#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

**0452/22** Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 (a) Work can be shared amongst several people

Easier for reference as the same types of account are kept together Easier to introduce checking procedures

Reduces the possibility of fraud

Or other suitable advantage

Any 2 advantages (1) each

[2]

**(b)** Any non-current asset, inventory, capital drawings, loan, sales, purchases, returns, expenses, incomes, provisions etc.

Any 1 example (1)

[1]

(c)

			W	Sahira aheed Kha		unt			
0044			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$		oi i c			\$
2014 October	16	Returns		168 <b>(1)</b>	2014 Oct	1	Balance	h/d	390
October	24	Bank/cas	sh	380 (1)	Oct	13	Purchase		336 (1)
		Discount		10 <b>(1)</b>					. ,
	31	Balance	c/d	<u>168</u> 726					<del>726</del>
				120	2014				<u>120</u>
					Nov	1	Balance	b/d	168 <b>(1)</b>
			laba	J Mhalasa	امیم ممد	. a. ı n t			OF
			Iqpa	ıl Wholesa \$	iers acc	ount			\$
2014				Ψ	2014				Ψ
Oct	31	Balance	c/d	936	Oct	1	Balance		650
						5 31	Purchase Interest	es	280 <u>6</u> (1)
				936		31	IIIIGIGSI		<u></u> <u>0</u> (1) <u>936</u> (1)
				<u>—</u>	2014				``
					Nov	1	Balance	b/d	936 <b>(1)</b> <b>OF</b>

+ (1) dates

Three column running balance format acceptable

[9]

(d) 
$$\frac{\text{Trade payables}}{\text{Credit purchases}} \times \frac{365}{1}$$
 [1]

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(e)	$\frac{3100}{21200} \times \frac{365 \text{ (1) (whole formula)}}{1} = 53.37 = 54 \text{ days (1)}$		[2]
<b>(f)</b>	May be able to take advantage of cash discounts Improve the relationship with suppliers Avoid paying interest Or other suitable comment Any 1 advantage (1)		[1]
(g)	The business is deprived of the use of the money earlier than necessar Or other suitable comment Any 1 disadvantage (1)	У	[1]

(h) To avoid overstating the profit for the year
To avoid overstating the current assets
To apply the principle of prudence
Any 2 comments (1) each

[2]

(i) The estimated receipts from the sale of the inventory (1) less any costs of completing the goods or costs of selling the goods (1)

[2]

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(j)

	Overstated	Understated	No effect
Gross profit for the year ended 31 October 2013	√ (1)		
Gross profit for the year ended 31 October 2014		√ (1)	
Profit for the year ended 31 October 2013	√ (1)		
Profit for the year ended 31 October 2014		√ (1)	
Current assets at 31 October 2013	√ (1)		
Current assets at 31 October 2014			<b>√</b> (1)

[6]

[Total: 27]

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### 2 (a)

# Mochudi Manufacturing Company Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 July 2014

\$ Cost of materials used Purchases of raw materials 99500 Less Returns <u>1 100</u> 98 400 (1) Closing inventory of raw materials 8600 89800 (1) Direct wages (94 200 + 3100) 97 300 **(1)** Prime cost 187 100 **(1) OF** Factory overheads Wages of factory supervisors 41 050 (1) Factory general expenses 19400 **(1)** Factory rates and insurance  $(\frac{3}{4} \times (5000 - 400))$ 3450 (1) Depreciation Machinery (15% × 102 000) 15300 **(1)** Loose tools (4400 – 3300) 80 300 <u>1 100 (1)</u> 267 400 **(1) OF** Closing work in progress 8 200 **(1)** Cost of production 259 200 (1) OF

## Horizontal format acceptable

[12]

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(b)

	\$	\$
Revenue		400 400
Cost of sales		
Cost of production	259 200 <b>(1) OF</b>	
Purchases of finished goods	<u>19 300</u> <b>(1)</b>	
	278 500	
Closing inventory of finished goods	<u>21 100</u>	<u>257 400</u> <b>(1) OF</b>
Gross profit		143 000 <b>(1 )OF</b>
Less Office staff salaries	33 100 <b>(1)</b>	
Sales staff salaries	18 900 <b>(1)</b>	
Office general expenses (17 530 – 280)	17 250 <b>(1)</b>	
Rates and insurance ( $\frac{1}{4} \times (5000 - 400)$	1 150 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation office fixtures and fittings		
$(12\frac{1}{2}\% \times 56\ 000)$	<u>7 000 <b>(1)</b></u>	<u>77 400</u>
Profit for the year		65 600 <b>(1) OF</b>

## Horizontal format acceptable

[10]

(c)

		Effect on profit for the year				
Error	Increase	Decrease	No effect			
	\$	\$				
1		200 (1)				
2		810 <b>(1)</b>				
3	940 (1)					
4		1050 <b>(1)</b>				

[4]

[Total: 26]

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(a)			
	Leeford Athletics Club		
	Subscriptions account		
	<b>c</b>	ф	

\$ \$ 2014 2013 Oct 31 Income & Nov 1 Balance b/d 1200 (1) Expenditure 12 000 **(1)** 2014 Oct 31 Bank/cash 7920 (1) Balance c/d 2880 12000 <u>12000</u> 2014 Nov 1 Balance b/d 2880 (1) OF + (1) dates

Three column running balance format acceptable

(b) Current assets (1) OF Answer to be based on closing balance in (a) [1]

(c) Leeford Athletics Club Subscriptions account \$ \$ 2013 2014 Nov 1 Balance b/d 4 590 **(1)** Oct 31 Equipment 4 000 (1) 2014 General Oct 31 Subscriptions expenses 9310 (1) 7920 **(1)** Sale of equipment 1500 **(1)** Loan interest 400 **(1)** Open day receipts 770 **(1)** Rent 4500 (1) Balance c/d 3460 Bank charges <u>30</u> (1) <u>18 240</u> <u>18240</u> 2014 Nov 1 Balance b/d 3460 (1) OF

[10]

(d) \$ Item Reason Sale of equipment 700 **(1)** Only the loss (1) on the equipment is charged not the capital receipt. (1) Rent of clubhouse 3600 (1) The accruals (matching) principle is applied. (1) Only the expense for the year is charged to the income and expenditure account (1)

[Total: 22]

[6]

[5]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
<b>4</b>	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0452	22
(a)	1 June 2013 Balance – rates \$70 Explanation This represents rates prepaid (1). This was paid in the year 31 May 2013 but relates to the year ended 31 May 2014. (Statement of financial position section Current assets (1)		[3]
	1 June 2013 Balance – rent \$120 Explanation This represents rent accrued (1). This relates to the year 31 May 2013 and remained unpaid at the end of the year Statement of financial position section Current liabilities (1)		[3]
(b)	31 May 2014 Bank \$2570 This represents the total amount paid (1) by cheque (1) for rent and rate the year ended 31 May 2014.	es during	[2]
	31 May 20134 Income statement \$2280 This is the amount transferred to the income statement (1) which represente the rent and rates for that financial year (1).	sents	[2]
(c)	Only the rent and rates relating to the current year are transferred to the statement. (1) Adjustments are made for accruals and prepayments (1)		[2]
(d)	$\frac{47600 - 38400}{47600} \times \frac{100}{1} = 19.33\% (1)$		[2]
(e)	Selling goods at lower prices Purchasing goods at higher prices Changes in the proportions of goods sold Or other acceptable reason Any 2 reasons (1) each		[2]
	Assess prospects of any requested loan/overdraft being repaid when do Assess prospects of any interest on loan/overdraft being paid when due Assess security available to cover any loan/overdraft  Any 2 reasons (1) each		[2]
(g)	Lender Investor Credit supplier Customer Owner Manager (if any) Employee/trade union Government body Competitor Take-over bidder Potential partner Or other suitable interested person Any 2 persons (1) each		[2] [Total: 20]

4

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#### 5 (a)

## Watson Limited Statement of Financial Position at 30 September 2014

\$ \$ \$ Net Book value  Non-current Assets  Premises 99 000 99 000  Fixtures & fittings 65 000 2 300 42 000 (1)
to date value  Non-current Assets  Premises 99 000 99 000  Fixtures & fittings 65 000 2 300 42 000 (1)
to date value  Non-current Assets  Premises 99 000 99 000  Fixtures & fittings 65 000 2 300 42 000 (1)
Non-current Assets         99 000         99 000           Fixtures & fittings         65 000         2 300         42 000 (1)
Premises         99 000         99 000           Fixtures & fittings         65 000         2 300         42 000 (1)
Fixtures & fittings 65 000 2 300 42 000 <b>(1)</b>
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Motor behicles <u>33 000</u> <u>11 000</u> <u>22 000</u> <b>(1)</b>
Current Assets
Inventory 19300
Trade receivables 28 000
Provision for doubtful debts 1400 26600 (1)
Other receivables 300 }
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash
46700 <b>(1) OF</b> 46700 <b>(1) OF</b>
Current Liabilities
Trade payables 16 300
Other payables 350 }
• •
Bank 2050 } (1)
Proposed dividend <u>2000</u> (1) <u>20700</u> (1) <b>OF</b>
Net Current Assets 26000
189 000
Non-current Liabilities
4% Debentures 10 000
<u>179 000</u>
Capital and Reserves
Ordinary share capital 120 000 (1)
General reserve (20 000 (1)
· · · ·
= ( - / )
Retained profit <u>27 000</u> (1)
Shareholders' funds <u>179 000 (1) OF</u>

#### Accept other suitable formats

[15]

### (b) Debentures are long-term loans

Debenture holders are not members of the company

Debentures do not carry voting rights

Debentures carry a fixed rate of interest

Debenture interest is not dependent on the company's profit

Debentures are often secured on the assets of the company

Debenture holders are repaid before shareholders in the event of a

winding up

Debentures are repaid by a set date

#### Any 2 features (1) each

[2]

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**(c)** Reduction in profit available for ordinary shareholders

Prior claim on the assets of the company in the event of a winding up

## Or other acceptable point

Any 1 point (2) [2]

(d) (i) The number of times a business sells and replaces its inventory in a given period of time.

[1]

(ii) Cost of sales
Average inventory

[1]

(iii)  $\frac{243200}{22500+19300/2} = 11.64 \text{ times (1)}$  [2]

(e) Rate falling over the three years
May indicate reduction in efficiency
May indicate that sales are slowing down
May indicate the inventory is too high

Any 2 comments (1) each

Or other suitable comments Comment to be based in OF answer to (d)(iii)

[2]

[Total: 25]