

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 3 Written Paper MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

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Question		Answer	Marks							
1	(a)	Single line joining all four computers and file server One "terminator" at each end								
	(b)	(b)								
		Statement	True	False						
		Computer C uses the IP address of Computer A to indicate that the packet is for Computer A.	~		1					
		Computer B can read the packet sent from Computer C to Computer A.	✓		1					
		The File server routes the packet to Computer A.		~	1					
	(c) (i)	Collision	1							
	(ii)	Both stop transmitting Each uses a random time	1							
		Wait for time period Check for bus status			1					
		Attempt to re-transmit								
	(d)	Star topology created A switch has a number of <u>ports</u> Each connects to a single device (using a dedicated cable)								
		Switch provides direct transmission/path from device to device								
		Collisions are no longer possible There are dedicated links from Computer A to Computer C AND from the Server to Computer D								
2	(a)	Examples: Serial number Certificate Authority that issued certificate <u>CA</u> digital signature	A mark for each correct							
		Name of company/organisation/individual/sub Certificate <u>'Subject'</u> public key	data item -							
		Period during which Certificate is valid // som	Max 3							
	(b) (i)	Public The individual keeps their private key private known by others (the public)	1							
	(ii)	Public The individual does not know the private key of the CA // the individual								
		only knows the public key of the CA // only the packaged information	e CA car	i decrypt the	1					

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(iii	Private 'Only' the CA's public key will allow decryption of the Certificate // proving the certificate was issued by the CA		1 1			
(c) (i	(c) (i) Digital signature					
(ii	Alexa's digital certificate (Includes) Alexa's public key Used to hash message received // produce message digest Generated hash compared to digital signature		1 1 1 1 Max 2			
(iii	Examples: Financial transaction Legal document Software distribution		1 1 1 Max 2			
3 (a) (i	 (a) (i) Examples: Create / delete virtual machine Existing hardware made available to guest OS // hardware emulation Ensures each virtual machine is protected from actions of another virtual machine 					
(ii	Guest operating system: An operating system running in a virtual machine // Controls virtual hardware // OS is being emulated		1			
	Host operating system: The operating system that is actually controlling the physical hard the operating system for the physical machine// the OS running th software		1			
	Guest OS is running under the Host OS software	1 Max 2				
(b) (i	(b) (i) Examples: Trial/use alternative replacement operating system(s) Test to identify possible problems Much easier to create VM with a new OS than create new computer system		Two marks for each use			
	Trial/use alternative replacement web server software Test to identify possible problems Easier to try alternative new software <u>and</u> new OS combinations		Maximum two uses			
	To provide some additional service(s) Trial/test its use - description e.g. a print server					
	General description point – to provide a safe environment during t (which does not disrupt the web server service)	esting	Max 4			

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(ii)	Examples: Using virtual machine means execution of extra code // emulation some hardware	of	1			
	Non-VM installation may not perform in the same way Execution speed slower than non-VM system Problems in judging actual response times		1 1 1			
	at time of maximum traffic needs fastest possible speed Particular hardware may be difficult to emulate		1 Max 2			
4 (a)	File organisation method File access method serial direct		1			
	sequential		2			
	random		1			
(b) (i)	Sequential As all customers get statement // high hit rate		1 1			
	Suitable for batch processing of the records // the records will be processed one after the other File organised using customer's unique ID (as primary key field) //		1 1			
	Serial As all customers get statement // high hit rate Suitable for batch processing of the records // the records will be		1 1			
	processed one after the other Order not important		1 1			
			Max 3			
(ii)	Random Real-time transaction processing Requires fastest access to data No need to search through records		1 1 1 1			
			Max 3			

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		(iii)	Serial Each new record is appended Transactions are recorded in chronological order File re-organisation not required for each new record // no need for the records to be sorted						1 1 1
									Max 3
5	(a)			Α	В		x		
				0	0		1		
				0	1		1		4
				1	0		1		1
				1	1		0		
	(b)	(i)							
				S	R	Q	Q		
				1	0	0	1		1
				1	1	0	1		1
				0	1	1	0		1 1
				1	1	1	0		•
				0	0	1	1		
		(ii)	S = 0 R = 0					-	1
		()	Produces Q = 1 ,	$\overline{O} = 1 // O an$	$d\overline{O}$ have	same va	alue		1
			But Q and Q shou	uld be compl					1
			Becomes unstabl	e					1
									Max 3
	(c) (i) Clock (pulse)								1
	(ii) All four possibilities are valid The 1-1 combination changes output to logical complement							ment	1
			Unstable state av	oided	·	•	-	liont	1
			Invalid state cann	iot occur // tr	е пр-пор і	s stadie	•		1
									Max 1
	(d)		Memory // data st Stores a single bi		1 1				
6	(a)	(i)	Monitoring system	n					1
		(ii)	This is not a 'feed There is no 'contr No output other th	ol' taking pla	ace/use of a	actuato	rs //		1

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(b)	Examples: Pressure If intruder steps on sensor Infra-red If beam cut by intruder Motion / ultrasonic Detects any movement in an area Contact / magnetic If door / window opened							
(c) (i)				· · · · · ·				
	BITREG	COUNT	VALUE	ACC		Mark as ollows:		
	B00001010	0	1	B00001010				
				B0000000		mark for:		
				1		COUNT		
			2	2		column		
				B00001010		/ALUE		
				B00000010		column		
				0		First two		
		1		1		values in ACC		
				2		column		
			4	4	A	Rest of		
				B00001010		ACC		
				B0000000		column		
				4				
			8	8				
				B00001010 B00001000				
		2		1				
		2		2 8		Max 4		
(ii)	#1		1					
	(iii) CMP #8							
. ,	CMP #128					1		