## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## 9700 BIOLOGY

9700/31

Paper 3 (Paper 31 – Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark scheme abbreviations:

separates marking points alternative answers for the same point reject accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance) alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual) actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted) indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given or reverse argument marking point (with relevant number) error carried forward

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1	(a) (i)	(a) (i) volume given the same or more than <b>G</b> (4–10 inclusive) ;			[1]
	(ii)	•	nised into table columns separated by a line + all headings underlined	l;	
		head	dings <u>temp</u> (erature)/ <u>°C</u> + <u>time</u> / <u>s</u> or sec(onds) ;		[2]
	(iii)	ansv	ver according to candidates results + further qualificati	on;	
			of data (at least two temperatures AND two references	to time)	
		<b>or</b> idea	of an increase in kinetic energy increases the rate of r	eaction;	[2]
	(iv)	state	ement of temperature with units °C + valid reason ;		[1]
	(v)		vs transfer of 15 cm <sup>3</sup> (of 2% to the next dilution) ds 15 cm <sup>3</sup> of (distilled) water/ <b>W</b> ;		
		1(.0)	% AND 0.5% ;		[2]

(vi) all four volumes correct;

solution	volume/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Benedict's same volumes as stated in (a)		
glucose	4	
S1	4	
S2	4	

[1]

(vii) records 6 times (for 4 concentrations of glucose + S1 + S2);

records whole seconds only;

highest concentration of glucose is shortest time ; [3]

(viii) shows position of 0.5, 1(.0) and 2(.0), scale – one space = 0.5;
shows position of S1 + S2 correctly according to their results; [2]

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	(ix)	(ix) more/wider/narrower range of glucose concentrations;			
		or	ndividually/each test-tube separately to prevent timing	error	
		repli	cate/repeat;		
		idea	of thermostatically-controlled water-bath;		
		use	of white card/tile to observe colour change ;		[max 3]
	(x)	-	nge or thermometer or stopwatch + no effect + if use mometer or stopwatch	e same syringe	or
		-	of different syringe used + systematic error + not true	value ;	[1]
					[Total: 18]
2	(a) (i)		ast 2 lines for upper epidermis + 2 lines for lower epide scular bundle + size at least 60mm across midrib + no		
			ells + one complete vascular bundle in the midrib scular bundle subdivided ;		
			concave surface and one convex surface closed area beneath or above (or around) the vascula	r bundle ;	
		uses	s label line + label to xylem ;		[4]
	(ii)		ast 6 cells + size at least 20mm across largest cell at r arp continuous lines ;	narrowest	
		only	2 groups of 3 cells drawn, each cell touching at least of	one other cell;	
		one	cell has at least 3 corners ;		
		cell	walls drawn as double lines + middle lamella between	;	
		use	label line(s) + label to <u>one</u> lumen ;		[5]

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(b) (i) co	orrect measurement of line <b>X</b> (18–20 mm or 1.8–2(.0) cm)	;	
U	ses mm and converts to $\mu m$ by multiplying by 1000 ;		
sl	hows division by 230 ;		
rc	ounds answer to appropriate number of significant figures	;	[4]
	lea of stomata/guard cell(s) + closed reduces transpiration or evaporation or diffusion of water	• 7	[1]

(c) mp1 organise as table with 3 columns headed feature + Fig. 2.2 + Fig. 2.3 ;

mp	feature	Fig. 2.2	Fig 2.3
2	guard cells <b>size</b>	(some) large(r)/ thicker	(some) small(er)/ thinner ;
3	nucleus of the guard cells	rounder or small(er)/short(er)	more elongated or large(r)/long(er) ;
4	stomata shape or length	narrow / elongated / slits or long(er)	oval or short(er) ;
5	stomata/guard cell <b>number</b>	few(er)	more ;
6	(epidermal) cells <b>shap</b> e or <b>size</b>	narrow/elongated/ rectangular/oblong or longer/narrower	irregular/star- shaped/convoluted or shorter/wider ;
7	(epidermal) cells <b>wall</b>	small indentations wavy	large indentations smooth ;
8	number of types of cells	more	less ;
9	arrangement of any cells	in rows/lines/ linear/parallel	scattered/random;
10	line or strip	present	absent ;

max 3 for differences

[max 4]

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(d) (x-axis) <u>conc</u>entration of  $\underline{CO_2 \mu mol mol^{-1}}$ 

+ label on blocks upper epidermis/U, lower epidermis/L, 380 + 560+ 800

+ (y-axis) mean number of stomata/mm<sup>2</sup>;

(x-axis) even width of blocks and even distance between blocks +, + (y-axis) 20 to 2 cm labelled every 2 cm, except 0 ;

correct plotting of each bar in the same order as the table + ruled sharp line ;

all vertical lines drawn as ruled sharp lines + all lines meeting exactly + labels for upper and lower must either be directly below the correct bar or inside the bar or shaded with a key;

[4]

[Total: 22]