

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

#### CHEMISTRY

9701/33 May/June 2014

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these Instructions, please contact Cambridgeby e-mail:info@cie.org.uk,by phone:+44 1223 553554,by fax+44 1223 553558,stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



### Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

**C** corrosive substance

- **F** highly flammable substance
- H harmful or irritating substance
- O oxidising substance

T toxic substance

N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

### Before the Examination

### 1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

### 2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

## Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

### 3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FA** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FA** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

### 4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

### 5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

### **Apparatus**

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable gloves should be used where necessary.
- **3** For each candidate
  - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$  pipette
  - $1 \times 50 \, cm^3$  burette
  - $1 \times burette stand and clamp$
  - $1 \times \text{funnel}$  (for filling burette)
  - $1\times 250\,cm^3$  conical flask
  - $1 \times \text{white tile}$
  - $1 \times 100 \, cm^3$  beaker
  - $1 \times 250 \, cm^3$  beaker
  - 1 × foamed plastic (polystyrene) cup
  - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$  measuring cylinder
  - $1 \times$  thermometer (-10° to +110°C at 1°C)
  - $1 \times glass \ rod$
  - $1\times Bunsen \ burner$
  - $1 \times heat proof mat$
  - $1 \times \text{test-tube holder}$
  - $9 \times test-tubes^*$
  - $3\times boiling \ tubes^*$
  - $1 \times \text{test-tube rack}$
  - 2 × teat/dropping pipette
  - 1 × wash bottle containing distilled water

paper towels

access to a balance weighing to at least 0.1 g

\* Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible. Additional test-tubes should be available.

# Where balance provision is limited, some candidates should be instructed to start the examination with different questions.

**Chemicals Required** 

- It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.
- 2 Particular requirements

hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)
[N]	FA 1	150 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.02 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> potassium manganate(VII)	See preparation instructions on page 60 of the 2014 syllabus.
[H]	FA 2	150 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.106 mol dm⁻³ ammonium iron(II) sulfate	Dissolve 41.6g of (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> .FeSO <sub>4</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O <b>[H]</b> in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution made with 1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> <b>[H]</b> . Note: <b>FA 2</b> and <b>FA 6</b> are the same solution but they must be supplied separately.
Έ	FA 3	$250\mathrm{cm}^3$	1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> sulfuric acid	See preparation instructions on page 59 of the 2014 syllabus.
[F]	magnesium ribbon	1 × 10cm 1 × 20cm	magnesium ribbon	Provide each candidate with two lengths of magnesium ribbon <b>[F]</b> $1 \times 10.0$ cm $\pm 0.2$ cm and $1 \times 20.0$ cm $\pm 0.2$ cm. The ribbon should be coiled so that it fits into the bottom of the plastic cups.
	FA 4	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> iron(III) chloride	Dissolve 27.0g of FeC <i>I</i> <sub>3</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O <b>[C]</b> in each dm <sup>3</sup> of 0.2 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid. To prepare 0.2 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid, dilute 17.0 cm <sup>3</sup> of concentrated (35-37%; approximately 11 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) acid <b>[C]</b> to 1 dm <sup>3</sup> .
[N]	FA 5	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> manganese(II) sulfate	Dissolve 27.7g of MnSO4.7H2O [H] [N] in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution.
[H]	FA 6	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.106 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ammonium iron(II) sulfate	Dissolve 41.6g of $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ .FeSO_4.6H <sub>2</sub> O [H] in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution made with 1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> [H].

reagents. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the The reagents below should also be provided. Unless otherwise stated, each candidate should require no more than 10 cm<sup>3</sup> of any of these fact that such an arrangement may lead to contamination of reagents and enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates. ന

[H]diute hydrochloric acidi[C]diute nitric acidi[H]diute sulturic acid20[H]aqueous ammonia20cm³[H]aqueous sodium hydroxide20cm³[L]aqueous sodium hydroxide20cm³[H]0.1 moldm³ barium chloride20cm³[H]0.1 moldm³ barium nitratei[H]0.5 moldm³ barium nitratei[H]0.5 moldm³ barium nitratei[H]0.65 moldm³ silver nitrate[H]105 moldm³ silver nitrate[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]manganate(VII)[H]pice aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]acidified aqueous potassium[H]pice aqueous potass	hazard	label	per candidate	notes
dilute nitric acid   dilute nitric acid     dilute sulfuric acid   20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous ammonia   20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide   20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride   20 cm <sup>3</sup> [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide   20 cm <sup>3</sup> adueous barium chloride   20 cm <sup>3</sup> acidified aqueous potassium   20 cm <sup>3</sup> acidified aqueous potassium   20 cm <sup>3</sup>	Ξ	dilute hydrochloric acid		
dilute sulfuric acid   20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous ammonia   20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide   20 cm <sup>3</sup> o.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride   20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate     1 mewater   1 mewater     acidified aqueous potassium   1 manganate(VII)	<u></u>	dilute nitric acid		
aqueous ammonia 20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide 20 cm <sup>3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide 20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride 20 cm <sup>3</sup> [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate] 0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate   0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate 1   acidified aqueous potassium acidified aqueous potassium	Ξ	dilute sulfuric acid		
aqueous sodium hydroxide   20 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride   20 cm <sup>3</sup> [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate     0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate   1     acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)   1	Ξ	aqueous ammonia	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	
0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate] 0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate limewater acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)	5	aqueous sodium hydroxide	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	See identity details and preparation instructions on pages 59 and 60 of the 2014 syllabus.
[or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate] 0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate limewater acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)	Ξ	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride		
0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate limewater acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)	_	[or 0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]		
limewater acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)	[H] [N]	0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate		
acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)	Έ	limewater		
	[H] [N]	acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII)		Mix equal volumes of 0.02 moldm <sup>-3</sup> KMnO $_4$ [N] [O] [H] and 1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> sulfuric acid [H].

red and blue litmus papers, plain filter paper strips for use with acidified manganate(VII), aluminium foil for testing nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints and the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

### Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, **must**, **out of sight of the candidates**, **carry out the experiments in Question 1 and Question 2** and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

### This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

### After the Examination

### Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- **4** The Attendance Register.

### 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

### COLOUR-BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application.

### **REPORT FORM**

7

This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.

Centre Number ...... Name of Centre .....

### 1 Supervisor's Results

Please submit details of the readings obtained in **Question 1 and Question 2** on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' **and showing the Centre number and appropriate session/laboratory number.** 

2 The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:

First Session

Second Session

- **3** The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
  - (a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
  - (b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
  - (c) accidents to apparatus or materials;
  - (d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

4 A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

Report on any difficulties experienced by candidates.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.