronary</u> artery;				[1]	
(ii)	cholesterol/fat/lipid;				[1]	A thrombus/clot; ignore fatty acids/fatty foods/blood
(iii)	blockage stops blood flow A	.W ;				A heart tissue/heart muscle throughout but
	oxygen/glucose/nutrients w	vould not	reach muscl	Э;		ignore heart unqualified
	oxygen/glucose/nutrients would not reach muscle; muscle cannot respire;					
	runs out of energy;					
	muscle cells die ;					
	more muscle dies than in previous attack ;					
	heart/ventricle cannot contract effectively/cannot pump blood;			pump blood	; max [3]	
					[Total: 15]	

Page 6	Mark Scheme S		Paper
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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
4 (a)	term definition		
	genotype having two different alleles of the same general		R if more than one line from each LH box  5 or 6 correct = 5 4 correct = 4
	dominant the physical features of an organism		3 correct = 3 2 correct = 2 1 correct = 1
	heterozygous the genetic make up of an organis		
	phenotype an allele that is expressed in a heterozygote		
	haploid a length of DNA which codes for specific protein	a	
	gene containing a single set of unpaired chromosomes	[5]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(b) (i)	cell division to give (two/identical) cells;	[1]	
(ii)	asexual reproduction;		
	growth of tissues AW;		A cancer
	development of new structures;		
	replacement of cells;		
	example of mitosis occurring (e.g. in embryo/skin cells);	max [2]	
(c) (i)	(XX and XY)		
	X X X Y;		both pairs needed in correct sequence for 1 mark
	XX XX XY XY;	[2]	four needed in any order for 1 mark, but must be correct sequence if lines drawn
(ii)	50%/0.5/½/2 in 4/1 in 2/1:1;	[1]	
(iii)	<b>M</b> placed between line drawn above mother and father and line above gamete circles ;	[1]	
		[Total: 12]	
5 (a) (i)	incisor;	[1]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(ii)	K – enamel;		
	L – dentine;		
	<b>M</b> – root;		
	N – pulp (cavity);	[4]	
(b)	bacteria (in the mouth);		
	respire or feed on sugar or food/form plaque;		ignore bacteria attacking AW the enamel
	anaerobic (respiration);		acid production mark must follow from explanation
	produce AW acid ;		
	acid destroys AW enamel ;		
	(idea of) bacteria access internal structure via hole made;	max [3]	
		[Total: 8]	
6 (a) (i)	10 (years);	[1]	
(ii)	0–4 years;		either order
	12–20 years;	[2]	ignore if years not given

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(iii)	increase;		ignore growing up/getting ready to have children
	more rapid/faster AW ;		
	calculation from figures from Fig. 6.1 in support ;		
	(14–20 years is) time of adolescence/puberty/ start of the menstrual cycle;		
	sex hormones stimulate development / growth or growth of named reproductive organ;		
	named sex hormone;	max [3]	testosterone/oestrogen/progesterone A growth hormone
(b) (i)	poor development of bones / teeth / weak or brittle bones / rickets or osteoporosis or osteopenia	[4]	ignore poor development in general  A fetus takes calcium from maternal bones
(ii)	low birth weight; poor brain development; addicted to nicotine/withdrawal symptoms/irritable baby;	[1]	R blood contains tar/lungs under-developed/ respiratory conditions  ignore poor development of baby
	AVP;	max [1]	e.g. low oxygen concentration in the blood at birth
		[Total: 8]	

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	estion umber	Mark Scheme	Mark Scheme Mark Guidance	
7	(a) (i)	from left:		
		photosynthesis;		
		respiration;		
		feeding;		
		decomposition/respiration;	[4]	
	(ii)	glucose + oxygen ; ———		R if energy given on LHS
				ignore if energy given on RHS
		carbon dioxide + water ;		If chemical equation is given it must be correct and balanced = 2 mark/1 mark per "side"
			[2]	ignore mixed chemical and word equation

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(iii)	eutrophication;		first marking point is "stand alone"
	fertilisers dissolve in rain/water;		other mark points must be given in a logical sequence, but stages may be omitted
	run-off / AW into streams / lakes / sea;		
	(fertilisers provide) nutrients/nitrates/phosphates;		
	(for) algae to grow rapidly/reproduce;		
	oxygen (in the water) depleted AW/algae use more oxygen;		
	aquatic plants die (as short of oxygen/light);		
	dead plants decomposed/respired by bacteria;		
	(increased) oxygen shortage ;		
	animals/named animals die ;		ignore if animals die for wrong reason
	aquatic food chains destroyed/affected;	max [4]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(b)	death of animals and plants/loss of medicinal chemicals;		
	migration of animals/spread of animal borne diseases;		
	species extinction/loss of habitat/loss of biodiversity;		
	disruption of food chains ;		
	less photosynthesis ;		
	increase in carbon dioxide concentration ;		ignore reduction in oxygen concentration
	global warming/rising sea levels/ice caps melt;		ignore reference to ozone layer/acid rain
	loss of soil/soil erosion/landslides/soil not stabilised by roots;		
	flooding;		
	changes to water cycle/weather patterns/desertification;		
	AVP;	max [3]	
(c) (i)	3 units + 2 units = 5 units 5/20 units ;		
	25(%);	[2]	correct answer with no working gets 2 marks

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Question number		Mark Scheme			Mark	Guidance	
(ii)		contains sewage/chemical in sewage/minerals/harmful bacteria/parasites/pathogens;					idea that these need to be removed/treated
	contains (harmful cleaning) chemicals/named chemical/drugs/hormones;						
	pH of water is too low ;			max [1]			
(iii)	(vitamin) C;			[1]	A ascorbic acid		
				[Total: 17]			
8 (a) (i)	villus ;				[1]	A villi	
(ii)	al	osorption;				[1]	A increase the surface area
(b)		food type	enzyme involved in digestion	products of digestion			
		starch	amylase / carbohydrase ;	simple sugar			
		fat	lipase ;	fatty acids and glycerol;			
		protein	protease;	amino acids ;		[4]	

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Question number	Mark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
(c)	synthesis of proteins/enzymes/other chemicals;		
	breakdown/deamination (of amino acids);		
	(resulting in) urea formation ;		
	(residue of amino acid molecule) used for energy/respired;		
	AVP;	max [2]	
		[Total: 8]	