

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

BUSINESS

9609/23 May/June 2016

Paper 2 Data Response MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 60

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.

International Examinations

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

Question						Mark
1 (a) (i)	Define the	term 'demographic segment	ation' (line 3	3).		2
		Knowledge	Marks			
	A correct	definition	2			
	A partial,	vague or unfocused definition	1			
	No credita	able content	0			
	A correct d	efinition should include:				
		ire of the population/market seg o in some way, i.e. age, income				
(ii)	Briefly exp	plain the term 'business enter	prise' (line	13).		3
	Example	Example or some other way of showing good understanding 1 mark				
	Entrepreneurial activity (i.e. risk taking/profit aim/organises other 1 mark factors, setting up business etc.)					
	Provision	of goods/services/ideas/innova	tion		1 mark	
		ss enterprise can be explained of production. Examples of both	-			
(b) (i)	Refer to T	able 1. Calculate the value of	Х.			2
	Mark	Rationale				
	2 marks	Correct answer with or withou	t working			
	1 mark	Correct formula OR attempt w	ith relevant	data		
	0 marks	No creditable content				
	(opening b	alance + cash in) – cash out				
	Opening ba Add cash i Less cash X = 6 (acce	n 12				
	thinking, th i.e. 12000	ate provides a WRONG answer en this is 0 marks. – 11 000 = 1000 – award 1 mar no working award 0 marks		rking to support	their	

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

Question				Ма		
(ii)	Explain the difference between profit and cash for SS.					
	Level	Knowledge and Application	Marks			
	2b (APPAPP)	Explanation of the difference between profit and cash	4			
	2a (APP)	Identification of the difference between profit and cash	3			
	1b (KK)	Knowledge of profit AND cash	2			
	1a (K)	Knowledge of profit OR cash	1			
	0	No creditable content	0			
	 NB it is not possible to determine the profit from the cash flow forecast in Table 2 – any suggestion that SS make a loss based on Table 2 is wrong. Context and content is likely to come from: Cash is physical flow of money in and out of the business, for example, cash flow is shown by cash flow forecast Profit is revenue minus costs, shown in the income statement 					
	for survival initial monthe	important to SS as it is a new business and is more ir n the first year, different to profit which may not be ma s of trade by SS. one asset which may represent profits				

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

estion									
(c)		e <u>two</u> suitable promotiona ess of SS in the town.	al metho	ds that Steve could use t	o raise				
	Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks				
	2b	Shows understanding of two or more promotional methods in context	4	Good analysis of two or more promotional methods in context	4				
	2a	Shows understanding of one promotional method in context	3	Good analysis of one promotional method in context	3				
	1b	Shows knowledge of two or more promotional methods	2	Limited analysis of two or more promotional methods	2				
	1a	Shows knowledge one promotional method	1	Limited analysis of one promotional method	1				
	0	No creditable content							
	NB Acc	NB Accept above and below the line as methods of promotion							
	 Dem purc have Ana this loca Entr 	/content likely to come from nographics/targeting his mathase sailing products so mathase sailing products so mathase interest in sailing (local new lysis of costs linked to the r will impact on the choice and I newspaper, local radio) epreneur starting a new bu ness plan/cash flow	arketing – lethods th ewspaper nethod – vailable to	hat target age 44–66 or tho , sailing magazine, leaflets small business, limited bur o him (so local methods su	se that 5) dget and ch as				

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

estion				
(d)	Discuss the usefulness to Table 2.	Steve of	producing the cash flow foreca	ist in
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks
			Justified judgement(s) that follow on from an argument of two or more uses of cash flow forecasts in context	7
			Judgement(s) that follow on from an argument of two or more uses of cash flow forecasts in context	6
			A balanced argument (two sided) based on one use of cash flow forecasts in context	5
	Shows understanding of two or more uses of cash flow forecasts in context	4	Argument based on the usefulness of two or more uses of cash flow forecasts in context	4
	Shows understanding of one use of cash flow forecasts in context	3	Argument based on the usefulness of one use of cash flow forecasts in context	3
	Shows knowledge of usefulness of cash flow forecasts	2	Limited analysis of two or more uses of cash flow forecasts	2
	Shows knowledge of cash flow forecasts	1	Limited analysis of one use of cash flow forecasts	1
		No cred	itable content	

Context/content likely to come from:

- SS is a new business and looking for a grant, having a cash-flow forecast will be required to earn the grant (strong business plan in the case study)
- Allows Steve to plan ahead and manage the budget more effectively e.g., the deficit in the first few months
- Many small businesses fail due to a lack of cash flow so this allows Steve to plan and, for example, arrange an overdraft in Months 2–4
- Allows Steve to manage cash flow, e.g. it can be seen the deficit in Months 2, 3 and 4 could be overcome from reductions in cash out i.e. marketing.
- May not be useful if forecast is not researched properly to ensure the figures are as accurate as possible, particularly revenue expected from customers in the first six months.

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

Questic	on						Mark
2 (a)	(i)	Define the	term 'lead time' (lines 4–5).				2
			Knowledge	Marks			
		A correct	definition	2	-		
		A partial,	vague or unfocused definition	1			
		No credita	able content	0			
		A correct de	efinition should include:		-		
			aken from start of a process e.g. he completion of the process e.g.		•	plier	
	(ii)	Briefly exp	plain the term 'mission stateme	nt' (line 2).			3
		Example or some other way of showing good understanding (i.e. 1 main used to formulate business objectives, can be used to promote business, etc.)					
	Covers values/culture/vision/aims of the business 1 mai				1 mark		
		Summary/ statement	/ <u>core</u> statement/ <u>short</u> statement/ <u>c</u> /etc.	one statement	/ <u>brief</u>	1 mark	
(b)	(i)	Refer to Table 3. Calculate CC's acid test ratio.					
		Mark	Rationale				
		3 marks	Correct answer with or without	working			
		2 marks	Attempt with two correct calcul	ations			
		1 mark	Correct formula OR one correct	ct calculation			
		0 marks	No creditable content				
				e receivables - les + Other cu		_ S	
		Current Lia	sets = 14 + 13 = 27 bilities = 16 + 11 = 27 1:1 (allow 1)				

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

Question				Mark		
(ii)	Explain <u>one</u> reason why the acid test ratio is useful to CC's Finance Director.					
	Level	Knowledge and Application	Marks			
	2b	Explanation of a use of the acid test ratio in context	3			
	2a	Identification of a use of the acid test ratio in context	2			
	1	Identification of a use of the acid test ratio	1			
	0	No creditable content	0			
	avera Need 	sure of liquidity/check of risk of illiquidity. At 1.0 it is above t age so reassuring. Likely to be positive sign. I to look at trends over time, 1.0 this year but what was it la ning then there could be a worry about future liquidity.	-			

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

stion					
(c)	Analyse the benefits to CC of having a CSR objective.				
	Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Mark	Analysis (4 marks)	Mark
	0	Shows understanding of two or more benefits to CC of having CSR as an objective	4	Good analysis of two or more benefits of CSR as an objective in context	4
	2	Shows understanding of one benefit to CC of having CSR as an objective	3	Good analysis of one benefit of CSR as an objective in context	3
	1b	Shows knowledge of CSR as an objective	2	Limited analysis of two or more benefits of CSR as an objective	2
	1a	Shows knowledge of objectives	1	Limited analysis of one benefit of CSR as an objective	1
	0	No creditable content			
	 CC is will e Bene - I - 0 - 1 - 0 - 1 - 0 - 1 	expect a plc like CC to have fits: mage of CC as a plc in the r Could encourage positive PF mpact on sales/profits of this Employment benefits – attra CAM proposal is communica	any, pro a CSR p marketpl R/image/ s cting and ted to er	ace and 'giving back' brand d retaining employees and h	ow the

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2016	9609	23

uestion (d)	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages to CC from introducing and using CAM.				
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Mark	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Mark	
			Justified judgement(s) that follow on from an argument of the advantages AND disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM in context	7	
			Judgement(s) that follow on from an argument of the advantages AND disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM in context	6	
			A balanced argument based on one or more advantages AND one or more disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM in context	5	
	Shows understanding advantages AND disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM	4	Argument based on two or more advantages OR two or more disadvantages of introducing/using CAM in context	4	
	Shows understanding advantages OR disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM	3	Argument based on one advantage OR one disadvantage of introducing/ using CAM in context	3	
	Shows knowledge of introducing AND using CAM	2	Limited analysis of advantages AND disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM	2	
	Shows knowledge of introducing OR using CAM	1	Limited analysis of advantages OR disadvantages of introducing/ using CAM	1	
	No creditable content				

Mark Scheme Schem Sch

Question		Mark		
	Context/content could come from:			
	ADVANTAGES			
	 Assists in reducing costs in the long term so help in maximising value for shareholders (links to mission statement) Reduces costs and will help continue to improve profits (they have been rising in the last few years) Assist CC in being competitive – the car industry and suppliers are competitive, so CAM will reduce cost pressures and assist CC in being price competitive 			
	DISADVANTAGES			
	 May conflict with CSR, CAM could result in redundancies if automation develops further and may be seen as not socially responsible (damage to image) 			
	 Impact on employees and morale – fear of redundancies, change, could conflict with the mission statement from an employee perspective. 			