
ACCOUNTING

9706/31

Paper 3 Structured Questions

October/November 2018

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 150

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **19** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks																																																
1(a)	<p>Possible answers:</p> <p>The receipts and payments account is used as a summary of all of the cash transactions (1) for a period of time (1), in a similar manner to a cash book. (1) Gives opening / closing bank balance (1). Aids preparation of financial statements (1).</p> <p>Max 2 marks</p>	2																																																
1(b)	<p style="text-align: center;">Income and expenditure account for year ended 31 December 2017</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Subscriptions</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">21 840</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Marathon profit (2500–80)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 420</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Profit on sale of sportswear</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">240</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">24 500</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Rent</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4 600</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Wages</td> <td style="text-align: right;">8 000</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Repairs and maintenance</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4 100</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Club overheads</td> <td style="text-align: right;">8 780</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Depreciation</td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">2 500</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(2) W1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">27 980</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Deficit of income over expenditure</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 3px double black;">3 480</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> </table> <p>W1 (15 625 × 80%) × 20% (1) = 2500 (1)</p>		\$	\$		Subscriptions		21 840	(1)	Marathon profit (2500–80)		2 420	(1)	Profit on sale of sportswear		240	(1)			24 500		Rent	4 600		(1)	Wages	8 000		(1)	Repairs and maintenance	4 100			Club overheads	8 780			Depreciation	2 500		(2) W1			27 980		Deficit of income over expenditure		3 480	(1) OF	8
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2(a)	<p>To reflect the fair value (1) of assets and liabilities for the purpose of ascertaining the purchase consideration (1). To ensure partners are treated fairly for changes (1).</p> <p>Max 1</p>	1															

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2(e)	<p>The 2017 ROCE of G Limited is 5.78% (\$69 000 / \$1 194 000). (1) After acquiring the partnership business, there is an increase in profit (1) of \$31 000 (\$100 000 – \$69 000). As G Limited paid \$632 000 to acquire the partnership business, the additional profit represents a return of 4.91% (\$31 000 / \$632 000) from the investment. (1)OF Comparing 5.78% with 4.91%, the additional investment will dilute the ROCE (1) in 2017, assuming G Limited can still make 5.78% ROCE without acquiring the partnership business in 2017. Therefore, the acquisition of the partnership business does not increase the profitability in 2017. (1) However, as G Limited has paid \$30 000 for the goodwill, it means that the acquisition will bring benefits to G Limited in the long run. (1)</p> <p>Decision (1), max 4 marks for comments</p>	5																																																																								

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	<p>To aid decision making as to whether to continue as a shareholder (1) as audited financial statements ensure that the stewardship function of directors are carried out properly (1)</p> <p>Accept other valid answers.</p>	2
3(a)(ii)	<p>To make decision whether to invest or not (1) as they can be assured that the assets of the business are fairly valued. (1)</p> <p>Accept other valid answers.</p>	2
3(a)(iii)	<p>To make decision whether or not to grant loan (1) as the bank can be assured that the security of the loan is fairly valued. (1)</p> <p>Accept other valid answers.</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks																																										
3(b)	<p style="text-align: center;">Statement to calculate the adjusted profit</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"></td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">\$</td> <td style="width: 30%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit per draft income statement</td> <td style="text-align: right;">95 000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less: Additional depreciation on land and building</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\\$ \frac{\left(2700\,000 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)}{20} \text{ (1)} - \frac{\left(2400\,000 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)}{25} \text{ (1)}$</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(13 000)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less: Additional depreciation on plant and machinery</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">\$20 000 × 20%</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(4 000)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less: Irrecoverable debt/discount \$23 500 – \$20 000</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(3 500)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less: Additional depreciation on part-exchange of motor vehicle</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">\$30 000 × 20%</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(6 000)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less: Loss on disposal of motor vehicles</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">(\$75 000 – \$27 000) (1) – \$30 000 (1)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(18 000)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Add: Depreciation on disposed motor vehicle</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">(\$75 000 – \$27 000) × 20%</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>9 600</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Adjusted profit for the year</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>60 100</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> </table>		\$		Profit per draft income statement	95 000		Less: Additional depreciation on land and building			$\$ \frac{\left(2700\,000 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)}{20} \text{ (1)} - \frac{\left(2400\,000 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)}{25} \text{ (1)}$	(13 000)		Less: Additional depreciation on plant and machinery			\$20 000 × 20%	(4 000)	(1)	Less: Irrecoverable debt/discount \$23 500 – \$20 000	(3 500)	(1)	Less: Additional depreciation on part-exchange of motor vehicle			\$30 000 × 20%	(6 000)	(1)	Less: Loss on disposal of motor vehicles			(\$75 000 – \$27 000) (1) – \$30 000 (1)	(18 000)		Add: Depreciation on disposed motor vehicle			(\$75 000 – \$27 000) × 20%	<u>9 600</u>	(1)	Adjusted profit for the year	<u>60 100</u>	(1) OF	9
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3(c)	<p style="text-align: center;">Motor Vehicles</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40%;">Cost</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 1 July 2016</td> <td style="text-align: right;">240 000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additions</td> <td style="text-align: right;">110 000</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Disposal</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(75 000)</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 30 June 2017</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>275 000</u></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accumulated depreciation</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 1 July 2016</td> <td style="text-align: right;">150 000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Disposal</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(27 000)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Charge for the year</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>30 400</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 30 June 2017</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>153 400</u></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net book value</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 30 June 2017</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>121 600</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>At 30 June 2016</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>90 000</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> </table>	Cost			At 1 July 2016	240 000		Additions	110 000	(1)	Disposal	<u>(75 000)</u>	(1)	At 30 June 2017	<u>275 000</u>					Accumulated depreciation			At 1 July 2016	150 000		Disposal	(27 000)	(1)	Charge for the year	<u>30 400</u>	(1) OF	At 30 June 2017	<u>153 400</u>					Net book value			At 30 June 2017	<u>121 600</u>	(1) OF	At 30 June 2016	<u>90 000</u>	(1)	6
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3(d)	<p>Responses could include:</p> <p>Business is allowed to adopt revaluation model under IAS16 (1)</p> <p>Revaluation is required for the whole class of non-current assets, i.e. all the land and buildings (1).</p> <p>Plot Y is impaired IAS 36 (1)</p> <p>Directors cannot only revalue Plot X but not Plot Y.(Decision)</p> <p>(1 mark) × 3 valid points and (1 mark) for recommendation.</p> <p>Accept other valid answers.</p>	4																																													

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	<p>Open the books of account on the system to check correct data entry. (1)</p> <p>Carry out a bank reconciliation / reconcile all the control accounts / trade receivables and trade payables. (1)</p> <p>Run reports such as trial balance. (1)</p> <p>Ensure staff are adequately trained. (1)</p> <p>Run alongside manual system in parallel. (1)</p> <p>Accept other valid answers. Max 4</p>	4
4(b)	<p>Ensure data is secure – kept securely (1) and password protected. (1)</p> <p>Back up the data (1), restrict access to certain parts of the system. (1)</p> <p>Anti-virus / firewall (1).</p> <p>Accept other valid answers. Max 4</p>	4
4(c)	<p>Speed (1) because less time spent on manual input (1).</p> <p>Accuracy (1) because less errors (1).</p> <p>Up to date information (1) because real-time immediate updates (1).</p> <p>Saves cost (1) because less staff (1).</p> <p>Aids management reporting (1) because quick and easy to generate reports (1).</p> <p>Less space (1) because less storage required (1).</p> <p>(1 mark) × 3 valid points and (1 mark) for development. Accept other valid answers.</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks															
4(d)	<p style="text-align: center;">Summarised income statement</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">Profit from operations</td> <td style="text-align: right;">568 000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Finance costs</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(45 000)</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(2) W1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit before tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;">523 000</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(104 600)</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit for the year</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>418 400</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) OF</td> </tr> </table> <p>W1 Finance costs 40 000 + 5 000 (1) = 45 000 (1) OF</p>	Profit from operations	568 000		Finance costs	<u>(45 000)</u>	(2) W1	Profit before tax	523 000	(1) OF	Tax	<u>(104 600)</u>	(1) OF	Profit for the year	<u>418 400</u>	(1) OF	5
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Profit for the year	<u>418 400</u>	(1) OF															
4(e)	<p>H Limited will pay a dividend of \$0.167 per share. (2) It has more debentures than shares. (1) Roy should therefore consider the gearing (1) and risk. (1) Likely to receive dividend as cover has been 5 times (1).</p> <p>Workings</p> <p>$\\$418\,400 \times 20\% = \\$83\,680$ (1) OF / 500 000 = \$0.167 per share (1) OF</p> <p>1 mark for decision + 2 for calculations</p> <p>Max 3 for justification</p> <p>Accept other valid answers.</p>	6															

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Question	Answer							Marks
5(a)	Year	Machine \$	Revenue \$	Labour \$	Material \$	Fixed costs \$	Net cash flow \$	7
	0	(250 000)				*	(250 000) (1)	
	1		600 000	(300 000)	(165 000)	(45 000)	90 000 (1)	
	2		660 000	(330 000)	(181 500)	(45 000)	103 500 (1)	
	3		690 000	(351 900)	(189 750)	(45 000)	103 350 (1)	
	4		540 000	(275 400)	(148 500)	(45 000)	71 100 (1)	
				(1) for years 3 and 4		(1) for whole column		
	Working							
			Depreciation	$\frac{\$250\,000}{4\text{ years}}$		= \$62 500 per year		
			Fixed costs	\$107 500 – \$62 500		= \$45 000 per year *		
5(b)	Year	Net cash flow \$	10% discount factor \$	Present value \$				4
	0	(250 000)	1.000	(250 000) (1)				
	1	90 000	0.909	81 810 } (1) OF				
	2	103 500	0.826	85 491 } (1) OF				
	3	103 350	0.751	77 616 } (1) OF				
	4	71 100	0.683	48 561 } (1) OF				
			Net Present Value	<u>43 478</u> (1) OF				
5(d)	Decision (1)							3
	Because the NPV is positive (1) OF .							
	The ARR is above the ARR of 20% set by Marie (1) OF							
	Max 2 for justification							

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Question	Answer	Marks																					
5(e)(i)	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Year 1</td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Revenue</td> <td style="text-align: right;">600 000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Labour costs</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(300 000)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Material costs</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(165 000)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fixed costs</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(45 000)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Depreciation</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(62 500)</u></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>27 500</u></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>Sensitivity to sales price</p> $\frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Revenue}} = \frac{27\,500}{600\,000} \times 100 = 4.58\% \quad \text{(1) OF}$	Year 1	\$		Revenue	600 000		Labour costs	(300 000)		Material costs	(165 000)		Fixed costs	(45 000)		Depreciation	<u>(62 500)</u>		Profit	<u>27 500</u>		4
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Profit	<u>27 500</u>																						
5(e)(ii)	<p>Sensitivity to material cost</p> $\frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Material cost}} = \frac{27\,500}{165\,000} \times 100 = 16.67\% \quad \text{(1) OF}$																						
5(f)	<p>If the selling price per unit <i>drops</i> more than 4.58% (1) OF or the material cost per unit <i>increases</i> more than 16.67% (1) OF then the project will make a loss. (1)</p> <p>Marie should focus her attention on the selling price per unit as the profit of the project is most sensitive to this item / the change in selling price per unit (4.58% is a lot less than the % change in materials (16.67%)). (1)</p>	4																					

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6(a)(i)	<p>Material price variance</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">\$</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">Standard</td> <td>26 190 kilos</td> <td>× \$3</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">78 570</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">Actual</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>75 951</u></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>\$2 619</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1) F (1)</td> </tr> </table>				\$			Standard	26 190 kilos	× \$3		78 570		Actual				<u>75 951</u>						<u>\$2 619</u>	(1) F (1)	2												
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Question	Answer	Marks																																															
6(a)(v)	<p>Fixed production overhead expenditure</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Standard</td> <td>10 000 units</td> <td>× \$3.75</td> <td style="text-align: right;">37 500</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Actual</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>39 750</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>\$2 250</u></td> <td>(1)</td> <td>A (1)</td> </tr> </table>				\$					Standard	10 000 units	× \$3.75	37 500				Actual			<u>39 750</u>							<u>\$2 250</u>	(1)	A (1)	2																			
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6(c)	<p>The price increase would:</p> <p>Increase the cost (1) by \$5238 (1)</p> <p>or alternative answer</p> <p>Change the material price variance from favourable to adverse (1) by \$5238. (1)</p> <p>or alternative answer</p> <p>Change the material price variance from 2619F (1) to 2619 A. (1)</p> <p>Working:</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Old actual unit price</td> <td>26 190 kilos</td> <td>× \$2.90</td> <td style="text-align: right;">75 951</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>New actual unit price</td> <td>26 190 kilos</td> <td>× \$3.10</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>81 189</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Increase in cost</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>\$5 238</u></td> </tr> </table> <p>OR</p> <table style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Standard price</td> <td>26 190 kilos × \$3.00</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">78 570</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>New actual price</td> <td>26 190 kilos × \$3.10</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>81 189</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>New material price variance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 619 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Old material price variance (from (b))</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>2 619</u> F</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Increase in cost</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>\$5 238</u></td> </tr> </table> <p>An increase in material price / adverse variance will show a decrease in future profits. (1) Will Tareq increase his price. (1) Possible effect on demand. (1) Standard costs will need to be revised. (1) Will the supplier offer discounts, e.g. for bulk buying.(1) Will the quality change due to the change in price – better or worse. (1) Can a cheaper supplier be found. (1) Will another supplier be reliable, e.g. delivery, quality. (1)</p> <p>Calculations max 2 Discussion max 4</p>				\$			Old actual unit price	26 190 kilos	× \$2.90	75 951		New actual unit price	26 190 kilos	× \$3.10	<u>81 189</u>		Increase in cost			<u>\$5 238</u>					\$		Standard price	26 190 kilos × \$3.00		78 570		New actual price	26 190 kilos × \$3.10		<u>81 189</u>		New material price variance			2 619 A		Old material price variance (from (b))			<u>2 619</u> F		Increase in cost			<u>\$5 238</u>	6
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