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Paper 2 AS Level Structured Questions

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MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 60

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	work (done) / time (taken) or energy (transferred) / time (taken)	B1
1(a)(ii)	Correct substitution of base units of all quantities into any correct equation for power.	A1
	Examples:	
	$(P = E/t \text{ or } W/t \text{ gives}) \text{ kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-2}/\text{s} = \text{kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-3}$	
	$(P = Fs/t \text{ or } mgh/t \text{ gives}) \text{ kg m s}^{-2} \text{ m/s} = \text{kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-3}$	
	$(P = \frac{1}{2}mv^2/t \text{ gives}) \text{ kg } (\text{m s}^{-1})^2/\text{s} = \text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-3}$	
	$(P = Fv \text{ gives}) \text{ kg m s}^{-2} \text{ m s}^{-1} = \text{kg m}^2 \text{s}^{-3}$	
	$(P = VI \text{ gives}) \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2} \text{ A}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ A} = \text{kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-3}$	
1(b)(i)	units of A: m ² and units of T: K	C1
	units of k : kg m ² s ⁻³ / m ² K ⁴ = kg s ⁻³ K ⁻⁴	A1
1(b)(ii)	curve from the origin with increasing gradient	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	$\rho = m/V \text{ or } \rho = m/Ah$	B1
	p = F/A or $p = W/A$	B1
	$p = [\rho A h g] / A \text{ or } p = [\rho V g] / [V / h] \text{ (so) } p = \rho g h$	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)(i)	weight/gravitational (force) upthrust (force)/buoyancy (force) drag/viscous/frictional (force)/fluid resistance/resistance	B1
	2. weight = upthrust + viscous (force)	B1
2(b)(ii)	 decrease in (gravitational) potential energy (of sphere) due to decrease in height (since E_p = mgh) increase in thermal energy due to work done against viscous force/drag loss/change of (total) E_p equal to gain/change in thermal energy Any 2 points. 	B2
2(c)(i)	atmospheric pressure = 9.1(0) × 10 ⁴ Pa	A1
2(c)(ii)	$(\Delta)p = \rho g(\Delta)h$	C1
	$(9.15 - 9.10) \times 10^4 = \rho \times 9.81 \times (0.17 - 0.10)$	
	ρ = 730 (728) kg m ⁻³	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<pre>sum/total momentum (of system of bodies) is constant or sum/total momentum before = sum/total momentum after</pre>	M1
	for an isolated system/no (resultant) external force	A 1
3(b)(i)	p = mv	C 1
	$(4.0 \times 6.0 \times \sin \theta) - (12 \times 3.5 \times \sin 30^{\circ}) = 0$ or $(m_{\text{A}}v_{\text{A}} \times \sin \theta) - (m_{\text{B}}v_{\text{B}} \times \sin 30^{\circ}) = 0$	M1
	$\theta = 61^{\circ}$	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(ii)	shows the horizontal momentum component of ball A or of ball B as $(4.0 \times 6.0 \times \cos \theta)$ or $(12 \times 3.5 \times \cos 30^\circ)$	C1
	$(4.0 \times 6.0 \times \cos 61^{\circ}) + (12 \times 3.5 \times \cos 30^{\circ}) = 4.0v \text{ so } v = 12 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	A1
3(b)(iii)	initial $E_{\rm K}$ (= $\frac{1}{2} \times 4.0 \times 12^2$) = 290 (288) (J)	M1
	final $E_{\rm K}$ (= ½ × 4.0 × 6.0 ² + ½ × 12 × 3.5 ²) = 150 (145.5) (J)	M1
	(initial E_K > final E_K) so inelastic [both M1 marks required to award this mark]	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	displacement of particles/vibration(s)/oscillation(s) is parallel to/along the direction of energy/propagation	B1
4(b)	period = $1/800 = 1.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{s}$	C1
	time-base setting = $1.25 \times 10^{-3} / 2.5$	C1
	$= 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{s}\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$	A1
4(c)(i)	$I \propto A^2$	C1
	$(I_X/I_Y =) [r_Y/r_X]^2 = [A_X/A_Y]^2$	C1
	ratio $A_{Y}/A_{X} = 120/30$	A1
	= 4.0	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)(ii)	1. $v = f \lambda$	C 1
	minimum $\lambda = 330 / (800 + 16) = 0.40 \mathrm{m}$	A 1
	2. $f_0/f_S = v/(v-v_S)$	C 1
	$816/800 = 330/(330 - v_s)$	
	$v_{\rm s} = 6.5 {\rm m s^{-1}}$	A 1

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	force per unit positive charge	B1
5(b)(i)	$s = \frac{1}{2}at^2$	C1
	$a = (2 \times 0.045) / (1.5 \times 10^{-7})^2 = 4(.0) \times 10^{12} \mathrm{m s^{-2}}$	A1
5(b)(ii)	$F = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \times 4.0 \times 10^{12} = 6.7 (6.68) \times 10^{-15} \text{N}$	A1
5(b)(iii)	1. $E = F/Q$	C1
	$= 6.68 \times 10^{-15} / 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$	A1
	$= 4.2 (4.18) \times 10^4 \text{NC}^{-1}$	
	2. E = V/d	C1
	$V = 4.18 \times 10^4 \times 0.045$	A1
	$= 1.9 \times 10^3 \text{ V}$	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	a = Eq / m or F = ma and $F = Eq$	C1
	ratio = $\frac{(2 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times (1.67 \times 10^{-27})}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times (4 \times 1.66 \times 10^{-27})}$ or $\frac{2 \times 1}{1 \times 4}$	A1
	= 0.50	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(i)	P = VI	C1
	I = 30 / 120	A1
	= 0.25 A	
6(a)(ii)	Q = 0.25 × 3.0 × 3600 (= 2700)	C1
	number = $(0.25 \times 3.0 \times 3600) / 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$	A1
	$= 1.7 \times 10^{22}$	
6(b)	$R = V/I$ or $R = P/I^2$ or $R = V^2/P$	C1
	= $120/0.25$ or = $30/0.25^2$ or = $120^2/30$ = 480Ω	A1

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)	$R = \rho l / A$	C1
	$A = (6.1 \times 10^{-7} \times 580 \times 10^{-3}) / 480 (= 7.37 \times 10^{-10})$	C1
	$d = [(4 \times 7.37 \times 10^{-10}) / \pi]^{1/2}$	A1
	$= 3.1 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{m}$	
6(d)	temperature decreases and so resistance decreases	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	nucleons = 23	B1
	neutrons = 11	B1
7(b)	similarity: same (rest) mass or equal (magnitude of) charge	B1
	difference: opposite (sign of) charge or one is matter and one is antimatter or one is an electron and one is an antielectron	B1

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