

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

874228271

MATHEMATICS 0580/43

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2010

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

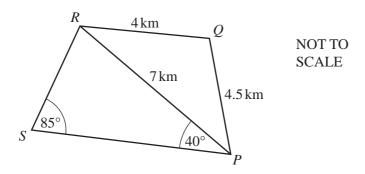
The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

1	Tho	mas, Ursula and Vanessa share \$200 in the ratio	
		Thomas : Ursula : Vanessa = $3:2:5$.	
	(a)	Show that Thomas receives \$60 and Ursula receives \$40.	
		Answer(a)	
			[0]
			[2]
	(b)	Thomas buys a book for \$21. What represents as of his \$60 does Thomas have left?	
		What percentage of his \$60 does Thomas have left?	
		Answer(b)	[2]
		This wer (b)	[2]
	(c)	Ursula buys a computer game for \$36.80 in a sale. The sale price is 20% less than the original price.	
		Calculate the original price of the computer game.	
		Answer(c) \$	[3]
	(d)	Vanessa buys some books and some pencils. Each book costs \$12 more than each pencil.	
		The total cost of 5 books and 2 pencils is \$64.20. Find the cost of one pencil.	
		Answer(d) \$	[3]

2

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The diagram shows five straight roads. PQ = 4.5 km, QR = 4 km and PR = 7 km. Angle $RPS = 40^{\circ}$ and angle $PSR = 85^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate angle PQR and show that it rounds to 110.7° .

Answer(a)

[4]

(b) Calculate the length of the road *RS* and show that it rounds to 4.52 km.

Answer(b)

[3]

(c) Calculate the area of the quadrilateral PQRS. [Use the value of 110.7° for angle PQR and the value of 4.52 km for RS.]

Answer(c) km^2 [5]

3	(a)	a) Expand the brackets and simplify.	
		x(x+3)+4x(x-1)	
	(b)	Answer(a) b) Simplify $(3x^3)^3$.	[2]
	(c)	Answer(b)	[2]
		Answer(c)(i) (ii) $xy + xw + 2ay + 2aw$	 [2]
			[2]
	1	(iii) $4x^2 - 49$	
		Answer(c)(iii)	 [1]

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(d) Solve the equation.

$$2x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$$

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Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

4 (a)

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

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Find the following matrices.

(i) AB

$$Answer(a)(i) [2]$$

(ii) CB

$$Answer(a)$$
(ii) [2]

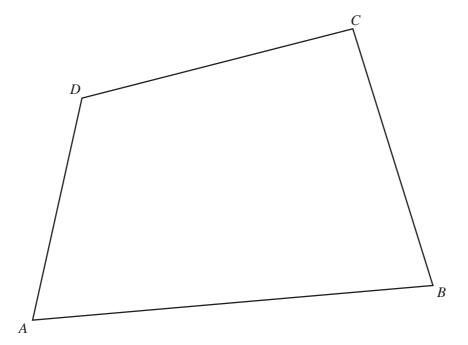
(iii) A^{-1} , the inverse of A

$$Answer(a)(iii)$$
 [2]

(b) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$Answer(b)$$
 [2]

(c) Find the 2 by 2 matrix that represents an anticlockwise rotation of 90° about the origin.



The diagram shows an area of land ABCD used for a shop, a car park and gardens.

(a) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct

- (i) the locus of points equidistant from C and from D, [2]
- (ii) the locus of points equidistant from AD and from AB. [2]
- (b) The shop is on the land nearer to D than to C and nearer to AD than to AB.

Write the word SHOP in this region on the diagram. [1]

- (c) (i) The scale of the diagram is 1 centimetre to 20 metres.

 The gardens are the part of the land less than 100 m from *B*.

 Draw the boundary for the gardens.

 [1]
 - (ii) The car park is the part of the land not used for the shop and not used for the gardens.

 Shade the car park region on the diagram.

 [1]

6 Sacha either walks or cycles to school.

On any day, the probability that he walks to school is $\frac{3}{5}$.

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(a) (i) A school term has 55 days.

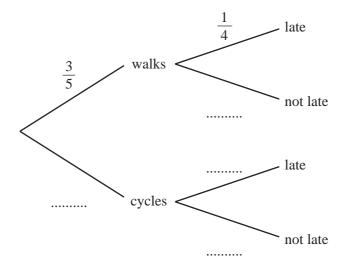
Work out the expected number of days Sacha walks to school.

Answer(a)(i) [1]

(ii) Calculate the probability that Sacha walks to school on the first 5 days of the term.

Answer(a)(ii) [2]

- (b) When Sacha walks to school, the probability that he is late is $\frac{1}{4}$. When he cycles to school, the probability that he is late is $\frac{1}{8}$.
 - (i) Complete the tree diagram by writing the probabilities in the four spaces provided.



[3]

(ii)	Calculate the probability that Sacha cycles to school and is late.	
	Answer(b)(ii)	[2]
(iii)	Calculate the probability that Sacha is late to school.	
	Answer(b)(iii)	[2]

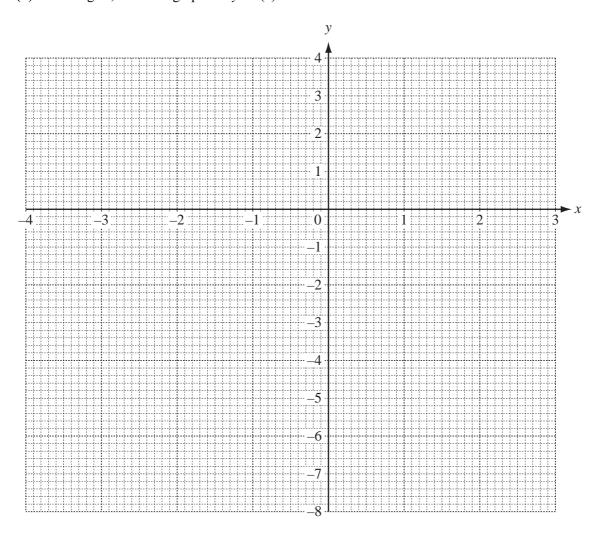
7 (a) Complete the table for the function $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{10} + 1$.

х	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f(x)		-1.7	0.2	0.9	1	1.1	1.8	

[2]

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(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = f(x) for $-4 \le x \le 3$.



[4]

(c) Complete the table for the function $g(x) = \frac{4}{x}$, $x \neq 0$.

х	-4	-3	-2	-1	1	2	3
g(x)	-1	-1.3				2	1.3

[2]

(d) On the grid, draw the graph of y = g(x) for $-4 \le x \le -1$ and $1 \le x \le 3$.

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[3]

(e) (i) Use your graphs to solve the equation $\frac{x^3}{10} + 1 = \frac{4}{x}$.

Answer(e)(i)
$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [2]

(ii) The equation $\frac{x^3}{10} + 1 = \frac{4}{x}$ can be written as $x^4 + ax + b = 0$.

Find the values of a and b.

$$Answer(e)(ii) a =$$

$$b = [2]$$

8

3 cm

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The diagram shows a solid made up of a hemisphere and a cylinder. The radius of both the cylinder and the hemisphere is 3 cm. The length of the cylinder is 12 cm.

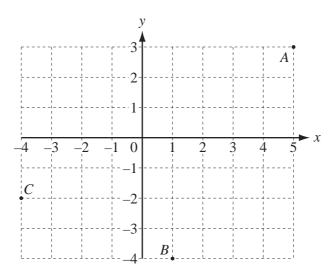
(a) (i) Calculate the volume of the solid. [The volume, V, of a **sphere** with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.]

(ii) The solid is made of steel and 1 cm³ of steel has a mass of 7.9 g. Calculate the mass of the solid. Give your answer in kilograms.

Answer(a)(ii) kg [2]

(iii)	The solid fits into a box in the shape of a cuboid, 15 cm by 6 cm by 6 cm. Calculate the volume of the box not occupied by the solid.	For Examiner's Use
	$Answer(a)(iii) \qquad cm3 [2]$	
(b) (i)	Calculate the total surface area of the solid. You must show your working. [The surface area, A , of a sphere with radius r is $A = 4\pi r^2$.]	
(ii)	Answer(b)(i) cm² [5] The surface of the solid is painted. The cost of the paint is \$0.09 per millilitre. One millilitre of paint covers an area of 8 cm². Calculate the cost of painting the solid.	
	<i>Answer(b)</i> (ii) \$[2]	

9 (a)



The points A(5, 3), B(1, -4) and C(-4, -2) are shown in the diagram.

(i) Write \overrightarrow{CA} as a column vector.

$$Answer(a)(i) \overrightarrow{CA} = \begin{pmatrix} \\ \\ \end{pmatrix}$$
 [1]

(ii) Find $\overrightarrow{CA} - \overrightarrow{CB}$ as a single column vector.

(iii) Complete the following statement.

$$\overrightarrow{CA} - \overrightarrow{CB} =$$
 [1]

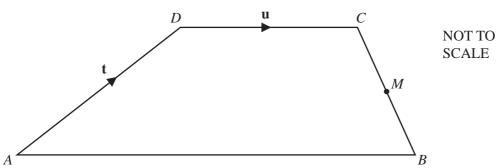
(iv) Calculate $|\overrightarrow{CA}|$.

Answer(a)(iv) [2]

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For Examiner's Use **(b)**

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ABCD is a trapezium with DC parallel to AB and DC = $\frac{1}{2}$ AB.

M is the midpoint of BC.

$$\overrightarrow{AD} = \mathbf{t}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{DC} = \mathbf{u}$.

Find the following vectors in terms of \mathbf{t} and / or \mathbf{u} .

Give each answer in its simplest form.

(i) \overrightarrow{AB}

$$Answer(b)(i) \overrightarrow{AB} =$$
 [1]

(ii) \overrightarrow{BM}

$$Answer(b)(ii) \overrightarrow{BM} =$$
 [2]

(iii) \overrightarrow{AM}

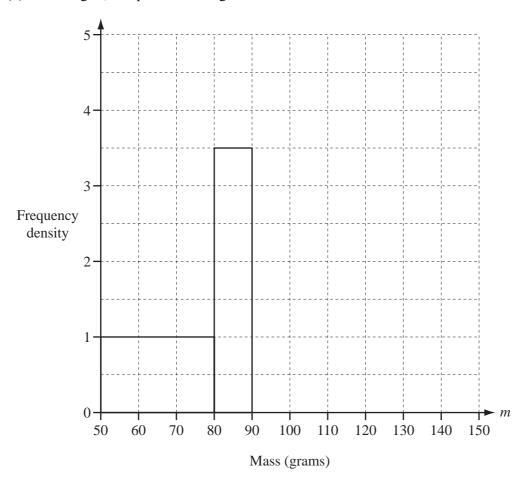
$$Answer(b)(iii) \overrightarrow{AM} =$$
 [2]

10

(a) For a set of six integers, the mode is 8, the median is 9 and the mean is 10.									
The smalles	t integer is great	er than 6 and the	largest integer is	16.					
Find the two	possible sets of	six integers.							
Answer(a)	First set	······ ' ········	, ,	···· ' ······ '					
	Second set	······ ' ·······	, ,	···· ' ······ '	[5]				
(b) One day Ah									
	the mass of each are shown in the								
Mace (m crame)	50 90	$80 < m \le 90$	90 < <i>m</i> ≤ 100	$100 < m \le 120$	$120 < m \le 150$				
i iviass (m. graiiis)	$30 \le m \le 80$	$00 \le m \le 90$)	100 \ 111 \ \ 120	$120 \le m \le 130$				
Mass (m grams)									
Frequency	$30 < m \le 80$	35	40	40	15				
Frequency	30	35		40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35	40	40					
Frequency	30	35 f the mean mass of	40 of the 160 orange	40	15				

(ii) On the grid, complete the histogram to show the information in the table.

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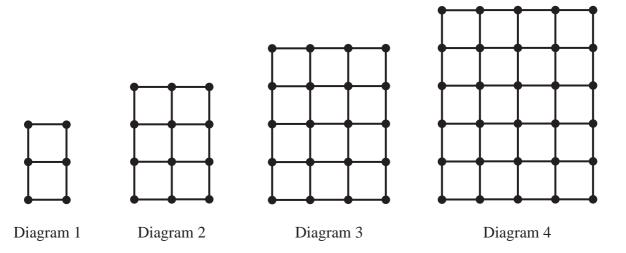


[4]

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

11

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The first four Diagrams in a sequence are shown above. Each Diagram is made from dots and one centimetre lines. The area of each small square is 1 cm².

(a) Complete the table for Diagrams 5 and 6.

Diagram	1	2	3	4	5	6
Area (cm ²)	2	6	12	20		
Number of dots	6	12	20	30		
Number of one centimetre lines	7	17	31	49		

[4]

- **(b)** The **area** of Diagram n is n(n+1) cm².
 - (i) Find the area of Diagram 50.

Answer(b)(i) _____ cm² [1]

(ii) Which Diagram has an area of 930 cm²?

Answer(b)(ii) [1]

(c) Find, in terms of n, the number of **dots** in Diagram n.

Answer(c) [1]

(d)	The	number of one centimetre lines in Diagram n is $2n^2 + pn + 1$.	
	(i)	Show that $p = 4$.	
		Answer(d)(i)	
			[2]
	(ii)	Find the number of one centimetre lines in Diagram 10.	
		Answer(d)(ii)	[1]
	(iii)	Which Diagram has 337 one centimetre lines?	
			507
		Answer(d)(iii)	[3]
(e)	For nun	each Diagram, the number of squares of area 1 cm 2 is A , the number of dots is D and other of one centimetre lines is L .	the
	Fine	d a connection between A , D and L that is true for each Diagram.	
		Answer(e)	[1]

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