

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY 9701/31

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9701	31

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	I Correct headings and units for mass of FA 1 and volume of CO ₂ • Mass of container + FA 1 • Mass of container (+ residue) • Mass of FA 1 • Volume of gas Allow vol for volume but not V Units needed for all readings	1
	II Both weighings to the same number of dp and correct mass of FA 1 calculated (If initial and final volumes recorded then subtraction for volume collected must be correct.)	1
1(b)(i)	Correctly calculates $\frac{V(a)}{24.0 \times 1000}$	1
1(b)(ii)	Correct expression (i) \times 100.1 or (i) \times (40.1 + 12 + (3)16) Must show working	1
1(b)(iii)	Correctly uses $\frac{(ii)x100}{mass in(a)}$	1
	All three answers to 2 to 4 sf	1 4
1(c)	Any of: warm water in tub/saturate water with CO ₂ /a specific method of separation of CaCO ₃ and acid so only mixed after bung inserted/gas syringe	1
	Total	7

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9701	31

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	I Initial and final burette readings and volume added recorded for rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated. [minimum 2×2 'boxes' with relevant information]	1
	II Initial and final burette readings recorded and volume of FA 3 added recorded for each accurate titration. Headings and units correct for accurate titrations Headings: initial/final (burette) reading/volume or reading/volume at start/finish and volume/FA 3 added/used or titre [not difference/total] allow vol but not V and	1
	Units: (cm³) or/cm³ or in cm³ [or cm³ by every entry] III All accurate burette readings are recorded to the nearest 0.05 cm³ Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50(.00); any burette reading is greater than 50(.0)	1
	IV Final uncorrected titre is within 0.10 cm ³ of any previous uncorrected accurate titre. Do not include a reading if it is labelled rough. Do not award the mark if any accurate burette readings (apart from the initial zero) are given as integers.	1

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks	
	V, VI and VII Examiner rounds any accurate burette readings to the nearest 0.05 cm³, checks subtractions and then selects the 'best' accurate titres using the hierarchy: identical titres; titres within 0.05 cm³; titres within 0.1 cm³; etc., to calculate mean correct to 0.01 cm³. Examiner uses the best titre to calculate the ratio of acid remaining after reaction with calcium carbonate in	3	
	Question 1 to this best titre from Question 2 for Supervisor and each candidate. The ratio of this value for the candidate is compared to the ratio of this value for the Supervisor and marks awarded as follows.		
	Award V , VI and VII for 0.95 – 1.05 Award V and VI for 0.90 – 1.10 Award V for 0.80 – 1.20		

Page 5	Mark Scheme		Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	Check mean titre is correctly calculated from clearly selected values (ticks or working). • Candidate must average two (or more) titres where the total spread is ≤ 0.20 cm³. • Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the two (or more) accurate readings selected. • The mean should normally be quoted to 2 dp rounded to the nearest 0.01. [e.g. 26.667 must be rounded to 26.67] Two special cases where the mean may not be to 2 dp: allow mean to 3 dp only for 0.025 or 0.075, e.g. 26.325; allow mean to 1 dp if all accurate burette readings were given to 1 dp and the mean is exactly correct. [e.g. 26.0 and 26.2 = 26.1 is correct but 26.0 and 26.1 = 26.1 is incorrect.] Do not award this mark if: • the rough titre was used to calculate the mean; • candidate carried out only 1 accurate titration; • burette readings were incorrectly subtracted to obtain any of the accurate titre values; • all burette readings (resulting in titre values used in calculation of mean) are integers. Note: the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked as correct even if it is different from the mean calculated by the examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy.	1 1
2(c)(i) and (ii)	Correctly calculates $\frac{0.140 \times (\mathbf{b})}{1000}$ and same answer in (ii) and both answers to 3 or 4 sf	1
2(c)(iii) and 2(c)(iv)	Correctly uses (ii) \times 10 and Answer = $5.(00) \times 10^{-2}$	1
2(c)(v)	Correctly calculates (iv) – (iii)	1
2(c)(vi)	Correctly uses [(v) × 100.1]/2	1

Page 6	Mark Scheme		Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)(vii)	Correctly uses [(vi) × 100)/(mass in (a)] to a minimum of 2 sf	1 5
2(d)	Question 1: % purity lower as loss of gas means fewer moles/less mass CaCO ₃	1
	Question 2: no change/% same as same amount of acid reacts/(amount) acid left is same	1
		4 max 3
	Total	16

Question		Answe	•	Marks	
	FA 5 is NaNO ₃ (s); FA 6 is CuCO ₃ (s); FA 7 is NaBr(aq)				
3(a)(i)	FA 5	FA 6			
	(goes to) colourless or yellow liquid/ solution	(green) powder/solid (turns) black/black residue		1+1	
	gas relights glowing splint	or gas turns limewater milky/cloudy white/chalky/forms white ppt		1	
	gas (turns) brown/brown gas or solution turns blue	(pale) blue solution/liquid formed		1+1	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer			Marks
3(a)(ii)–(iv)	FA 5	FA 6		
	(iii) solid dissolves/colourless solution allow no reaction/no change/no effervescence	effervescence/fizzing/bubbling and blue solution/liquid formed		1
	(iv) no reaction/no change/no ppt/remains colourless	blue ppt and insoluble in excess	1	1
	(v) no reaction/no change/no ppt/remains colourless	(pale) blue ppt and soluble in excess to give deep/dark blue (solution)		1
3(a)(v)	FA 5 : cation unknown; anion nitrate/NO ₃ ⁻ FA 6 : cation Cu ²⁺ /copper(II); anion carbonate/CO ₃ ²⁻ 4 correct = 3 marks 3 correct = 2 marks 2 correct = 1 mark			1 1 1
3(a)(vi)	$CuCO_3(s) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow CuSO_4(aq) + H_2O(I) + CO_2(g)$			1 12
3(b)(i)	Selects AgNO ₃ and NH ₃ Selects NaOH and Al and HCl/HNO ₃ /H ₂ SO ₄			1
3(b)(ii)	Clearly defined test observation conclusion sections			1
	FA 7 + AgNO ₃ cream ppt partially soluble in NH ₃			1
	FA 7 is bromide/Br - from cream ppt			1
				5
			Total	17