Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE NUMBER

CANDIDATE NUMBER

PHYSICS	**9702/52**
Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation	**May/June 2020**
	1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

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This document has **8** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1   A student investigates stationary waves with an elastic cord of circular cross-section attached to a load, as shown in Fig. 1.1.
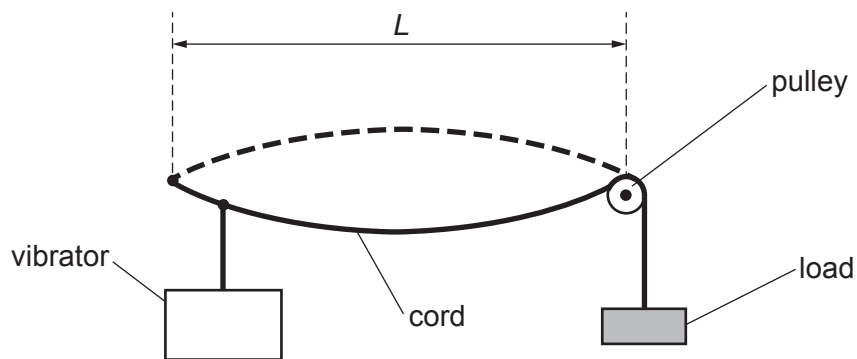
Fig. 1.1

When the frequency of the vibrator is f, the cord vibrates with the stationary wave pattern shown. The student investigates how f varies with the cross-sectional area A of the cord.

It is suggested that the relationship between f and A is

$$f = \frac{1}{2L}\sqrt{\frac{M}{kA}}$$

where L is the distance between the two nodes, M is the mass of the load and k is a constant.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between f and A.
Explain how your results could be used to determine a value for k.

You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment.
In your account you should pay particular attention to:

●   the procedure to be followed

●   the measurements to be taken

●   the control of variables

●   the analysis of the data

●   any safety precautions to be taken.

Diagram

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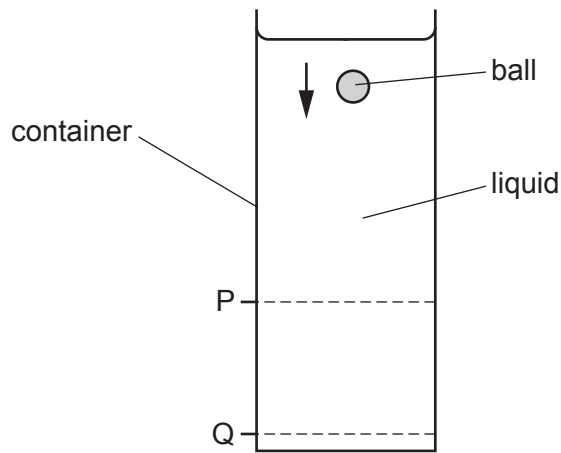.. [15]

2 A student investigates how the viscous force in a liquid varies with temperature.

The student releases a ball from the surface of the liquid in a container. The ball falls as shown in Fig. 2.1.

Fig. 2.1

The student determines the speed of the ball between P and Q and measures the thermodynamic temperature T of the liquid.

Viscosity is a term used to describe the viscous forces acting in a liquid. Viscosity has the unit pascal second (Pa s). The viscosity η of the liquid is calculated from the speed of the ball.

The experiment is repeated for the same liquid at different temperatures.

It is suggested that η and T are related by the equation

$$\eta = He^{\left(\frac{E}{kT}\right)}$$

where E and H are constants and k is the Boltzmann constant.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\ln \eta$ on the y-axis against $\frac{1}{T}$ on the x-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and y-intercept.

gradient = ...

y-intercept = ...

[1]

(b) Values of T and η are given in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1

T/K	$\eta/10^{-4}\,Pa\,s$	$\dfrac{1}{T}/10^{-3}\,K^{-1}$	$\ln(\eta/10^{-4}\,Pa\,s)$
292	12.3 ± 0.2	3.42	
303	9.8 ± 0.2	3.30	
311	8.4 ± 0.2	3.22	
323	6.8 ± 0.2	3.10	
335	5.6 ± 0.2	2.99	
346	4.8 ± 0.2	2.89	

Calculate and record values of $\ln(\eta/10^{-4}\,Pa\,s)$ in Table 2.1.
Include the absolute uncertainties in $\ln(\eta/10^{-4}\,Pa\,s)$. [2]

(c) (i) Plot a graph of $\ln(\eta/10^{-4}\,Pa\,s)$ against $\dfrac{1}{T}/10^{-3}\,K^{-1}$.
Include error bars for $\ln\eta$. [2]

(ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]

(iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

gradient = ... [2]

ln (η/10^{-4}Pas)

$\frac{1}{T}$/10^{-3}K^{-1}

[Turn over
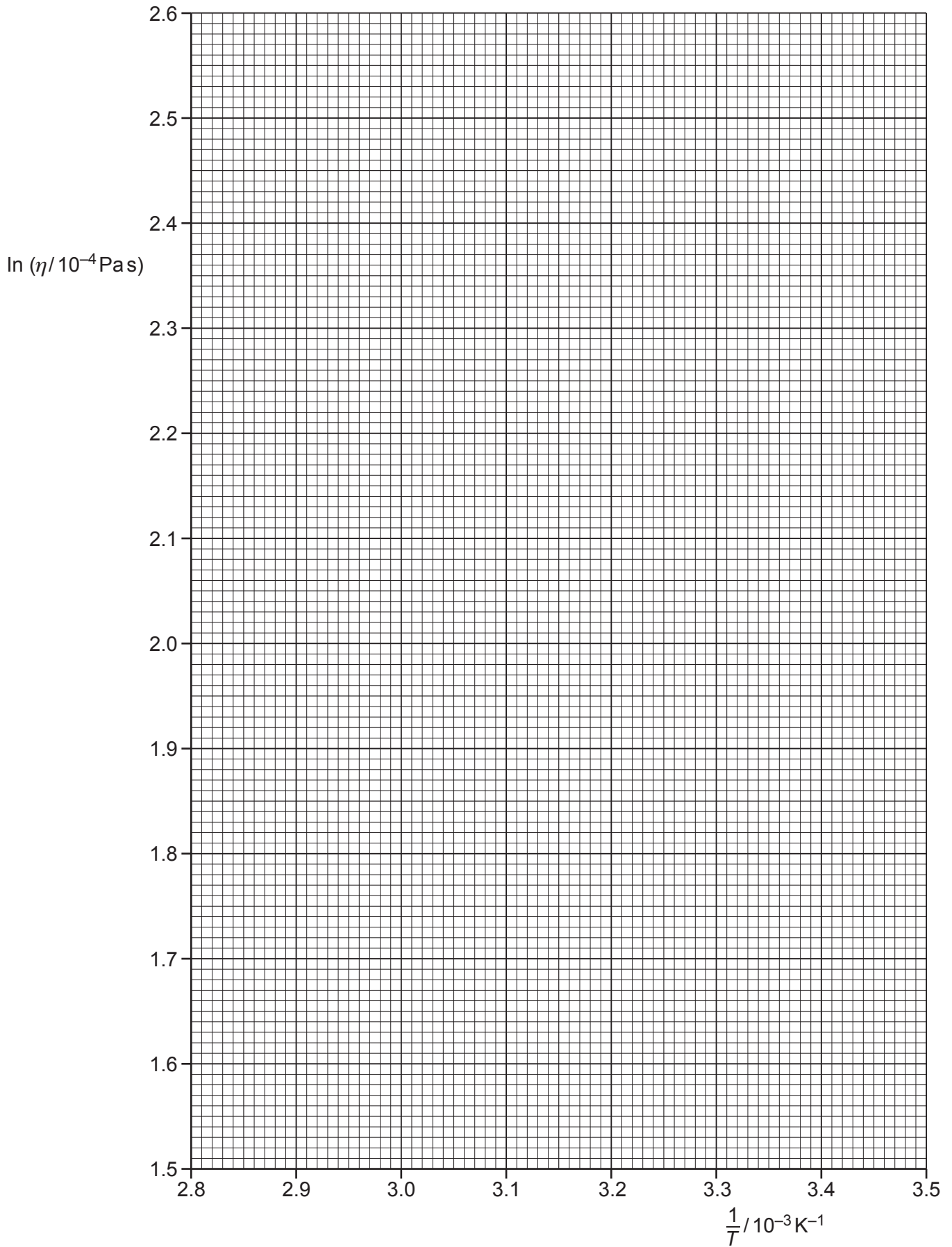
(iv) Determine the *y*-intercept of the line of best fit. Do **not** include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

y-intercept = ... [1]

(d) (i) Using your answers to **(a)**, **(c)(iii)** and **(c)(iv)**, determine values of *E* and *H*. Include appropriate units.

Data: $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}\,J\,K^{-1}$

E = ...

H = ...
[3]

(ii) Determine the absolute uncertainty in *E*.

absolute uncertainty in *E* = ... [1]

(e) Determine the value of η for a temperature of 273 K.

η = ... Pa s [1]

[Total: 15]