

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CHEMISTRY 0620/43

Paper 4 Extended Theory

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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Question			An	swer	Marks
1(a)	proton	+1	1	7	2
	neutron	0	1		
	electron	-1	1/1840		
1(b)(i)	(same) number of pi (different) neutron (r			six electrons	2 1
1(b)(ii)	same <u>number</u> of ele	ctrons/electron	configuration		1
1(c)	diamond and graphi	te			1
1(d)	two double bonds w both oxygen atoms			atoms	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	2,2/2.2	1
2(b)	BeO	1
2(c)(i)	positive ions/cations labelled or named in text electrons labelled or named in text attraction between positive ions and negative electrons	1 1 1
2(c)(ii)	(conduction due to) moving electrons/mobile electrons	1
2(d)(i)	Be ²⁺	1
2(d)(ii)	$Be(OH)_2 + 2HCl \rightarrow BeCl_2 + 2H_2O$ formula of $BeCl_2$ all formulae correct and balancing correct	2
2(d)(iii)	$2NaOH + Be(OH)_2 \rightarrow Na_2BeO_2 + 2H_2O$ formula of Na_2BeO_2 all formulae correct and balancing correct	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	331	1
3(b)(i)	M1 mol = 6.62/331 OR 0.02 M2 0.02 × 223 = 4.46 (g)	1
3(b)(ii)	M1 mol $O_2 = 0.02 \div 2$ OR 0.01 M2 vol = $0.01 \times 24 = 0.24$ (dm ³)	1
3(c)	test: glowing splint result: relights/rekindles	1
3(d)(i)	more than enough to react (with all the acid) OR some lead oxide remains after the reaction OR (nitric) acid is limiting	1
3(d)(ii)	solid stops dissolving	1
3(d)(iii)	PbO + 2HNO ₃ \rightarrow Pb(NO ₃) ₂ + H ₂ O OR PbO + 2H ⁺ \rightarrow Pb ²⁺ + H ₂ O	1

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	silicon(IV) oxide: covalent sodium chloride: ionic/electrovalent	1
4(b)	giant molecular/macromolecular/giant covalent/giant atomic	1
4(c)(i)	M1 (covalent) bonds are strong M2 a lot of heat or energy is needed to break/weaken/overcome bonds OR there are no weak bonds OR there are no intermolecular forces OR covalent bonds are the only bonds OR strong bonds are the only bonds	2
4(c)(ii)	(it has) no moving ions/no moving electrons/all electrons are used in bonding/no moving charged particles	1
4(d)	(sodium chloride contains) ions/is ionic in the solid ions are not moving/they are in fixed positions ions can move when molten	1 1 1
4(e)(i)	product at the positive electrode: chlorine product at the negative electrode: hydrogen	1 1
4(e)(ii)	$2H^{+} + 2e() \rightarrow H_{2}$ OR $2H_{3}O^{+} + 2e() \rightarrow H_{2} + 2H_{2}O$	1
4(f)	oxygen	1
4(g)(i)	sodium	1
4(g)(ii)	$Na^+ + e() \rightarrow Na$	1

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
4(g)(iii)	test: (damp blue) litmus result: bleached/removes colour/(turns) white	1 1

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	burned/heated in air	1
5(a)(ii)	$S + O_2 \rightarrow SO_2$	1
5(b)(i)	equilibrium/reversible	1
5(b)(ii)	vanadium(V) oxide/vanadium pentoxide	1
5(b)(iii)	increase rate (of reaction)/allow lower temperature to be used/allow lower pressure to be used	1
5(b)(iv)	less SO ₃ forward reaction is exothermic/it is exothermic/reverse reaction is endothermic	1 1
5(b)(v)	rate too low/reaction too slow/slower	1
5(b)(vi)	more SO ₃ fewer moles or molecules (of gas) on right-hand side/more moles or molecules(of gas) on left-hand side	1 1
5(c)(i)	concentrated sulfuric acid/concentrated H ₂ SO ₄	1
5(c)(ii)	$SO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow H_2S_2O_7$	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(d)(i)	water	1
5(d)(ii)	$H_2S_2O_7 + H_2O \rightarrow 2H_2SO_4$	1
5(e)	detergents/car batteries/dyes/paints/synthetic resins/printing inks/metal extraction/cleaning metals/	1
5(f)(i)	exists completely as ions (in solution)/completely dissociates (in solution)/completely ionises (in solution)	1
5(f)(ii)	Universal Indicator/pH paper/pH indicator/pH meter Universal Indicator or pH paper or pH indicator turns red/pH 0–1	1 1
5(f)(iii)	$Na_2CO_3 + 2C_6H_5SO_3H \rightarrow 2C_6H_5SO_3Na + CO_2 + H_2O$ formula of $C_6H_5SO_3Na$ all formulae correct and balancing correct	2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(i)	condensation: M1 (two) molecules/monomers joining M2 with the removal of a (small) molecule polymerisation: M3 (to form) a large molecule/a long chain	3
6(a)(ii)	addition	1
6(b)(i)	circled amide link	1
6(b)(ii)	all missing atoms and bonds shown on the diacid all missing atoms and bonds shown on the diamine	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)(iii)	nylon/Kevlar/Nomex	1
6(c)(i)	amino acids	1
6(c)(ii)	hydrolysis chromatography (spray with) locating agent/UV determine $R_{\rm f}$ values/compare with standards	1 1 1 1