UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1	(a)	beaker (1)					
	(b)	any t	[2]				
	(c)	turns reve	[2]				
	(d)	wate runs	c back [2]				
						[
2	(a)	smo	oth c	curve starting at origin and missing anomalous point	(1)	[1]	
	(b)	poin	it at	1.5 min/4th point/0.32g (1) ignore: 3rd point		[1]	
	(c)			finished/no more gas (1) um carbonate used up (1)		[2]	
	(d)			rt of sketch curve below the original/less steep (1) nal level/0.25g (1)		[2]	
						[Total: 6]	
3	(a)	bulb/lamp lights/water level falls/green-yellow gas (1)				[1]	
	(b)	arrov allov	[1]				
	(c)	(i)	hydro	ogen (1)		[1]	
			_	ed splint (1) if Cl_2 in (c)(i) allow ecf for damp litmus/or for anything other than Cl_2	indicator paper		
		İ	note:	is (1) if Cl_2 in (c)(i) allow ecf for bleached/white/deco : These are conditional marks so the result is cor at pops = $0/2$		[2] est, i.e. glowing	
	(d)) chlorine (1) soluble/dissolves/reacts (1)					
						[Total: 7]	

	Page 3			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Paper				
		y -		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus IGCSE – May/June 2012 0620		62			
4	(a)	fizzing/bubbles stopped/no more gas produced (1)				[1]			
	(b)	 (b) (i) W little/no effect/slight increase (1) X no effect/(slight) decrease (1) Y speeds up reaction (1) note: The question is about rate, if candidates quote three different time different penalise first then allow the 'correct' answers (-11s, +2s, -199s). It must be clear that the increase in rate is less for W than Y for these 2 marks. 							
		(ii)	(ii) Y (1)						
	(c) repeat experiments (1) take average/compare results/see if there is a diff					ce (1) [2]			
						[Total: 7]			
5	(a)	a) temperature boxes correctly completed (2) 21, 25, 26, 27, 27, 26, 25			[2]				
	(b)	tem	[2]						
	(c)	all po smo- labe	[6]						
	(d)) (i) value from graph (1) allow: ±1/2 small square shown clearly (1)		early (1)	[2]				
		(ii)	valu	e from graph (1) allow: ±1/2 small square shown cl	early (1)	[2]			
	(e)	endothermic (1) ignore : temperature decreases							
	(f) lower temperature (change)/halved (1) ignore: reference to rate/				ate/time	[1]			
	(g)			nperature/initial temperature from table/20°C/21°C (finished/owtte (1)	l) ignore : 25°C	[2]			
	(h)	more can	e reli spot	adings/more points (1) iable/more accurate (1) ignore: precise anomalous points or errors (1)					
		smo	othe	r graph/owtte (1)		any [2]			
						[Total: 20]			

			1000 1000			
6	(d)	appearance smell	colourless (1) ignore : clear vinegar/pungent/sour/sharp (1) ignore : sweet/strong	[2]		
	(e)	pH 2–6 (1)	[1]			
	(f)	carbon dioxid	[1]			
	(g)	copper/Cu ²⁺ (1) carbonate/CO ₃ ²⁻ (1)				
7	(a)	use Universa	l/pH indicator/pH meter (1) ignore: litmus/indicator	[1]		
	(b)	note: This ca	n be marked via three routes.			
		heat/shake (1 until no more	e (1) nections (1) ted measuring cylinder/graduated tube to collect gas (1)			
		If they use a sample: use measured volume (1) (air-tight) connections (1) syringe/inverted measuring cylinder/graduated tube to collect gas (1) heat/shake (1) until no more gas given off (1) measure volume of gas (1) multiply to get full bottle value (1) max 6				
		weigh the both heat/shake (1 until no more reweigh bottle	gas given off (1)	[6]		
				[Total: 7]		

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