CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the March 2016 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/22

Paper 22, maximum raw mark 120

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the March 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE® and Cambridge International A and AS Level components.



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1 (a)

Abhinav – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage and stationery	Travel	Cleaning	Ledger accounts
\$	2016		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
24.00	Feb 1	Balance b/d					
96.00		Bank					
	4	Stamps	14.00	14.00 } (1)			
	7	Copy paper and cartridges	33 00	33.00 }			
4.00 (1)	10	Refund from stationery					
	13	Train fare	9.50		9.50 (1)		
	15	Office Supply Ltd	29.00				29.00 (1)
	21	Taxi fare	9.90		9.90 (1)		
	26	Window cleaner	17.00			17.00 (1)	
			112.40	47.00	19.40	17.00	29.00
	29	Balance c/d	11.60				
124.00			124.00				
11.60 (1)	Mar 1	Balance b/d					

(1) Dates

(1) OF Totalling analysis columns (1) OF Totalling total columns

[10]

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(b)	(i) (ii)	\$108.40 (1)OF						[1]
	(,	del	oit		credit			
		Petty cash	(1)	Cash/bank/	cash book	(1))	
							_	[2]
(c)			At Postage and s \$	ohinav stationery ac	count		\$	
	201 Feb	16 b 29 Petty cash	47 (1)	2016 Feb 29	Petty cash		4 (1)	[2]
(d)	(i)	Consistency (1)						[1]
	(ii)	Money measurer	ment (1)					[1]
	(iii)	Realisation (1)						[1]
	(iv)	Going concern (1)					[1]
								[Total: 19]
2 (a)	201 Jar		Cash Book \$	2016	Balance Bank charc PB Limited (Dis. Chq.)		\$ 3 420 190 (1 330 (1 3 940	1)
				Jan 1	Balance	b/d	2 940 (1	lof) [4]

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(b)

Aireville Limited Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 December 2015

	\$
Balance on bank statement	(1 800) (1)
Amounts not yet credited – cash sales (1)	1 560 (1)
	(240)
Cheques not yet presented – M Raja (1)	<u>2 700 (1)</u>
Balance in cash book	(2 940) (1of)

Alternative presentation

Aireville Limited Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 December 2015

	\$
Balance in cash book	(2 940) (1of)
Cheques not yet presented – M Raja (1)	2 700 (1)
	(240)
Amounts not yet credited – Cash sales (1)	1 560 (1)
Balance on bank statement	(1 800) (1)

[6]

(c)

					-
Aireville Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2015					
	Ordinary share capital	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
On 1 January 2015	300 000	24 000	45 000	369 000	(1)
Share issue	50 000			50 000	(1)
Profit for the year			49 000	49 000	(1)
Dividend paid (for 2014)			(25 000)	(25 000)	(1)
Dividend paid (for 2015)			(15 000)	(15 000)	(1)
Transfer to general reserve		10 000	(10 000)		(1)
On 31 December 2015	350 000	34 000	44 000	428 000	(1of)
				-	

[7]

(d) Prior claim on the profits of the company
Interest must be paid irrespective of whether there is a profit
Prior claim on the assets of the company in a winding-up
Funds must be available when repayment is due

Or other relevant point Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

[Total: 19]

3	(a)				Б. 1	Ī			
				Statomon		sha at 21 I	anuary 2016		
		Assets		Statemen	\$	alsis	\$	\$	
		Non-cur	rent assets		Cost	С	epreciation to date	Book value	
			and fittings		90 000 27 200)	5 440 (1)	90 000 21 760	(1of)
		Motor ve			8 000 125 200		1 600 (1) 7 040	6 400 118 160	
		Current	у					3 300	(1)
		Less Pro	eceivables ovision for doubtfu	ıl debts			3 900 117 (1)	3 783	
		Petty ca	ceivables sh					327 100 7 510	_(1)
		Total as	eate					125 670	_
			and liabilities					120 070	_
		Oupital							
		Capital Balance						93 200	(1of)
		Non-cur Loan	rent liabilities					30 000	(1)
		Current Trade pa						1 950	(1)
		Other pa	ayables					160 360	(1)
								2 470	
		Total lial	bilities					125 670	_
									[15]
(b)					Dal	ksha			
				\$	Capital	accoun	t	\$	
		2016 Jan 31	Drawings	4 2	200 (1)	2015 Feb 1	Balance	97 200) (1)
			Loss for year Balance c/d	93 2	00 (1of)	2016 Jan 3	1 Bank/Cash	12 000	
				109 2	200_	2016 Eab 1	Balance b/d	109 200	
						Feb 1	DalailCe D/Q	93 200	[5]

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[Total: 20]

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4 (a)

Lodi Sports Club

D : (ID (A 1 C 11	1 104 1 0040
Receipts and Payments	Account for the Vesi	r ended 31 January 2016
recoupts and rayments	Account for the year	Chaca of January 2010

		\$, , , ,	,	\$
2016			2015		
Jan 31	Subscriptions Sale of equipment	14 700 (1) 275 (1)	Feb 1 2016	Balance b/d	210
	Balance c/d	739 ` ´	Jan 31	Rent	3 900 (1)
				General expenses	1 454 (1)
				Insurance	1 550 (1)
				Equipment	7 200 (1)
				Bank loan	1 250 (1)
				Bank interest	150 (1)
		15 714			15 714
			2016		
			1 Feb	Balance b/d	739 (1of) [9]

(b)
$$150 (1) \times $100 (1) = $15 000$$

OR (\$14700 - (\$200 + \$500)(1) + \$1000 (1)) = \$15000

OR \$14 000 (1) + \$1000 (1) = \$15 000

[2]

(c)

	Statement of fina	Statement of financial position					
	section	amount ((\$)				
Bank loan	Non-current liabilities	(1)	3750	(1)			
Interest on bank loan	Current liabilities	(1)	50	(1)			
Rent	Current assets	(1)	300	(1)			

[6]

[Total: 17]

(a)			- l		
		Motor veh	ohan icles accou	ınt	
		\$			\$
2014 Jan 1	Balance b/d A – 12 000		2014 Dec 31	Balance c/d	40 000
luby 1	B - <u>13 000</u>	25 000 45 000 (4)			
July 1	Bank C	15 000 (1) 40 000			40 000
2015 Jan 1	Balance b/d A – 12 000		2015 Dec 31	Balance c/d	40 000
	B – 13 000 C – <u>15 000</u>	40 000 (1)			40 000
2016 Jan 1	Balance b/d A – 12 000				
	B – 13 000 C – <u>15 000</u>	40 000 (1)			
	Provision	on for depreciation	n of motor	vehicles account	\$
2014		Ψ	2014		Ψ
Dec 31	Balance c/d	17 600	Jan 1	Balance b/d A – 7 200 B – <u>3 900</u>	11 100
			Dec 31	Income statement A – 2 400 (1) B – 2 600 (1)	
		17 600		C – <u>1 500</u> (1)	6 500 17 600
2015			2015		
Dec 31	Balance c/d	25 600	Jan 1	Balance b/d A – 9 600 B – 6 500	
			Dec 31	C – <u>1 500</u> Income statement	17 600 (1of)
			_ 55 6 1	A – 2 400} B – 2 600}(1)	
		<u> </u>		C - 3000 (1)	8 000
		25 600	2016		25 600
			Jan 1	Balance b/d A –12 000	
				B - 9 100 C - <u>4 500</u>	25 600 (1of)
+ (1) dat	tes				[11]

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(b)

Mohan

	Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2015				
Non-current	assets	Cost	Accumulated	Book	
			depreciation	value	
		\$	\$	\$	
Motor vehicl	A S	40 000 of	25 600 (1of)	14 400 (1of)	

(d)

/				
	account debited		account credited	
transferring the original cost of the motor vehicle from the asset account	Disposal	(1)	Motor vehicles	(1)
transferring the accumulated depreciation on the motor vehicle from the provision account	Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles	(1)	Disposal	(1)
recording the proceeds of sale of the motor vehicle	Cash	(1)	Disposal	(1)

[6]

[Total: 21]

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6 (a)

Ratio	Annie	
Rate of inventory turnover to two decimal places	7.26 times	(2)
Percentage of profit for the year to capital employed (ROCE) (to two decimal places)	4.13%	(2)
Trade receivables collection period (rounded up to the next whole day)	40 days	(2)

Calculations to show the breakdown of marks:

Rate of inventory turnover

$$\frac{30\,500}{(3\,600+4\,800)\div 2}$$
 (1) whole formula = 7.26 times (1)

Percentage of profit for the year to capital employed

$$\frac{3800}{92000} (1) \times \frac{100}{1} = 4.13\% (1)$$

Trade receivables collection period

$$\frac{4350}{40000} \times \frac{365}{1}$$
 (1) whole formula = 39.69 = 40 days (1) [6]

(b) Different type of goods (1)

Food has a lower gross profit margin than clothing (1)

OR

The food store is cutting prices to sell more goods (1)

[2]

- (c) Total revenue from sales may increase so profit may increase (1)

 Customers may look for cheaper suppliers, so profits may actually fall (1)

 [2]
- (d) Mark and Tony (1)
 Annie's expenses/revenue is 14.25%: Mark and Tony's ratio is 5.15% (1)

 [2]
- (e) Different type of goods (1)

Food sells more quickly than clothing (1)
OR
Food is in greater demand than clothing

OR Food store will probably have a lower value of inventory

OR Food is cheaper than clothing (1)

(f) EITHER Reduce inventory levels (1)
OR Increase sales activity (1)
[1]

[2]

(g) Increase profit for the year/increase efficiency/use resources more effectively Reduce long term liabilities

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(h) Mark and Tony (1) OF

They take an average of 34 days to collect debts whereas Annie takes an average of 40 days (1) OF [2]

(i) The businesses should be of approximately the same size/same capital

The results are for one year only and will not show trends

The financial year may end at different times of the trading cycle

The businesses may operate different accounting policies

The businesses may have different types of expenses

The statements do not show non-monetary factors

It may not be possible to obtain all the information needed to make comparisons

Or other valid points

Any 2 (1) each

Not the following which are given in the question

Type of goods

Type of business (sole trader/partnership)

Life of business

[2]

(j)

	Increase	Decrease	No effect
Create a provision for doubtful debts		√ (1)	
Delay payments to credit suppliers			√ (1)
Obtain a long term loan	√(1)		
Obtain permission from the bank to increase the overdraft			√(1)

[4]

[Total: 24]