

PHYSICS

9702/36 October/November 2016

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Pa	age 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		(Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9702	36
1	(b)	(i)	Value for x in range 45.0 cm to 55.0 cm.		[1]
		(iii)	Value for I in range 500 μ A to 1500 μ A (or 0.50 mA to 1.50 mA), with	h unit.	[1]
	(c)		sets of values for x and I (with correct trend and without help from S bres 5 marks, five sets scores 4 marks etc.	Supervisor)	[5]
			nge: alues must include 20 cm or less and 80 cm or more.		[1]
		Ea The	lumn headings: ch column heading must contain a quantity and an appropriate unit. e presentation of the quantity and unit must conform to accepted science evention e.g. I/μ A.	entific	[1]
			nsistency: values of raw <i>x</i> must be given to the nearest mm.		[1]
	(d)	(i)	Axes: Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10, fraction are not allowed. Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least ha grid in both x and y directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotted. Scale markings must be no more than three large squares apart.		
			Plotting of points: All observations in the table must be plotted on the grid. Diameter of plotted points must be \leq half a small square (no "blobs Plotting of points must be accurate to half a small square.	5").	[1]
			Quality: All points in the table (at least 5) must be plotted on the grid. All points must be within $\pm 20 \ \mu$ A ($\pm 0.02 \ m$ A) of a straight line in the	ə y(I) directi	[1] on.
		(ii)	Line of best fit: Judge by balance of all points on the grid about the candidate's line points). There must be an even distribution of points either side of the full length. One anomalous plot is allowed if clearly indicated (i.e. circled or lat must be at least five points left after disregarding the anomalous por Lines must not be kinked or thicker than half a small square.	the line alor pelled). The	ng

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	(iii)	Gradient: The hypotenuse of the triangle must be greater than half the length line.	of the drawn	[1] 1
		The method of calculation must be correct. Do not allow $\Delta x / \Delta y$. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both the x directions.	and y	
		<i>y</i> -intercept: Either:		[1]
		Check correct read-off from a point on the line and substituted into Read-off must be accurate to half a small square in both x and y dia Or:		
		Check read-off of the intercept directly from the graph (accurate to small square.	half a	
(e)		lue of $S =$ candidate's gradient and value of $T =$ candidate's intercept not allow fractions.	t.	[1]
	Со	nsistent units for S (e.g. μ A cm ⁻¹) and T (e.g. μ A).		[1]
(f)	Ca	Iculation: <i>r</i> calculated correctly to the s.f. given by the candidate.		[1]
	Sig	nificant figures: <i>r</i> given to 2 or 3 s.f.		[1]
2 (b)) (ii)	x_1 in range 10.0 cm to 40.0 cm.		[1]
(c)) Va	lue of $x_2 < x_1$.		[1]
(d)) (i)	Second value of x_1 .		[1]
	(ii)	Value of x_2 given to nearest mm and all other raw values of x in (b) are to the nearest mm.	, (c) and (d)	[1]
(e)) (i)	Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
	(ii)	Justification of the s.f. in k based on the s.f. in x_1 and the s.f in x_2 .		[1]
	(iii)	Valid comment consistent with the calculated values of <i>k</i> , testing ag stated numerical criterion.	gainst a	[1]
(f)	(i)	Raw values of <i>D</i> to nearest 0.001 cm and in range 1.400 cm to 2.20	0 cm.	[1]
		Evidence of repeated readings for <i>D</i> .		[1]
	(ii)	Absolute uncertainty in <i>D</i> of 0.001 cm or 0.002 cm. If repeated readings have been taken, then absolute uncertainty co half the range (but not zero) if working is clearly shown.	uld be	
		Correct method of calculation to obtain percentage uncertainty.		[1]

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(iv) Quality: *M* in range 3 g to 13 g.

[1]

[1]

(g)	(i) Limitations [4]	(ii) Improvements [4]	Do not credit
A	Two readings are not enough to draw a valid conclusion	Take more readings and plot graph/ take more readings and compare <i>k</i> values	Two readings not enough for accurate results Repeat readings Few readings Take more readings and calculate average <i>k</i>
В	Empty beaker moves on bench	Fix beaker with Blu-Tack/tape/ glue	
С	Difficult to balance rule: rule slips on pivot/ wind disturbs balance	Make groove in rule (under 50cm mark)/ other practical method e.g. hinge/nail through rule	Blu-tack Tape Switch off fans String slips on rule
D	Spheres/string/tape still wet after immersion so <u>mass</u> <u>changes</u> or string/tape adds to mass of sphere	Use waterproof string/ use wire	Dry the spheres Waterproof tape
E	Difficult to measure <i>x</i> with reason, e.g. string too thick (so it covers graduations on rule)	Use thin(ner) string	Parallax problems
F	Marble not round	Improved method of finding <i>V</i> (e.g. liquid displacement)	Repeat readings and average