MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/33

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Page 2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

Que	estion	Expe	cted Answers	Additional guidance	
1 (a) (i)	Decide on the concentrations of co	oper sulfate solution you will use in your inve	stigation.	[3]
	[1]	any 4 or more (volumes/concentration	ns);		
sions 3	[1]	(highest concentration) 0.3 to 0.15;			
MMO decisions	[1]	 any three consecutive concentrations the same or serial dilution by half or serial dilution by ten; 			
	(ii)	State which variable you will need t	o control when preparing the plant tissue sam	nples.	[1]
MMO decision 1	[1]	length or surface area or size or dime Allow methylene blue	nsions or volume;		
	(iii)	Describe how you will control this v	ariable and prepare the samples of plant tissu	Je.	[2]
sions 2	[1]	(control) measure cut (methylene) rinsing/washing	the same any example of length 3 cm or less/size; excess		
MMO decisions	[1]	(prepare samples) use of scalpel/knife or ruler; (methylene blue) water			

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010		33

	(iv)	Prepare the space below and	d record your observa	tions.	[5]
5	[1]	 Reject if units for % in body of ta other units e.g. mol dm⁻³ 	ble		
PDO recording		table with all cells drawn	AND heading (top or le percentage conc(entra	,	
PDO re	[1]	Rejectif headings/columns for m	nethod/volumes/time 5 r	nins or size/lengths	
		(heading) colour or observations or desc	cription;		
MMO collection 2	[1]	(records clear separate observater/during 5 min/before mixir		AND after mixing (after/at 5 min);	
colle	[1]	difference in the strength of co	plour between the first a	and last test-tube observations;	Key e.g. + = colour
MMO decision 1	[1]	5 or more concentrations or observation for water or replicate recorded;			
	(v)	Suggest how copper sulfate	solution affects plant	cell membranes.	[1]
ACE conclusion 1	[1] In correct context of increasing or just copper sulfate Idea of damages or destroys		it or ((cell) membrane(s)) phospholipid(s) fluid mosaic (model/structure) (fully) permeable protein fluidity permeability selective permeability;		

Page 4	Page 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

 (vi)	Identify three significant sources o	f error in your investigation.	[3]
evap	ct perature pH poration errors which affect all test-tubes equally	,	
Caus	se of error	Error	
[1]	(dependent) qualitative;		
[1] [1]	colour/colour change/observations	difficult judging seeing; qualitative;	
[1]	mixing	more difficult to judge colour/colours the same;	
[1]	(standardised variables) potato or position in potato or age or storage	not same different/variety old;	
[1]	lengths/size/surface areas/volumes Allow mass	not same;	
[1]	staining/washing/handling/forceps	not same loses stain damages potatoes ends not stained or middle more stain;	
[1]	potato/samples (into test-tubes)	time not same/delayed time/not at same time;	max 3

Page 5	Page 5 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

	(vii)	Suggest how you would make three improvements to this investigation.	[3]
	[1]	same potato or position in same age or storage or fresh use micrometer/cork borer/vernier callipers/ruler with smaller divisions;	
MAX 3	[1]	leave in methylene blue longer/stronger concentration/more than 5 minutes idea of wash more;	
improvements	[1]	more/wider/narrower/different/examples range of concentrations or use burette or graduated pipette or smaller syringe or with smaller divisions;	
ACE	[1]	stagger start or do individually or use more stop clocks or use help;	
	[1]	colorimeter or datalogger with light sensor; Reject c <u>a</u> lorimeter	
	[1]	repeat or replicate;	max 3
		[Total: 18]	

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010		33

2 (a) (i)	Draw a large plan diagram of a qua	rter of the spec	imen as shown in Fig. 2.1. Label	the endodermis and cortex.	[5]
PDO layout 1	[1]	Rejectif drawn over the print of question	n			
		 Reject thick lines-than grid feathery lines 3 'tails' or overlaps or gaps 	AND	AND		
		clear, sharp, unbroken lines	no shading	uses most of space provided;		
collection 3	[1]	no additional cells drawn AND (epidermis shows) only the correct quarter;				
0 col 3	[1]	epidermis drawn with two lines 3 mm or closer for most of length;				
OMM	[1]	innermost line is wavy/undulating line	e;			
O decision 1	[1]	 Reject if any label is biologically incorre animals. label within drawn area 	 if any label is biologically incorrect e.g. regions belonging to other organs or animals. 			
OMM		correct label with label lines to cortex	k and endodermis	s;		

Page 7	ge 7 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

	(ii)	Make a high-power drawing of o circumference. Labels are not req		n vessel and the single layer of	cells touching a quarter of the vessel's [5]
	[1]	Rejectif drawn over the print of question	on		
PDO layout 1		 Reject thick lines – than on grid feathery lines 4 'tails' or overlaps or gaps if double lines for all cells 1 if single line for any cell 	AND no	AND uses most of space	
		clear, sharp, unbroken lines	- shading	provided;	
	[1]	one xylem vessel drawnAND only single layer of surrounding cells ;Ignore band inside			
on 3	[1]	Reject if layer of cells all round xylem vessel If xylem vessel not circular/polygonal			
MMO collection 3		(surrounding cells) (single layer) three to eight cells in a layer only; Allow not touching.			
MMO	[1]	Reject any spaces if single line for cell walls. any gaps between cell walls – floating cells			
	(all cells including xylem vessel) no enclosed spaces more than 1mm between adjacent double cell walls;				
PDO recording 1	[1]	cell walls drawn as double lines with surrounding cells;	middle lamella	between three adjacent cells from	

Page 8	Page 8 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

PDO recording 1	[1]		anise as a table/Venn gram/ruled boxes		AND headed K1 and Fig 2.2	AND first difference opposite each other;	<u>K1</u>	<u>Fig 2.2</u>
		feature K1			Fig.2.2		and cross without a key o non-observable features	
	[1]	1	epidermis	hairs/trich Ignore ro		no hairs/trichomes;		hapes
				thick(er) o	or more/2 layers	thin(ner) or few(er);		
ACE interpretation 3	[1]	2	cortex	yes/prese	nt/more	no(one)absent/less;		
	[1]	3	endodermis	yes/prese	nt	no(one)/absent;		
	[1]	4	pericycle	yes/prese	ent	no(one)/absent;		
	[1]	5	vascular bundles xylem	ring/centre fewer	e/no(one)/absent/	scattered/AW/towards edge/yes/present/more;		
	[1]	6	thickened cells/ sclerenchyma Allow collenchymas		y round for bsent/under ;;			
	[1]		bundle sheath/AW	no(one)/a	bsent	yes/present;	1	
	[1]	7	pith	yes/prese	nt	no(one)/absent;		
	[1]		pith/centre cells	rounded		angular/pentagonal/AW;		
	[1] [1]	8	air spaces/lenticels stomata	yes/prese no(one)/a		no(one)/absent; yes/present;	max 3	

Page 9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

	(c) (i)	Plot a chart of the data shown in Table 2.1. MAX 2 for O and S if line graph drawn		[4]
	O [1]	<i>x</i> -axis content(s)	AND <i>y</i> -axis conc(entration in) phloem or sieve tube/element (/) μ g cm ⁻³ ;	Must have units
	S	scale as	Reject scale on <i>y</i> -axis any other than 20 to 2 cm.	
	[1]	even widths to 2 cm	AND <i>y</i> -axis <u>20 to 2 cm;</u>	
PDO layout 4	P	 Reject if <i>y</i>-axis scale is awkward if bars arranged differently from order of table if horizontal lines are too thick – 1mm/half square or not clear Allow bars if scale 20 to 2 cm. even if not 0 25 to 2 cm 	horizontal top line must be clear, sharp and ruled to show plot line must be on horizontal line for sucrose line must be between two lines for all other contents	
	[1]	correct plotting of each bar;		
	L [1]	each bar separate if vertical lines only then must be at least 1 cm apart.	 AND quality – vertical lines no thicker than on grid, not feathery for the complete line; bars – <u>ruled lines Reject irregular</u> <u>thickness</u> labelled clearly with contents – any clear labels e.g. chemical formulae NH₄, Ca, Mg, Na or mixture – underneath, must be directly below correct bar or inside bar or shaded with key. 	Reject solid shading If line shading outside a bar

Page 10	Page 10 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	GCE A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9700	33

	(ii)	Calculate the percentage difference between the conce calcium ions in the phloem sieve tube elements.	ntration of calcium ions i	n the xylem vessels and the concentration of [2]
splay 2	[1]	shows subtraction (190 – 85) divided by 190 multiplied by (190/190 – 85/190) × 100 or (1 – 85/190) × 100		
PDO display	[1]	Reject if no working Allow any answer less than 100 to no more than 3 significant figures 1 decimal place	AND percentage/%;	
(0	d) Sug	ggest why there is 120 μ g cm $^{-3}$ of sucrose in the phloem	[2]	
MAX 2	[1]	(phloem sieve tube elements) (sucrose) transported leaf(ves)/allow type of leaf cell/source to roots/other tissues/sink(s);		
ACE conclusions MAX	[1]	(detail) <u>load(</u> ed) (in source) or (transported by) mass flow/bulk transport/translocation (sucrose) too large to move out of phloem or sieve tubes of impermeable;		
			[Total: 22]	